# DRAFT Environmental Impact Statement

# **Appendix 15**

Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment

The Belleayre Resort at Catskill Park

# Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment

For

The Big Indian Country Club

And

**Highmount Golf Club** 

At

The Belleayre Resort at Catskill Park

**Prepared For:** 

**Crossroads Ventures LLC** 

Prepared by:

The LA Group P.C.

and

Dr. A. Martin Petrovic Professor of Turfgrass Science

**REVISED NOVEMBER 2002** 

### Belleayre Resort at the Catskill Park Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment

# **Table of Contents**

Section 1	Introduction Page 1
Section 2	Methodology
2.1	WINPST Modeling
2.2	LEACHM Modeling
2.3	GLEAMS Runoff Modeling
2.4	Application of Modeling Results
Section 3	Results of Modeling Simulations 9
3.1	Fertilizer - Groundwater Risk Assessment
3.2	Pesticide - Groundwater Risk Assessment
3.3	Pesticide -Surface Water Risk Assessment
3.4	Fertilizer - Surface Water Risk Assessment
Section 4	Discussion of Modeling Results
4.1	Nitrate Leaching
4.2	Pesticide Leaching
4.3	Pesticide Runoff
4.4	Fertilizer Runoff
4.5	Summary of Recommended Pesticide Restrictions
4.6	Summary of Recommended Fertilizer Restrictions
Section 5	Implementation of Best Management Practices 24

# **List of Tables**

Table 1	Potential Pests of the Proposed Golf Courses
Table 2	Pesticide Characteristics
Table 3	Fertilizer Program
Table 4	Maximum 1996 Leachate Concentrations by Soil Type as Predicted by
	LEACHM
Table 5	Comparison of Maximum Runoff Concentrations and Toxicology Values
Table 6	Modeled Fertilizer Programs
Table 7	Nutrient Export From Modeled Fertilizer Programs

# **List of Figures**

Figure 1	Leachate Nitrate Concentrations With and Without Fertilization (10 mg/l)
Figure 2	Leachate Nitrate Concentrations With and Without Fertilization (1.0 mg/l)

# **List of Attachments**

Attachment 1	Sample WINPST Report
	Sample LEACHM Input Report
Attachment 3	Sample LEACHM Output Report
Attachment 4	Excerpts From Cornell Cooperative Extension Year 2002 Pest
	Management Guidelines for Commercial Turfgrass
Attachment 5	Fertilizer Product Information
Attachment 6	Sample GLEAMS Output File

#### **ERRATA**

This document has been revised to incorporate comments/concerns raised during the original completeness review of the DEIS. In particular, revisions have been made as to what pesticides may be used and will not be used on the proposed golf courses. These changes are as follows.

- Cyproconazole was registered for use on turf in New York State at the time that the original DEIS was written. Cyproconazole is no longer registered for use in New York and is no longer proposed for use. All references to cyproconazole use on the proposed golf courses have been eliminated from the DEIS.
- Because of the Department's concern with mancozeb metabolites, particularly ETU, mancozeb is no longer proposed to be used on the proposed golf courses. The DEIS has been amended to reflect this.
- The fungicide trifloxystrobin has been added to the DEIS as a substitute for mancozeb. Trifloxystrobin was just recently recommended for use on commercial turfgrass in New York State (Cornell Cooperative Extension's 2002 Pest Management Guidelines for Commercial Turfgrass). Trifloxystrobin has been evaluated using the same procedures used for the other active ingredients analyzed in this Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment. For the five soil series profiles analyzed, there was zero trifloxystrobin leaching from three of the soil series. The maximum undiluted leachate concentration from the other two soil series profiles was 0.0068 mg/l. This undiluted concentration is almost 10 times less than an actual drinking water health standard of 0.050 mg/l. For the runoff portion of the analysis, when trifloxystrobin was present in runoff, it was at undiluted concentrations less than the LC<sub>50</sub> values for rainbow trout and *Daphnia*. (LC<sub>50</sub> is the ocncentration that is lethal to 50% of the organisms in a toxicity test) Undiluted concentrations of trifloxystrobin in runoff ranged from 0.0001 mg/l to 0.0026 mg/l. These are well below the LC<sub>50</sub> values of 0.014 mg/l for rainbow trout and 0.025 mg/l for Daphnia. The DEIS has been amended to include the option of using trifloxystrobin to treat leaf spot, pink snow mold, and pythium.
- Very recently the manufacturer of products containing metalaxyl adjusted the chemical structure of metalaxyl to form a slightly different compound. The new stereoisomer of metalaxyl is known as mefenoxam, and mefenoxam is now the active ingredient in products that formerly contained metalaxyl. The 2002 Pest Management Guidelines for Commercial Turfgrass published by Cornell University now includes mefenoxam, and no longer includes metalaxyl. Metalaxyl is no longer proposed for use on the golf courses and the DEIS has been amended to reflect this.

Because mefenoxam has a slightly different chemical structure than metalaxyl, mefenoxam also has slightly different characteristics that affect its potential to leach to groundwater. Mefenoxam has a slightly higher water solubility, but a much higher  $K_{oc}$  value than metalaxyl. The vapor pressure and soil half-life for the two compounds are similar. Mefenoxam is more efficient in controlling the target pythium fungus, so much so that

mefenoxam label application rates are half of what they formerly were for metalaxyl products.

Behavior of mefenoxam on the proposed golf courses was modeled in the same way the other pesticides were modeled in this Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment. At no time did the <u>undiluted</u> leachate concentration from any of the five soil profiles simulated come close to exceeding the MCL for an unspecified organic compound of 0.05 mg/l. The highest undiluted leachate concentration was 0.0234 mg/l. Mefenoxam can be used safely on the proposed golf courses.

In addition to mefenoxam, the ITM plan (Appendix 14) continues to recommend etridiazole and propamocarb for pythium treatment. Also, fosetyl-Al has been added to the list of pesticides to treat pythium. Fosetyl-Al did not have any use restrictions as a result of the Risk Analysis, and was recently added to potential pesticides recommended by Cornell to treat pythium.

The DEIS, including this Appendix and Appendix 14, "Integrated Turf Management Plan", have been edited to remove metalaxyl from the list of potential products that could be used on the golf courses. Additionally, the DEIS has been edited to add mefenoxam and fosetyl-Al as products available to safely treat pythium.

- Isofenphos is no longer be proposed to be used. Spinosad, acephate, ethoprop, and bendiocarb are still proposed to be used to treat insect pests. The Cornell Recommendations for Commercial Turfgrass was recently revised (2002 edition) for the pest spectrums for these four products. Ethoprop is now also recommended for cutworms. Ethoprop and bendiocarb are now recommended for webworms and bendiocarb is now also recommended for chinch bugs. The ITM plan has been amended to reflect these changes.
- Additionally, Cornell's 2002 Pest Management Guidelines for Commercial Turfgrass includes three new pyrethrin insecticide active ingredients; bifenthrin, lambdacyhalothrin, and deltamethrin. These three active ingredients were analyzed using the same analyses contained in the Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment. Two of the new active ingredients, bifenthrin and lambda-cyhalothrin, did not leach through any of the modeled soils, nor did they appear in runoff from the simulated 18<sup>th</sup> fairway. Deltamethrin did not leach through any of the modeled soil profiles, but did appear in runoff from the simulated 18<sup>th</sup> fairway. When it did appear in runoff, deltamethrin concentrations ranged from 0.0001 mg/l to 0.0014 mg/l. The LC50 value for deltamethrin and rainbow trout is 0.001 mg/l to 0.010 mg/l. Deltamethrin is not proposed for use on the golf courses because its runoff concentration at times exceeded its LC50 for fish.

The Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment has been amended to include these findings. Additionally, the Integrated Turf Management Plan (Appendix 14) has been amended to include bifenthrin as another option for treating cutworms, sod webworms, and chinch

bugs. Lambda cyhalothrin will likewise be added to the list of options available for treating cutworms and sod webworms.

- The Integrated Turf Management Plan (Appendix 14) states that 2,4-DP could be used on the proposed golf courses as part of a "combination product" with other broadleaf herbicides. As an example, the product Super Trimec® (EPA registration number 00217-00758) contains 2,4-DP as one of its active ingredients, and is currently registered for use in New York according to the Department's listing of currently registered pesticides.
- DCPA is not listed in the recently issued 2002 Pest Management Guidelines for Commercial Turfgrass issued by Cornell Cooperative Extension, and is no longer proposed for use on the proposed golf courses The DEIS has been amended to reflect this.

It is expected that the 2003 version of the Cornell Recommends will be issued some time in the Spring of 2003 and any changes in the status of pesticides proposed for use on the project golf courses will be reassessed at that time.

#### **Section 1** Introduction

This report contains the results of the site-specific analyses of the potential for adverse environmental impacts that could potentially result from the use of turf fertilizers and pesticides on the two (2) golf courses proposed as part of the Belleayre Resort at Catskill Park project. The analysis was undertaken in order to address concerns pertaining specifically to the impact of golf course management practices on surface water and ground water resources both on and off the project site. Analysis of impact potential consisted of subjecting pesticide and fertilizer applications to rigorous computer modeling in order to estimate overland (runoff) transport and vertical (leaching) transport of nutrients and pesticide active ingredients. Model-generated data were then compared to applicable drinking water standards, published toxicology values, and other standards. Use of conservative assumptions throughout the modeling process insured that worst case scenarios were used to generate output data and these data were used to form the basis for fertilizer and pesticide use recommendations for the proposed golf courses.

Modeling results were in agreement with published scientific literature. The potential for negatively impacting surface water and groundwater resources via a properly implemented fertilizer program and pesticide applications on the proposed golf courses was found to be low. Results of the risk assessment analysis indicate that a fertilizer program which uses up to four (4) pounds of nitrogen per thousand square foot per year (4 lbs. N/M/yr.) can be implemented without adversely impacting groundwater quality or surface water quality. Results of this risk assessment have been used to set limits on fertilizer phosphorus application rates in order to protect water quality. Also, based on runoff and leaching modeling results, suitable pesticides can be used, when necessary, to treat each individual pest of the potential pest spectrum without adversely impacting local surface water, aquatic biota, groundwater, and potable water supplies. (See DEIS Appendix 14, "Integrated Turf Management Plan for a full description of potential pesticide use on the proposed golf courses.) Some of the pesticides analyzed in the risk assessment are not recommended for use on the proposed golf courses because of the results of the worst-case risk assessment modeling.

#### Section 2 Methodology

Assessment of soil, water, and pesticide and fertilizer practices prior to their use provides an excellent opportunity for cost-effective and environmentally sensitive soil and water management. Computer simulation models provide logical mechanisms to integrate the complex factors influencing water quality, fate and persistence of chemicals, and the environmental effects of different management practices (Donigan and Rao, 1986). There is a large difference between the perceived risks and actual risks attributed to turf management at golf courses (Durborow et al., 2000). The results from field or watershed-scale golf course water quality monitoring studies are encouraging, but somewhat limited (Cohen et al., 1999). One tool that is available to extrapolate results to different points in time and space, e.g. other golf courses, is computer simulation modeling (Durborow et al., 2000).

Models of water resources and environmental impacts are most useful in analyses of current and anticipated conditions. Substantial progress has been made in the last ten years in the development of quantitative and qualitative software technology used for analysis of water resources and fate of chemicals in the environment. Computer models are currently being used by the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), state regulatory agencies, and private consulting companies for assessment of environmental impacts and regulation of pesticides, fertilizers, and hydrocarbon contamination of soil (Balogh and Walker, 1992). In fact, the State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Pesticide Control Program drafted a manual in 1993 entitled "Guidance Manual for Siting, Design and Maintenance of Golf Courses", in which they recommended the use of computer models to predict the impact of pesticides on surface water (Brunnell and Meyer, 1996).

Simulation models are also used to predict or screen the mobility and persistence of new pesticides currently under development or approved pesticides considered for use on a particular site. Another major use of simulation models is by agricultural, forestry, and turfgrass managers in designing effective and environmentally sound plant, soil, water, and chemical management plans (e.g. Crowder et al., 1985; Leonard et al., 1987). Simulation models can be used to identify agricultural or turfgrass management practices with potentially favorable or adverse effects on the environment. Computer simulation is used to (1) evaluate alternate management practices; (2) select alternate compounds for pest and nutrient control and; (3) design optimum water, cultural, and chemical management strategies to meet turfgrass and environmental quality goals.

Three distinct computer modeling approaches were used to predict the environmental fate of pesticides and fertilizers which could be applied to golf course turf at the proposed golf courses. The <u>Windows Pesticide Screening Tool</u> (WINPST) developed by the US Department of Agriculture National Resources Conservation Service's National Water and Climate Center was employed as an initial screening tool for overall pesticide mobility. "LEACHM", the <u>Leaching Estimation and Chemistry Model</u> (Waganet and Hutson, 1987) was used to screen pesticides and fertilizer products based on their propensity to leach to groundwater. "GLEAMS", "Groundwater Loading Effects of Agricultural Management Systems" (Knisel and Davis, 2000), modeling provided predictions of surface runoff of simulated applications of pesticides and fertilizers.

#### 2.1 WINPST Modeling

The Windows Pesticide Screening Tool allows the user to simulate applications of specific pesticides on specific soil series. Within the model there are databases of pesticides and their characteristics that affect their potential for runoff or leaching. The characteristics include such things as water solubility, half-life, partition coefficients, etc. The soils database component of the model includes the soil series of the entire State organized by Counties, as well as characterization of each of the soil series in terms of their particle size distribution, organic matter, profile thickness, depth to rock and seasonal high groundwater, slopes, etc. Other factors incorporated into the model include residue management, irrigation, and pesticide application method and rate.

Attachment 1 of this report, "Sample WINPST Report", shows an example WINPST Loss Potential and Hazard Ratings Report for Halcott soils and various pesticides. The loss potential for leaching, solution runoff and adsorbed runoff are all rated on a scale that ranges from Very Low (V) to Extra High (X). (See the end of Attachment 1 for an explanation of the loss potential codes.) Loss potential from the different routes is then translated into hazard potential for humans and fish, again rated from Very Low to Extra High. Hazard potential is based upon toxicological data in an internal WINPST database.

Unlike the LEACHM and GLEAMS modeling described below, the WINPST model does not have a component that allows for the input of locally collected actual climatological data. However, rainfall can be simulated, and was done in a conservative manner in the modeling done for the proposed golf courses. Simulated rainfall was five events of 3.5 inches per day every other day and then one inch of rain per day, every other day at least four times during the half-life of the pesticides. Rainfall was applied starting on the day of pesticide application. In addition to the very large amounts of rainfall applied, large amounts of pesticide application were also modeled. Pesticide applications were so large that they could be considered unrealistic. Pesticides were applied 16 days, then 8 days, then 4 days, and then 2 days prior to the initial simulated rainfall in addition to an application on the day of the first 3.5-inch rainfall. Model simulations were performed using the following soil series; Elka, Halcott, Lewbeach and Vly.

While the WINPST does provide a relative ranking of hazard potential, it does not provide numerical results that can be directly compared to other standards. For this reason the WINPST tool was used solely for the purpose for which it was intended, an initial screening model. LEACHM and GLEAMS modeling were used subsequent to the WINPST screening to generate the numerical data used for comparison to water quality parameters.

#### 2.2 LEACHM Modeling

LEACHM was developed by hydrologists and agronomists at Cornell University. The computer model integrates site-specific soil, water, and climatological parameters with simulated applications of pesticides (LEACHP) and fertilizers (LEACHN) and their

Belleayre Resort at Catskill Park DEIS Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment Page 3 REVISED NOVEMBER 2002

#### **Table 1 Potential Pests of the Proposed Golf Courses**

(\* indicates those pests most likely to occur)

**Diseases** Anthracnose \*Brown Patch Yellow Patch Copper Spot Damping-off \*Dollar Spot Fairy Rings Leaf Spots

Necrotic Ringspot

Nematodes

\*Pink Snow Mold

Powdery Mildew Pythium Blight

Pythium Root Rot

Red Thread **Smuts** 

Summer Patch Take-all Patch

\*Typhula Blight

Weeds Crabgrass Barnyardgrass

Foxtails Panicum Goosegrass

\*Annual Bluegrass

Yellow Nutsedge

Orchardgrass Quackgrass Wild Onion Wild Garlic

Star-of-Bethlehem

Chickweed Henbit Deadnettle Speedwell Knotweed Oxalis Spurge

Black Medic Burdock \*Clover

Dandelion Dock Healall

Mallow Plantain Sorrel Spurge

Yarrow Buckhorn Hawkweed Moneywort

Shepherdspurse

Thistle Wild Carrot Yellow Rocket

Moss

Insects

\*Grubs

\*Black Ataenius Bluegrass Billbug Sod Webworm \*Black Cutworms Chinch Bugs

Hyperodes Weevil

chemical character to provide a mass balance of applied products. Mass balance output accounts for applied products including surface residues, soil concentrations, and losses via the routes of volatilization, degradation, plant uptake, and leaching below the simulated soil profile. Data such as daily rainfall amounts and intensities, irrigation water inputs, soil character, soil temperature, evapotranspiration, depth to water table, chemical characteristics, and dates and amounts of chemical applications are inputted by the user to best simulate the character of the system receiving treatment and the hypothetical treatment itself. An example of LEACHM input and output files are included as attachments 2 and 3 of this report.

LEACHM provides a very conservative modeling approach to potential vertical transport. There is no horizontal component to LEACHM. No runoff is simulated, thus maximizing the percolation of water and potential vertical transport of fertilizers or pesticides.

Specifics of the input data used in the LEACHM modeling performed for the proposed golf courses were as follows.

#### 2.2.1 Simulation Period

For the purpose of assessing potential impact, LEACHM was used to simulate a complete maintenance season typical for the region. The great majority of maintenance activities on the proposed golf courses will be performed from April to October, the turf "growing season" for this region.

In order to determine the potential impacts of pesticide and fertilizer applications, particularly as they pertain to persistence, a full one-year simulation was performed. This allows the soil/moisture/plant relationships to equilibrate prior to any addition of fertilizers or pesticides and also allows for the continued monitoring of leaching following the last applications in a maintenance season.

#### 2.2.2. Climate Data

In order to provide a conservative estimate of off-site movement potential, the year chosen to be simulated was 1996. The year 1996 was chosen since precipitation, and hence the potential for leaching and runoff, was significantly greater than the 30-year average precipitation amount. Precipitation measured at Arkville in 1996 was eighteen inches above the 30-year average. Average precipitation at the Arkville monitoring station is 38.5 inches, and in 1996 there was a total of 57.8 inches, a full 50% increase over the annual average. This included the storms that cause widespread flooding in the region. There were storm events resulting in more than three inches of rainfall in each of the months of October, November and December. One such storm on November 10 produced almost four inches of rain in 24 hours.

In addition to 1996 daily precipitation input data, daily air temperatures (daily maximums and minimums), daily soil temperature and daily pan evaporation for the area around the project site were obtained from bulletins published by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). As mentioned above, daily precipitation data was from the station in Arkville. Temperature data for 1996 were collected at Slide Mountain. The closest station where daily pan evaporation data is collected is Lansing Manor, New York. However, there was very limited data collected in 1996 at this station. Therefore,

pan evaporation data from Cornell University was utilized in the modeling. Likewise the Cornell University monitoring site was the closest location for soil temperature data.

#### 2.2.3 Irrigation Inputs

Irrigation water inputs were simulated by generating additional precipitation events based upon rainfall and pan evaporation data. Efficient water use and turf health are both maximized by "irrigating by replacement". Irrigation timing and amounts of water applied are dictated by the difference between water naturally supplied in rainfall and that lost to evaporation and plant transpiration (evapotranspiration). When a deficit situation arises, irrigation water is applied to supply the deficit quantity.

Even though a surplus of precipitation occurred for the overall simulation period, irregular rainfall distribution over the course of the year-long simulation period required additional water input from irrigation. For those weeks of the simulation period where evapotranspiration, as predicted by pan evaporation data, exceeded precipitation, irrigation was added in 0.5 inch per day increments until the water deficit was eliminated. Adding irrigation in half inch increments is another conservative factor in the modeling, since daily irrigation amounts typically applied on golf courses is less than half an inch per day.

#### **2.2.4** Soils

Profiles of those soil series that occur on the proposed golf course sites were characterized and analyzed in LEACHM simulations. Soils were identified and mapped by The LA Group soil scientist. A map of the site's soils were previously illustrated in DEIS Section 3.6, "Soils". The soil series used in the LEACHM analyses were the Elka, Halcott, Lewbeach, Vly and Willowemoc series. These are the soil series mapped for areas where the golf courses have been designed on the project site.

Characterization of soils in the modeling consisted of specifying the total profile thickness and the thickness of distinct segments in the profile, describing segments in terms of percent sand, silt, clay, and organic matter, percolation rate, depth to water table and distribution of the root system within the soil profiles. Soil characteristics inputted for simulations were taken directly from Greene County Soil Conservation Service publications as well as primary characterization data available from the National Resources Conservation Service (NRCS).

#### 2.2.5 Pesticide Products and Application Rates

Compiling a list of insect pests, weeds, and fungal diseases which are known to occur on golf courses in the region was the starting point for developing the list of pesticide active ingredients to be analyzed. Potential pests were identified using the "2002 Pest Management Recommendations for Commercial Turfgrass" ("Cornell Recommends") published by Cornell Cooperative Extension, as well as other published literature sources such as "Advances in Turfgrass Science, Managing Turfgrass Pests" (Watschke et al., 1995). This list of potential pests is attached as Table 1, "Potential Pests of the Proposed Golf Courses". Based on this list of potential pests, candidate pesticide active ingredients were identified after meeting the following three criteria:

(1) all candidate pesticides are registered for use on turf by the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA),

Belleayre Resort at Catskill Park DEIS
Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment
Page 5
REVISED NOVEMBER 2002

- (2) all candidate pesticides are registered for use on turf in New York State, and
- (3) all candidate pesticides are recommended as being particularly effective for a specific pest in the 2002 "Cornell Recommends".

Also taken from the "2002 Cornell Recommends" was the general time period during which each potential pest could occur on the proposed golf courses. The "Cornell Recommends" also gives application rates for herbicides and insecticides. A copy of pertinent portions of the 2002 Cornell Recommends is included as Attachment 4 of this report. This information was combined with label directions from New York State registered formulations of each active ingredient that listed the amount to apply for each target pest. Maximum label rates for target pests were used. Most of the insecticides and the broadleaf herbicides modeled would typically only be used once in any given year, if they were to be used at all in any given year. For modeling purposes two applications of these products were simulated. Some of the fungicides that were modeled could potentially be applied more than once in a given year, and as such were modeled with three applications. The repetitive applications were made in the shortest re-treatment interval allowed by the product label. This maximized the amount of products within the soil profile at a particular given time, thus providing opportunity for increased concentrations in leachate as predicted by the LEACHM model.

#### 2.2.6 Pesticide Characteristics

In order to predict a chemical's behavior on the proposed golf courses it was necessary to quantify those physical/chemical characteristics that affect its movement. Parameters used in LEACHM analyses included water solubility, vapor density (used for volatilization calculations), organic partition coefficient (a measure of a compound's tendency to adsorb to soil organic matter), soil half-life, and if the compound is taken up by plants (systemic product) or if it is a contact product. Data for these parameters were taken primarily from peer-reviewed scientific literature as synthesized in Balough and Walker (1992). Other sources used to fill data gaps included "Agrochemicals Desk Reference, Environmental Data" (Montgomery, 1993), the "Herbicide Handbook of the Weed Science Society of America" (Humburg et al. 1989), NRCS databases including the database within the WINPST model, and USEPA reports. Manufacturers' technical bulletins and MSDS were used only when independent sources indicated a data gap that needed to be filled. Table 2, "Pesticide Characteristics", contains a list of the analyzed pesticide active ingredients and the characteristics used in the computer modeling.

#### 2.2.7 Fertilizer Program

The fertilizer program that was analyzed for the golf courses included applications that totaled four pounds of nitrogen per thousand square feet. The fertilizer program is the same that was proposed and analyzed as part of the environmental review of the Hanna Golf Course in Middletown. Table 3 "Fertilizer Program" lists the types of fertilizers used, when fertilizer applications were made, and the amounts of nitrogen and phosphorus applied. The majority of the fertilizer applied was from an organic fertilizer product known as Sustane®. Fertilizer applications in the spring and fall simulated applications of an inorganic product manufactured by the Scotts Company. Information describing the fertilizer products is included in Attachment 5.

Table 2
Pesticide Characteristics

Fungicides												
	Water	Vapor	Molec.	Vapor			Soil	Degradation	Applic.		Foliar	Washoff
	Solubility	<u>Pressure</u>	Weight	<u>Density</u>	<u>Koc</u>	Systemic?	<u>T1/2</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>lb/ac</u>	mg/m2		<u>Fraction</u>
azoxystrobin	6	1.00E-13	403.4	2.20E-12	23	no	11	0.02		61	I	-
chlorthalonil	0.6	1.3	265.9	18.9182	3500	no	52	0.029		1635	5	0.5
chloroneb	8	4.00E-01	207.1	4.533756	1159	no	135	0.006		917	30	0.5
etridiazole	100	1.30E-02	247.5	0.176091	2700	no	20	0.035		854	30	
fenarimol	14	2.10E-05	331.2	0.000381	815	yes	360	0.007		283	30	0.6
flutalonil	6.5	4.87E-03	323.3	0.086169	972	yes	240	0.003		500	-	0.4
fosetyl Al	120000	1.30E-04	354.1	0.002519	20	yes	1	1.386		1951	0.1	-
iprodione	13	2.50E-02	330.2	0.451788	900		18.5	0.061		1220	5	0.95
mefenoxam	26000	2.50E-05	279.3	3.82E-04	1299		73.5	0.014	0.6		5	0.4
propamocarb	850000	4.00E-01	224.7	4.919048	1000000	yes	30	0.023		406	15	
propiconazole	105	5.60E-05	342.2	0.001049	767	yes	116	0.006		174	30	0.95
quintozene	0.44	6.70E-03	295.3	0.108282	5000	no	21	0.048		84	4	0.7
thiophanates	3.5	1.30E-05	342.4	0.000244	1830	yes	10	0.069		305	5	0.4
thiram	30	1.00E-03	240.4	0.013157	670		15	0.046		572	8	0.4
triademefon	70	1.10E-04	293.8	0.001769	73	yes	17	0.07		152	8	0.5
trifloxystrobin	0.61	3.40E-06	408.4	7.60E-05	2709	yes	1	1	0.34		0.5	0.5
vinclozolin	0.003	-	-	1.60E-05	43000	yes	20	0.035		252		
Insecticides												
	Water	Vapor	Molec.	Vapor			Soil	Degradation	Applic.	Rate	Foliar	Washoff
	Solubility	<u>Pressure</u>	Weight	<u>Density</u>	Koc	Systemic?	T1/2	Rate	lb/ac.	mg/m2	<u>T1/2</u>	<u>Fraction</u>
acephate	790	1.70E-06	183.16	1.7E-05	5.00E+06	yes	3	0.231	1-5	560	2.5	0.7
bendiocarb	40	6.90E-04	223.2	0.008429	570	no	12	0.132	3	§	3	0.85
bifenthrin	0.1	1.81E-07	422.9	4.19E-06	216500	no	26	0.0385	0.05		1	0.4
carbaryl	40	1.80E-04	201.2	0.001982	230	no	7	0.1	8	896	7	0.55
chlorpyrifos	2	2.30E-03	350.6	0.044132	6000	no	30	0.0315	1-4	448	-	-
deltamethrin	0.002	2.00E-08	505.24	5.53E-07	6291	no	25	0.04	0.13	14.52	5	0.008
ethoprop	750	4.90E-02	242.3	0.649782	120	no	38	0.03	5	560	-	_
imidacloprid	510	1.50E-09	255.7	2.1E-08	369	no	60	0.012	0.4	44.8	-	-
lambda cyhalothrin	0.005	1.00E-99	444.9	1.00E-99	180000	no	30	0.033	0.061	6.77	5	0.02
trichlorfon	154000	1.00E-03	293.8	0.016079	6	no	15	0.1285	8	896	3	0.95
halofenozide	12.3	1.00E-07	330.8	1.70E-06	250	no	129	0.0078	1.5	168	30	0.5
UNITS	(mg/l)	(Pa)	(g)	(mg/dm3)	(l/kg)	(yes/no)	(days)	(days-1)	(lb/ac)	mg/m2)	(days)	(%)
				PAGE 1 of	2							

Table 2
Pesticide Characteristics

							T					
Herbicides												
·	Water	1	Molec.	Vapor			Soil	Degradation	Applic.		Foliar	Washoff
	Solubility		<u>Weight</u>	Density	<u>Koc</u>	Systemic?		<u>Rate</u>	lb/ac	mg/m2		Frac.
2,4-D	900	1.00E-04	221	0.00121		yes	20	0.046		168		0.4
2,4-DP	0.71	1.00E-04	235.1	0.001287	1000	7	10	l	1			
benefin	0.1	1.00E-02	335.3	0.183507	10700		2		2		1	0.
bensulide	15.3	1.20E-04	397.5		5370		105	1	6.5-12.5	1400		0.
bentazon	0.05	1.00E-07	240.3	1.32E-06		yes	20	1		224	1	0.
chlorosulfuron	2.8	4.60E-06	357.8			no	160		0.125-0.25	I		0.7
dicamba	80000	4.90E-01	221.4	5.937337		yes	119		1/8-3/8	42		0.6
dithiopyr	0.7	4.00E-06	401.4	8.79E-05	5000		39		0.25-0.5	56		-
ethofumesate	80	6.50E-04	286.3	0.010185	340	yes	25			224		0.6
fenoxaprop	0.09	1.90E-08	361.77	3.76E-07	9490	yes	9	l	1/8-3/8	42	1	0.
glyphosate	12000	0	169.1	0	2640	yes	7	0.009		275	2.5	0.
MCPA	5	2.00E-04	243.7	0.002667	1000	yes	39	0.05		70	7	0.9
MCPP	660000	1.30E-05	214.6	0.000153	20	yes	21	0.033	1	112	l	0.9
MSMA	985000	0	183.9	0	200000	no	1000	0.001	1.5-4	448		0.9
oxadiazon	0.7	1.30E-04	345.2	0.002456	3241	no	105	0.0135	1.5-4	448		0.
paclobutrizol	35				400	no	200	0.003	1/3-3/4	84	-	-
pendimethalin	0.5	3.00E-03	281.3	0.046186	5000	no	244	0.044	1.5-2	224	30	0.
prodiamine	0.013	2.50E-08	350.3	4.79E-07	5000	no	120	0.006	0.65-0.75	84	-	-
siduron	18	8.00E-04	232.3	0.010171	655	yes	90	0.008	6-12	1344	30	0.
triclopyr	23	3.25E-03	357.7	0.063624	780	yes	46	0.015	0.375-0.5	56	15	0.
trifluralin	12.3	1.50E-02	335.3	0.27526	10000	yes	137	0.02	2	224	3	0.
halosulfuron	1650	1.00E-06	434.8	1.00E-06	94	yes	25	0.04	7	884	30	0.9
UNITS	(mg/)	(Pa)	(g)	(mg/dm3)	(I/kg)	(yes/no)	(days)	(days-1)	(lb/ac)	mg/m2	(days)	(%)
				Page 2 of 2	)							

**Table 3 Fertilizer Programs** 

#### 1. TEN APLICATION PROGRAM

<u>Date</u>	Product	<u>N-P-K</u>	<u>lb N/1000 ft2</u>	% slow release N	<u>lb P/1000 ft2</u>
4-May	Hi Maint.(1)	31-3-10	0.225	6.7	0.0225
19-May	Hi Maint.	31-3-10	0.225	6.7	0.0225
1-Jun	Sustane(2)	5-2-4	0.5	4	0.2
18-Jun	Sustane	5-2-4	0.5	4	0.2
1-Jul	Sustane	5-2-4	0.5	4	0.2
15-Jul	Sustane	5-2-4	0.5	4	0.2
1-Aug	Sustane	5-2-4	0.5	4	0.2
15-Aug	Sustane	5-2-4	0.5	4	0.2
3-Sep	Hi Maint.	31-3-10	0.225	6.7	0.0225
18-Sep	Hi Maint.	31-3-10	0.225	6.7	0.0225

#### 2. FIVE (5) APPLICATION PROGRAM

<u>Date</u>	Product	N-P-K	<u>lb N/1000 ft2</u>	% slow release N	<u>lb P/1000 ft2</u>
4-May	Hi Maint.	31-3-10	0.45	6.7	0.045
1-Jun	Sustane	5-2-4	1	4	0.4
1-Jul	Sustane	5-2-4	1	4	0.4
1-Aug	Sustane	5-2-4	1	4	0.4
3-Sep	Hi Maint.	31-3-10	0.45	6.7	0.045

#### 3. HALF RATE PROGRAMS

Same as the 10 application and five application programs above, but half the amount of N and P.

<sup>(1)</sup> Hi Maint. = Scotts ProTurf 3/1-3-10 Hi Maintenance Fertilizer

<sup>(2)</sup> Sustane = Sustane 5-2-4 All Natural Organic Fertilizer

The overall fertilizer program uses more fertilizer than would likely be used on the proposed golf courses. The fertilizer program developed for the Hanna course was developed for bentgrass. Bentgrass has higher fertilizer requirements than the fescue and about the same as the Kentucky bluegrass proposed for the two Belleayre Resort golf courses. The fertilizer program is the operational high end of the range recommended for golf course fairways (2-4 lbs. N/M/yr. is recommended).

#### 2.3 GLEAMS Runoff Modeling

The GLEAMS model was developed by the USEPA to predict runoff and leaching losses from different agronomic situations. GLEAMS analysis was used to integrate site-specific characters and simulated maintenance treatments to determine the potential for surface runoff of pesticides and fertilizer from treated areas.

GLEAMS modeling has two components, horizontal transport in runoff and vertical transport in leaching. Since the more conservative LEACHM model was used to predict vertical transport, only the GLEAMS results pertaining to runoff were utilized in this Risk Assessment. GLEAMS was originally developed to model agricultural situations, but the ability to use GLEAMS to accurately model turfgrass has been substantiated by field research (Durborow, et al., 2000; Brunell and Meyer, 1996)

Much of the same input data used in LEACHM analyses was also used in the GLEAMS modeling. The precipitation and air temperature databases were the same for the two models. All of the pesticide characteristics used in LEACHM modeling were also used in GLEAMS with the additional characteristics of foliar half-life and wash-off fraction also inputted into GLEAMS runoff modeling.

Soil profiles were characterized vertically in a manner similar to LEACHM input, but additional input was required for runoff calculations. In GLEAMS the area being modeled was also described in terms of its length, width, area, slopes, SCS curve number, soil erodibility factor, and Mannings "n" for overland flow. The particular area of the proposed golf courses chosen for GLEAMS modeling was the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway on the Big Indian Country Club golf course. This area was chosen for GLEAMS modeling because of the long slope and flow path (+/- 1,690 feet). Slopes on this area range from 5.7% to 22%. For modeling purposes the fairway was divided into five segments which had different slope characteristics. Three areas are where most play would occur and had slopes of 8.1% 5.7%, and 12%. The other two areas had slopes of 22% and 19.5%.

Pesticide application rates and timing were identical to those used in LEACHM simulations. An example of GLEAMS input files is not included as an attachment since there are no labels on the spreadsheet format input files to describe input data. A sample of a GLEAMS output file is contained in Attachment 6 of this report.

#### 2.4 Application of Modeling Results

The concentrations of nutrient and pesticide residues in leachate and runoff were compared to New York State drinking water standards, NYSDEC guidelines, as well as published aquatic toxicology values to form the basis of the risk assessment and aid in the identification of acceptable management practices for the proposed golf course turf. Both the LEACHM and GLEAMS models generated residue and water losses. LEACHM output was on a weekly basis and GLEAMS output was on a storm event by storm event interval. Pollutant concentrations were either calculated within the modeling (GLEAMS)

Belleayre Resort at Catskill Park DEIS Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment or calculated for each interval using solute and water losses (LEACHM). <u>Maximum concentrations</u> generated from the simulations were used as the point of comparison for all health and toxicology standards.

It is extremely important to realize that the application of model-generated data involved comparing maximum undiluted leachate and runoff concentrations to other standards and parameters. The reduction of nutrient and pesticide concentrations that would occur under field conditions due to dilution by surface water and groundwater was not taken into account. For example, the pesticide leaching risk assessment consisted of assessing the potential health effects of drinking undiluted leachate from directly under the simulated profiles. The tremendous dilution that would occur upon leachate interaction with the underlying groundwater resource was not even considered in the analysis of impact and risk assessment.

Similarly, undiluted pesticide runoff concentrations were compared to toxicology values for fish and aquatic invertebrates to assess potential impact to aquatic biota. The dilution that would occur from existing base flow in receiving waters and runoff from untreated areas, and the subsequent reduction in transported runoff concentration was not considered in the analysis.

These factors allowed for a truly worst case risk assessment and provides a very adequate margin of safety for the recommended pesticide maintenance practices and fertilizer program implemented on the proposed golf courses.

#### **Sections 3** Results of Modeling Simulations

Simulations demonstrated that the proposed golf courses' fertilizer and pesticide applications can be made without having significant adverse impacts on surface water and groundwater quality when proper materials and practices are used.

The simulated fertilizer program can be instituted without risk of compromising the suitability of local groundwater as a potable water source. Some pesticides had undiluted leachate concentrations that exceeded New York State health standards for drinking water. However, alternative pesticides that did not exceed drinking water standards for their undiluted leachate concentrations will be available to safely and effectively treat target pests. Worst-case runoff simulations produced undiluted pesticide concentrations for some active ingredients that exceeded published LC<sub>50</sub> toxicity values for either rainbow trout or aquatic invertebrates. Use restrictions and alternative products are recommended to avoid and mitigate potential surface water pesticide impacts. Nutrients in runoff will not impact drinking water quality (nitrates) or the trophic status of receiving surface waters (phosphorus) under the proposed fertilizer program and its restrictions on phosphorus application rates.

#### 3.1 Fertilizer - Groundwater Risk Assessment

Groundwater quality will not be impacted as a result of turf fertilization on the proposed golf courses. This conclusion is based upon the comparison of federal and state drinking water standards for nitrate with maximum undiluted leachate nitrate concentrations from a fertilizer program that is at the upper limit of what is recommended for turf in this area.

Both the Federal (USEPA) and the New York State Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for Nitrate (as N) in public drinking water supplies is 10.0 milligrams per liter (mg/l) (The units milligrams per liter and parts per million are equivalent). Maximum Contaminant Level is the maximum permissible level of a contaminant in water which is delivered to any user of a public water supply. The 10.0 mg/l standard for nitrate-N has withstood several critical examinations, and evidence suggests the nitrate standard provides reasonable protection to newborns against methemoglobinemia (National Research Council, 1978). This 10.0 mg/l standard was compared with undiluted leachate concentration from a four (4) pounds nitrogen per thousand square feet per year (4 lb N/M/yr.) fertilizer program. Leachate concentrations used for comparison with the MCL are those that were predicted occur immediately below the simulated Lewbeach soil series which is the best drained soil series mapped where the golf course areas are proposed on the project site.

At no time did undiluted leachate concentration exceed the state and federal standard of 10.0 mg/l under the 4 lb N/M/yr. fertilizer program. Figure 1, "Leachate Nitrate Concentrations With and Without Fertilization (10 mg/l)," illustrates nitrate leachate concentrations in relation to the 10 mg/l drinking water standard. At no point during the two-year simulation did nitrate concentrations even exceed 1 mg/l, much less the 10 mg/l drinking water standard.

For comparison purposes the Lewbeach soils were also modeled without any fertilizer applications. The assessment of leachate without fertilizer application was performed for comparison due to the fact that nitrate is present in fairly substantial amounts in rainfall.

The no-fertilizer simulation provides a prediction of what background nitrate concentrations can be expected in leachate.

Figure 2, "Leachate Nitrate Concentrations With and Without Fertilization (1 mg/l)", presents the same data in Figure 1 but on a compressed scale. This figure more precisely illustrates the nitrate concentrations in leachate with and without fertilizer applications. With the exception of periods during the late fall, nitrate leachate concentrations with and without fertilizer applications were very similar. Even with the fertilizer applications totaling four pounds per thousand square feet per year, nitrate leachate concentrations never exceed 0.5 mg/l, which is only 5% of the drinking water standard of 10 mg/l. The relatively higher leachate nitrate concentrations seen in the late fall are a result of two factors. Precipitation in one week prior to the sharp rise in nitrate concentrations was nearly 4.5 inches, including one storm that produced three inches in one day. The second factor affecting the late fall slight increases in nitrate leaching is that the grasses are slowing their nutrient uptake, and there is still some fertilizer nitrogen remaining in the soil profile from the last fertilizer application in September.

The following conservative factors used in the modeling provide an added degree of safety in the risk assessment:

- The fertilizer program analyzed was at the upper end of the recommended range (4 pounds per thousand analyzed, 2-4 pounds is likely to be applied).
- <u>Undiluted</u> nitrate leachate concentrations were compared with federal and state drinking water standards of 10 mg/l.
- The best drained soils on the proposed golf courses were modeled.
- Rainfall data from 1996 that total 19 inches above the thirty year average was used in the modeling.
- In the LEACHM model there is no surface runoff. The modeling assumes flat ground and that all rainfall and irrigation is available to move into the soil profile. This is obviously not the case in many situations where rainfall intensity exceeds the soils infiltrative capability and runoff occurs.

#### 3.2 Pesticide - Groundwater Risk Assessment

Analysis of the potential risk of groundwater impact from the use of turf pesticides on the proposed golf courses was performed in a manner similar to that for nitrates as described above. Leachate concentrations of pesticides were compared to New York State Department of Health (DOH) Part 5 drinking water standards. Part 5 is not specific for any of the maximum contaminant levels (MCL) of the pesticides analyzed except for the herbicide 2, 4-D (MCL=0.05 mg/l) which is listed as a Group I Contaminant.

Other standards that were compared to predicted leachate concentrations were NYSDEC's surface water and groundwater Quality Standards and Groundwater Effluent Standards (6NYCRR Part 703), as well as NYSDEC's Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Service (TOGS) Number 1.1.1 (reissued June 1998). Ambient standards and guidance values were found for ten active ingredients that were being considered for use; benefin, carbaryl, chlorthalonil, 2,4-D, dicamba, glyphosate, pendemethalin, PCNB (quintozene), thiram, and trifluralin.

For all other active ingredients not specified in Part 703 or Togs 1.1.1 a 50 parts per billion (ppb) Standard was applied consistent with the value provided for unspecified organic contaminants (DOH Part 5).

A total of 310 pesticide/pest/soil scenarios were modeled by LEACHM, including a total of 53 different pesticide active ingredients. A total of 177 out of the 310 scenarios modeled by LEACHM produced no leaching of pesticide through the simulated Elka, Halcott, Lewbeach, Vly, and Willowemoc soils. The number of pesticide/pest/soil type scenarios that had some leaching, but where maximum undiluted leachate concentrations were within drinking water standards, was 100. Only 33 of the 310 scenarios modeled had maximum undiluted leachate levels in excess of drinking water standards, and these consisted of 13 of the 53 pesticide active ingredients modeled.

Table 4, "Maximum 1996 Leachate Concentrations by Soil Type as Predicted By LEACHM", gives the maximum concentrations of pesticides in leachate for the pesticides/pests/soils analyzed. Bold numbers in Table 4 are those concentrations that exceeded the Part 5 drinking water standards and Part 703/TOGS 1.1.1 standards. These concentrations are undiluted leachate concentrations.

Any pesticide that produced undiluted leachate in excess of standards for drinking water will not be used on the proposed golf courses. The following products are not recommended for use due to leaching data generated by LEACHM;

- azoxystrobin
- carbaryl
- chlorsulfuron
- chlorthalonil
- dicamba
- fenarimol
- halofenozide
- imidacloprid
- paclobutrazole
- thiophanate
- thiram
- triademefon
- trichlorfon

The following conservative factors used in the modeling provide an added degree of safety in the risk assessment:

Table 4
Maximum 1996 Leachate Concentrations By Soil Type As Predicted By LEACHM

un.product#	active ingredient	elka	halcott	lewbeach	vly	willowemoc	STANDARD
	azoxystrobin	0.167	0.187	0.097	0.186	0.049	0.050
	chloroneb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	chlorthalonil	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005
	cyproconazole	0.032	0.024	0.025	0.026	0.017	0.050
	fenarimol	0.059	0.250	0.036	0.125	0.056	0.050
	iprodione	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	propiconazole	0.003	0.026	0.005	0.012	0.010	0.050
	quintozene	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	thiophanate	0.004	0.103	0.017	0.029	0.009	0.050
	thiram	0.000	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.0018
	triademefon	0.004	0.024	0.051	0.014	0.002	0.050
	vinclozolin	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
4.1		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	fosetyl al	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	metalaxyl	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.007	0.000	0.050
4.3	<del></del>	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.007	0.000	0.050
	benefin	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.035
	bensulide dithiopyr	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050 0.050
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			0.000				<u> </u>
6.1		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	msma	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.005	0.000	0.050
	oxadiazon	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.050
	pendemethalin	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005
	prodiamine	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.004	0.000	0.050
	siduron	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	trifluralin	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.035
	2,4-d	0.004	0.022	0.004	0.022	0.005	0.050
	2,4-dp	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	dicamba	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.00044
	mcpp	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
9.1		0.005	0.038	0.011	0.028	0.036	0.050
	mcpp	0.000	0.024	0.008	0.020	0.008	0.050
	triclopyr	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
9.4	halosulfuron	0.000	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.050
10.1	chlorsulfuron	0.016	1.099	2.07	0.975	0.437	0.050
10.2	ethofumesate	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.050
10.3	glyphosate	0.005	0.008	0.006	0.022	0.002	0.700
	paclobutrazole	0.016	0.124	0.000	0.188	0.059	0.050
11.1	bendiocarb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
11.2	carbaryl	0.000	0.067	0.006	0.006	0.011	0.029
	chlorpyrifos	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	ethoprop	0.000	0.013	0.002	0.012	0.001	0.050
	halofenozide	0.032	0.169	0.239	0.238	0.087	0.050
	imidacloprid	0.000	0.015	0.042	0.308	0.056	0.050
	isofenphos	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.050
	trichlorfon	0.000	1.122	0.003	0.079	0.017	0.050
	acephate	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
	azoxystrobin	0.016	0.272	0.143	0.139	0.261	0.050
	chlorthalonil	0.000	0.913	0.764	0.595	0.016	0.050
	cyproconazole	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050

Table 4
Maximum 1996 Leachate Concentrations By Soil Type As Predicted By LEACHM

14.4	fenarimol	0.011	0.043	0.005	0.077	0.018	0.050	
15.1	flutalonil	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.050	
15.2	iprodione	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050	
15.3	mancozeb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0018	
15.4	propiconazole	0.003	0.013	0.011	0.022	0.005	0.050	
16.1	quintozene	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.050	
16.2	thiophanate	0.000	0.043	0.004	0.014	0.002	0.050	
16.3	thiram	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0018	
16.4	triademefon	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.050	
98.1	cyfluthrin	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050	
	spionsad A	0.000	0.0026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050	
98.3	spisosad D	0.000	0.0056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050	

- Higher than anticipated use of individual pesticides was modeled, including multiple
  applications of insecticides, and using the shortest re-treatment intervals allowed for the
  fungicides simulated.
- Undiluted pesticide leachate concentrations were compared with federal and state drinking water standards.
- All of the soils mapped on the proposed golf courses were modeled, and results from the soils showing the highest concentration of pesticide in leachate were applied on a site-wide basis.
- Rainfall data from 1996 totaling 19 inches above the thirty year average was used in the modeling.
- In the LEACHM model there is no surface runoff. The modeling assumes flat ground and that all rainfall and irrigation is available to move into the soil profile. This is obviously not the case in many situations where rainfall intensity exceeds the soils infiltrative capability and runoff occurs.

#### 3.3 Pesticide - Surface Water Risk Assessment

Like the LEACHM modeling used to predict potential for groundwater impact, the GLEAMS modeling produces export quantities of water and pesticide residues at specified regular intervals. The results from the GLEAMS modeling of the long and relatively steep eighteenth fairway were compared with aquatic toxicology values to form the basis of this portion of the risk assessment. GLEAMS produced storm-by-storm concentrations of pesticides in runoff, and these <u>undiluted</u> concentrations were compared with the LC<sub>50</sub> values for fish (most often rainbow trout) and aquatic invertebrates (preferably stonefly or mayfly larvae if available, but usually the water flea *Daphnia*). Rainbow trout and *Daphnia* are commonly used when performing toxicology tests. The LC<sub>50</sub> value is the concentration that is lethal to 50 of the test organisms over the duration of the toxicology test. More toxic substances have lower LC<sub>50</sub> values. Most LC<sub>50</sub> determinations are made over a 96-hour test period.

LC<sub>50</sub> values were primarily taken from scientific literature reports as compiled in Balough and Walker (1992). Other sources for LC<sub>50</sub> values included a USFWS database of toxicity of freshwater animals (Mayer and Ellerseick, 1986), "Agrochemicals Desk Reference, Environmental Data" (Montgomery, 1993), and the "Herbicide Handbook of the Weed Science Society of America" (Humburg et al. 1989). Manufacturer's Technical Bulletins or MSDS were used only to fill data gaps not filled by other sources.

There were a total of 141 days where precipitation fell or irrigation was applied when 1996 was simulated. There was some runoff from the edge of the modeled 18<sup>th</sup> fairway on 46 days. The maximum number of days when any one particular active ingredient was present in runoff was 25 days. The average rainfall on these days was over an inch.

A total of 53 products and their runoff potential were analyzed using GLEAMS. As expected, based upon previous WINPST modeling, runoff potential varied. All products except two were present in runoff in varying degrees at some time during the simulated worst case conditions. However only eight of the 53 active ingredients modeled had

maximum undiluted runoff concentrations that exceeded the lower LC<sub>50</sub> value for rainbow trout or aquatic invertebrates.

Table 5, "Comparison of Maximum Runoff Concentrations and Toxicology Values," presents the different products analyzed, the maximum concentration found in runoff, and toxicology data for each product. The last column of Table 4 compares the maximum runoff concentration to the toxicology of the more sensitive test organism. Using the highest concentration generated from worst-case modeling in conjunction with the most sensitive toxicological data introduces an additional conservative measure into the risk assessment.

A total of 8 products; 5 insecticides (carbaryl, chlorpyrifos, deltamethrin, trichlorfon, cyfluthrin), 2 fungicides (thiram, iprodione) and 1 herbicide (pendemethalin) had maximum undiluted runoff concentrations that exceeded the lowest LC<sub>50</sub> value for that product.

As a result, the following products will not be used on the proposed golf courses.

- carbaryl
- chlorpyrifos
- trichlorfon
- thiram
- iprodione
- pendemethalin
- cyfluthrin
- deltamethrin

Among the products not recommended for use are cyfluthrin and deltamethrin. Cyfluthrin and deltamethrin are two of the products from a category of compounds known as pyrethrums. Pyrethrums are compounds derived from the chrysanthemum plant, or what could be considered an "organic" product. Cyfluthrin is by far the most toxic to aquatic invertebrates of all the pesticides analyzed. This illustrates that not all organic pest controls pose less of a threat to non-target organisms than their inorganic counterparts.

As shown in Table 5, the other 45 products had maximum runoff concentrations that were a very small fraction of the lowest  $LC_{50}$  value and can be used safely on the proposed golf courses without impacting aquatic life in on-site and off-site surface water.

The following conservative factors used in the modeling provide an added degree of safety in the risk assessment:

• Higher than anticipated use of individual pesticides was modeled, including multiple applications of insecticides, and using the shortest re-treatment intervals allowed for the fungicides simulated.

Table 5
Comparison of Maximum Runoff Concentrations and Toxicolgy Values

					Ratio of Max.
Active	Max. Runoff		Aquatic Invert.	Lowest	Concentration
Ingredient	Concentration	Fish LC50	LC50	LC50	To Lowest LC50
Benefin	0.0010 mg/l	0.8-1.0 mg/l	1.1 mg/l	0.8 mg/l	0.0013
Bensulide	0.0128 mg/l	0.7-0.72 mg/l	1.4 mg/l	0.7 mg/l	0.0183
Trifluralin	0.0160 mg/l	0.01-0.21 mg/l	2.8-3.0 mg/l	0.01 mg/l	1.6000
Dithiopyr	0.0056 mg/l	0.5 mg/l	>1.1 mg/l	0.5 mg/l	0.0112
Fenoxaprop	0.0013 mg/l	8.2-17.3 mg/l	0.35-7.4 mg/l	0.35 mg/l	0.0037
MSMA	0.0027 mg/l	>100 mg/l	>100 mg/l	>100 mg/l	<.0.000027
Oxadiazon	0.0121 mg/l	1.4-3.2 mg/l	data gap	1.4 mg/l	0.0086
Pendemethalin	0.0380 mg/l	0.138 mg/l	data gap	0.138 mg/l	0.2754
Prodiamine	0.0130 mg/l	9-70 mg/l	data gap	9 mg/l	0.0015
Siduron	1.3545 mg/l	117 mg/l	895 mg/l	117 mg/l	0.0116
Halosulfuron		>131 mg/l	>107 mg/l	>107 mg/l	
2,4-D	0.0865 mg/l	3-7,000 mg/l	1-240 mg/l	1 mg/l	0.0865
2,4-DP	0.0479 mg/l	3-7,000 mg/l	1-240 mg/l	1 mg/l	0.0479
Dicamba	0.0212 mg/l	28-135 mg/l	110 mg/l	28 mg/l	0.0008
MCPA	0.0929 mg/l	25-133 mg/l	11 mg/l	11 mg/l	0.0084
MCPP	0.1297 mg/l	25-117 mg/l	11 mg/l	11 mg/l	0.004
Triclopyr	0.0697 mg/l	117 mg/l	895 mg/l	117 mg/l	0.0006
Bentazon	0.0500 mg/l	190 mg/l	data gap	190 mg/l	0.0003
Chlorsulfuron	2.5118 mg/l	>250 mg/l	data gap	>250 mg/l	<0.0100
Glyphosate	0.0191 mg/l	120-240 mg/l	780 mg/l	120 mg/l	0.0002
Giypriosate	0.0191111g/I	120-240 Hig/I	7 ou mg/i	120 mg/l	0.0002
Paclobutrazole	0.2404 mg/l	120 mg/l	165 mg/l	120 mg/l	0.0020
Ethofumesate	0.3193 mg/l	>180 mg/l	data gap	>180 mg/l	<0.0022
Latoramodate	0.0100 mg/1	- 100 mg/i	data gap	r 100 mg/i	-0.0022
Azoxystrobin	0.0094 mg/l	1.1 mg/l	0.259 mg/l	0.259 mg/l	0.0363
Chloroneb	1.0852 mg/l	4,200 mg/l	5.9 mg/l	5.9 mg/l	0.1839
Chlorthalonil	0.2880 mg/l	7.6-17.1 mg/l	7,800 mg/l	7.6 mg/l	0.0379
Fenarimol	0.2059 mg/l	4 mg/l	6.8 mg/l	4 mg/l	0.0515
Iprodione	0.0627 mg/l	6.7 mg/l	0.4 mg/l	0.4 mg/l	0.1568
Propiconazole	0.1880 mg/l	0.9 mg/l	3.2 mg/l	0.9 mg/l	0.2089
Quintozene	0.1190 mg/l	3.8-40 mg/l	data gap	3.8 mg/l	0.0313
Thiophanate	0.0038 mg/l	3.2-15.7 mg/l	16 mg/l	3.2 mg/l	0.0012
Thiram	0.2892 mg/l	0.13 mg/l	0.39-1.01 mg/l	0.13 mg/l	2.2246
	0.2002g/:	i cita iiigi:		june mg/.	
Triademefon	0.0985 mg/l	1.4 mg/l	1.6 mg/l	1.4 mg/l	0.0704
Vinclozolin	0.0016 mg/l	85 mg/l	data gap	53 mg/l	1.882E-05
Etridiazole	0.3087 mg/l	2 mg/l	data gap	2 mg/l	0.1544
Fosetyl-Al	0.0006 mg/l	428 mg/l	300 mg/l	300 mg/l	0.000002
Propamocarb	0.0001 mg/l	410 mg/l	data gap	410 mg/l	2.439E-07
Azoxystrobin	0.0334 mg/l	1.1 mg/l	0.259 mg/l	0.259 mg/l	0.1290
Chlorthalonil	0.5693 mg/l	7.6-17.1 mg/l	7,800 mg/l	7.6 mg/l	0.0749
Fenarimol	0.3011 mg/l	4 mg/l	6.8 mg/l	4 mg/l	0.0753
Flutalonil	0.4219 mg/l	5.4 mg/l	data gap	5.4 mg/l	0.0781
Iprodione	0.3804 mg/l	6.7 mg/l	0.4 mg/l	0.4 mg/l	0.9510
Propiconazole	0.3006 mg/l	0.9 mg/l	3.2 mg/l	0.9 mg/l	0.3340
Quintozene	0.4400 mg/l	3.8-40 mg/l	data gap	3.8 mg/l	0.1158
Thiophanate	0.3819 mg/l	3.2-15.7 mg/l	16 mg/l	3.2 mg/l	0.1193

Table 5
Comparison of Maximum Runoff Concentrations and Toxicolgy Values

	T		T	T	
Thiram	0.8773 mg/l	0.13 mg/l	0.39-1.01 mg/l	0.13 mg/l	6.7485
Triademefon	0.3044 mg/l	1.4 mg/l	1.6 mg/l	1.4 mg/l	0.2174
Vinclozolin	0.0169 mg/l	85 mg/l	data gap	85 mg/l	0.0002
Bendiocarb	0.0576 mg/l	1.55 mg/l	1.1 mg/l	1.1 mg/l	0.0524
Carbaryl	1.1540 mg/l	0.9-6.3 mg/l	0.007-3.3 mg/l	0.007 mg/l	164.8571
Chlorpyrifos	0.0147 mg/l	0.007-0.51 mg/l	0.88 mg/l	0.007 mg/l	2.1000
Ethoprop	0.4856 mg/l	13.8 mg/l	data gap	13.8 mg/l	0.0352
Trichlorfon	0.4219 mg/l	1.4 mg/l	0.011-0.189	0.011 mg/l	38.3545
Imidiacloprid	0.5804 mg/l	5.09 mg/l	2.65 mg/l	2.65 mg/l	0.2190
Halofenozide	0.5583 mg/l	>8.6 mg/l	3.6 mg/l	3.6 mg/l	0.1551
Acephate	0.4400 mg/l	1.3-1,110 mg/l	>50 mg/l	1.3 mg/l	0.3385
cyfluthrin	0.0001 mg/l	0.00068-0.022	0.00000014	0.00000014	714.286
spinosad A	0.0065 mg/l	5.9-30 mg/l	92.7	5.9	0.0011
spinosad D	0.0061 mg/l	5.9-30 mg/l	92.7	5.9	0.0010
mefenoxam	0.1106 mg/l	>100 mg/l	24.3 mg/l	24.3	0.0046
trifloxystrobin	0.0026 mg/l	0.014 mg/l	0.025 mg/l	0.014	0.1857
bifenthrin	0 mg/l	0.00015 mg/l	0.0016 mg/l	0.00015	0
lambda c	0 mg/l	0.00024 mg/l	0.00036 mg/l	0.00024	0
deltamethrin	0.005 mg/l	0.001 mg/l	data gap	0.001	5

- Comparisons of undiluted runoff concentrations with the most sensitive aquatic toxicology values were used as the basis of accepting or rejecting a pesticide.
- The steepest slopes on either of the two golf courses was modeled and results from these conditions were applied to all areas on both proposed golf courses.
- Rainfall data that totals 19 inches above the thirty year average were used in the model.

#### 3.4 Fertilizer - Surface Water Risk Assessment

The loss of nitrate and phosphorus in runoff from the sloped 18th fairway of the Big Indian Country Club golf course was analyzed using the GLEAMS model. Nitrate was analyzed to assess potential health effects in the event runoff water ends up as groundwater used as drinking water. Phosphorus was analyzed because it is the nutrient that most often limits biological productivity in surface waters. Significant increases in phosphorus loading could accelerate eutrophication of receiving waters such as the Ashokan and Pepacton Reservoirs.

Nutrient export as a result of fertilization was examined for a number of potential fertilizer programs, including the program described previously in Section 3.1, "Fertilizer – Groundwater Risk Assessment," and detailed in Table 3, "Fertilizer Program". In addition to this total of four ponds of nitrogen per 1,000 square foot per year split over 10 applications, a four pound per thousand square feet was also simulated using five applications. This was done to analyze the effects of applying the same 4 lb./M/yr. of fertilizer program, but using fewer applications. A two pound per thousand square feet program was also simulated to determine the effect of lower fertilizer application rates on nutrient export. The reduced application rate was also simulated two ways, splitting the two pounds per thousand square feet into 10 applications and five applications.

Phosphorus application rates varied with the different programs described above. The amount of phosphorus applied was dictated by the types and amounts of the different fertilizers applied. The two fertilizers that were used vary in their relative amounts of phosphorus.

The ratio of nitrogen to phosphorus to potassium in fertilizers (N:P:K ratio) describes the relative amount of these three elements in a particular fertilizer. For example, the Sustane ® product used in the modeling has a 5:4:2 N:P:K ratio. This means that for every five ponds of nitrogen applied in Sustane® 4 pounds of phosphorus is applied (or 0.8 pounds of phosphorus per every pound of nitrogen). For the 31:3:10 High Maintenance Pro Turf ® product simulated in the May and September applications, approximately 0.1 pound of phosphorus is applied for every pound of nitrogen.

Below is a table describing the different fertilizer programs analyzed for nitrogen and phosphorus runoff.

Table 6 Modeled Fertilizer Programs

Program	Total Nitogen	Total Phosphorus	Number of
Number Number	Applied (lb/M)	Applied (lb/M)	<b>Applications</b>
1	4	1.4	10
2	4	0	10
3	4	1.4	5
4	4	0	5
5	2	0.7	10
6	2	0.7	5
7	2	0	10
8	2	0	5
9	0	0	0

The following table presents the total annual export of nitrogen and phosphorus under the nine different fertilizer programs described above. Total annual export is in kilograms of nutrients per hectare.

Table 7
Nutrient Export from Modeled Fertilizer Programs

Program	Nitrogen	Phosphorus
Number	Export (kg/ha)	Export (kg/ha)
1	1.91	4.14
2	1.91	0.48
3	1.93	4.15
4	1.93	0.48
5	1.61	2.30
6	1.64	2.39
7	1.61	0.48
8	1.64	0.48
9	1.49	0.48

A number of conclusions can be made from these data

- 1. Distributing the total amount of fertilizer applied between 10 applications and 5 applications does not significantly affect nutrient export. Comparing program 1 to program 3 shows N export increasing from 1.91 to 1.93 kg/ha and phosphorus export increasing from 4.14 kg/ha to 4.15 kg/ha when comparing distributing the total amount applied in 10 applications versus 5 applications.
- 2. Decreasing nitrogen application rates in half reduces nitrogen export by more than one half. For example, program 3 with 4 lb N/M has nitrogen export 0.44 kg/ha than program 9 that does not have any fertilizer applications (background levels). Program 6 with 2 lb N/M has nutrient export that is 0.15 kg/ha higher than background levels (1.64 vs. 1.49 kg/ha).
- 3. Decreasing phosphorus applications by half results in a decrease in phosphorus export in half. Comparing phosphorus export of programs 3 (4.15 kg/ha) and 6 (2.39 kg/ha), as

done above, shows increases of phosphorus export above background of 3.66 kg/ha at the higher application rate and 1.82 kg/ha at half higher the application rate.

#### **Nitrates**

Like the other risk assessments discussed above, it was undiluted concentrations of nitrate in runoff that was compared with the State and Federal standards for nitrates in drinking water, MCL = 10 mg/l. Forty-six (46) rainfall events produced runoff in the GLEAMS modeling. None of the total nitrogen concentrations in runoff events exceeded 10 mg/l. The highest nitrate concentration in runoff was 1.44 mg/l. Concentrations of nitrate were greater than 1 mg/l on only three occasions. Thus, even undiluted total nitrogen concentrations, of which nitrate is only a part, never approached the drinking water standard for nitrate.

#### **Phosphorus**

Because the project site is located within the watersheds of two of New York City's water supply reservoirs, the Ashokan and the Pepacton Reservoirs, increased phosphorus export as a result of golf course fertilization practice is a serious concern.

In order to keep phosphorus export from the proposed golf courses within reasonable levels, the fertilizer programs described above were adjusted to decrease the total amount of phosphorus applied in order to keep phosphorus export levels consistent with other lands within the watershed.

Existing levels of phosphorus loading to Ashokan and Pepacton Reservoirs were analyzed by the New York City Department of Environmental Protection (NYC DEP) in 1999. These analyses were performed in order to develop phase two phosphorus total maximum daily load (TDML) calculations for the two reservoirs. Data from the two reports that were used for this risk assessment were the current watershed nutrient loadings on an area basis, and phosphorus export coefficients for grassed areas used in NYC DEP's modeling of watershed nutrient loading and to calculate TDML levels.

Using the watershed areas of the two reservoirs as well as the current phosphorus loading rates it was calculated that the average phosphorus loading rates for Ashokan and Pepacton Reservoir are 1.41 kg/ha and 0.58 kg/ha respectively.

When modeling watershed phosphorus loading to the two reservoirs from the land use identified as "grass areas", NYC DEP utilized export coefficients of 1.11 kg/ha and 1.10 kg/ha for the Ashokan and Pepacton watershed's respectively.

GLEAMS modeling of the steeply sloped 18<sup>th</sup> fairway on the Big Indian Country Club golf course using an annual application of 0.3 pounds of phosphorus per 1,000 square feet resulted in an annual export of 1.35 kg P/ha. This is slightly less than the 1.41 kg/ha watershed average calculated by NYCDEP.

GLEAMS modeling of the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway on the Big Indian Country Club golf course was also performed in order to meet the 1.11/1.10 export coefficients used in NYCDEP's modeling for TDML calculations. Modeling of the worst case conditions indicates that reducing the annual phosphorus application to 0.25 pounds of phosphorus per thousand square feet will result in an annual export of 1.11 kg/ha.

#### **Section 4 Discussion of Modeling Results**

The data generated from the site-specific analysis of the proposed golf courses demonstrated that a suitable turfgrass fertilization program could be implemented and applications of registered pesticides could be made without significantly impacting groundwater resources and surface water resources both **on** and **off** the project site. Even incorporating a number of worst case conditions into the computer modeling of the fate of pesticides and fertilizer applied to the proposed golf courses produced results that illustrated the very low potential for ground water and surface water contamination from properly implemented management practices on golf courses in general. Proposed use restrictions will mitigate potential risk to groundwater and surface water quality. Results from this risk assessment are consistent with previously published scientific literature as well as field research recently completed at universities throughout the country.

The following excerpt from Kenna and Snow (2000) summarizes the findings of research aimed at documenting the affects of golf course maintenance practices on the environment.

"The university research investigating pesticide and nutrient fate was the first extensive self-examination of golf's impact on water quality and the environment. What has the environmental research program told us? First, the university research shows that most pesticides used on golf courses have a negligible effect on the environment. The word negligible is used because we did find pesticides and fertilizers in runoff or leachate collected from research plots. However, under most conditions, the small amounts collected (parts per billion) were found at levels well below health and safety limits established by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) The studies demonstrated that the turfgrass canopy, thatch and root system were an effective filter or sponge. As one would expect, the results documented that heavy textured soils adsorbed pesticides and fertilizers better than light textured or sandy soils." (Note: the soils on the proposed Belleayre Resort golf courses are considered heavy textured soils.)

"The environmental research program has had a positive impact on golf. The program was run in an unbiased fashion, results have been published in peer-reviewed scientific journals and the message *be careful and be responsible* is getting out to golf course superintendents throughout the country."

"The USGA has made progress in understanding the impact that golf courses have on the environment. More is being done to make golf courses both a recreational and environmental asset to the community. An excellent foundation of environmental information, based on scientific evidence, rather than emotional rhetoric, has been established."

#### 4.1 Nitrate Leaching

Nitrate-nitrogen is the primary nutrient associated with potential contamination of groundwater resulting from subsurface transport. The factors controlling nitrogen movement and case studies in agricultural systems have been reviewed by Anderson et al. (1989) and Keeney (1986). Until the 1990's, no comprehensive review of nitrogen losses from turfgrass systems were available. In 1990, Petrovic (1990) provided an excellent review on this topic in order to summarize the then current state of scientific information and to provide information for the development of best management practices for the prevention of groundwater deterioration.

The degree of nitrate leaching loss from turfgrass is variable. Some researchers report little or no leaching while other researchers suggest leaching of 80% or more of applied nitrogen. Factors that influence the degree of nitrate leaching include soil type, irrigation, nitrogen source and rate, and season of application (Petrovic, 1990; Anderson et al., 1989). Numerous university field studies performed in the mid-1990's demonstrated that proper fertilization of mature turfgrass produces very little nitrate leaching, particularly in non-sandy soils containing some organic matter, like much of the soils found on the project site (Petrovic, 1995; Startett and Christians, 1995).

Properly maintained turf grown in loam soil allowed less than one percent of the nitrogen applied to reach a depth of four feet during a 2.5 year period (Branhan et al. 1995, Miltner et al., 1996). Most of the nitrogen was recovered in clippings, thatch and soil. Nitrogen leaching losses can be greatly reduced by irrigating lightly and frequently, rather than heavily and less frequently. Applying nitrogen in smaller amounts and more frequently also reduced leaching losses (Kenna and Snow, 2000; Brauen et al., 1995).

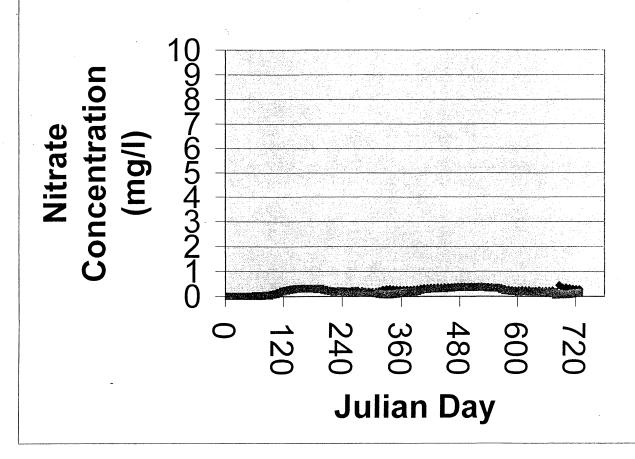
The potential adverse human effects of nitrate in drinking water have been reviewed by many including Pratt (1985) and the only verified human health effect of elevated nitrate levels in drinking water is methemoglobinemia in infants. In general, strong epidemiological association of nitrates in drinking water and health risks has been inconclusive (Balough and Walker, 1992). The fertilizer-groundwater risk assessment nonetheless addressed the concern of the effect of the proposed golf courses fertilization practices on nitrate levels in local groundwater.

LEACHM modeling of potential nitrate loss from the proposed golf courses' soils analyzed a four (4) pounds of nitrogen per thousand square feet per year fertilizer program that included both immediately available and slow release forms of nitrogen. Actual nitrogen application rates are expected to be two (2) to four (4) pounds of nitrogen per thousand square feet per year. Undiluted leachate nitrogen concentrations at the bottom of the simulated Lewbeach soil profile never exceeded 1.0 mg/l, much less than the New York State drinking water standard of 10 mg/l.

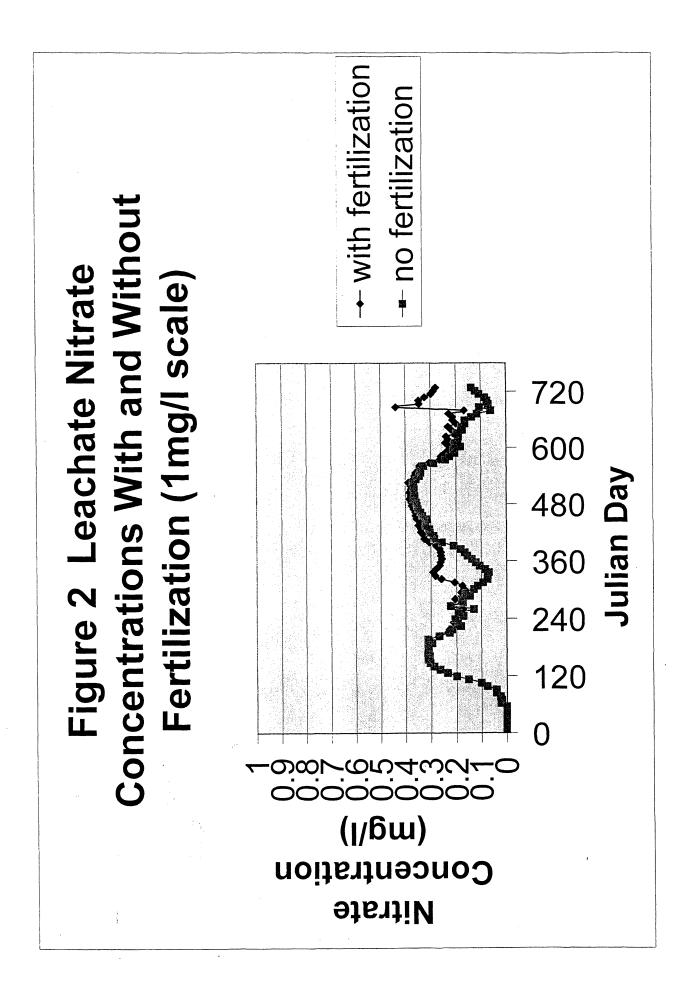
Because some of the fertilizer applications occurred late in the year the simulation period was extended through the winter and into the next spring. Figure 1, "Leachate Nitrate Concentrates With and Without Fertilization (10 mg/l)" and Figure 2, "Leachate Nitrate Concentrates With and Without Fertilization (1 mg/l)" illustrate trends in nitrate concentrations in percolate over the two-year period. As would be expected, leachate nitrate concentrations increased in late fall when plant uptake rates naturally decreases.

During the late fall and winter months (under unfrozen ground conditions) leachate nitrate concentrations increased to a peak in November then decreased prior to the first application in the subsequent year. This pattern of increased nitrate leaching during periods of low temperature and higher precipitation was also observed by Petrovic (1990). Since evapotranspiration is low with relatively high precipitation, more subsurface drainage occurs and more nitrate leaching is possible. Nonetheless, even during this time period, undiluted leachate nitrate from the simulated proposed golf courses was well below State drinking water standards. Thus, local groundwater will not be impacted as a result of a golf course fertilization program where up to 4 lbs. N/m/yr. are applied.

# Figure 1 Leachate Nitrate Concentrations With and Without Fertilization (10 mg/l scale)



- → with fertilization
- -- no fertilization



#### 4.2 Pesticide Leaching

Until the 1990's research on leaching of pesticides from the soil surface to groundwater was limited in comparison to studies on surface transport (runoff) of pesticides (Anderson et al. 1989; Fairchild 1987). The lack of published research on pesticide management practices for turfgrass and their impact on groundwater quality in the late 1980's reflected the relatively recent attention these issues have received (Walker et al.,1990). Prior to this, evaluation of pesticide contamination of groundwater resources had relied heavily on extrapolation of transport processes in the rootzone, limited field soil-and water-monitoring studies, soil column studies, well water surveys and computer simulation (Cohen et al.,1990; Fairchild,1987;Kladivko et al.,1991; Leonard and Knisel, 1988; Shoemaker et al.,1990).

Perhaps the first field comprehensive study of pesticide leaching from golf courses was conducted on the sandy soils of Cape Cod and was published in 1990 (Cohen, 1990). "The Cape Cod Study", as it has come to be known, found that significant pesticide leaching does not occur under golf course turfs, even in the very coarse soils of Cape Cod.

Eight university studies were conducted later in the 1990's under a wide variety of conditions. These studies found that very little pesticide leaching occurred with most pesticides, generally less than one percent of the total applied. However significant leaching occurred with certain pesticides under conditions most suitable for pesticide leaching (i.e. sandy soils and high rainfall) (Snow, 1998; Kenna and Snow, 2000).

One other finding of the most recent university research into pesticide leaching from turfgrass is germane to this risk analysis. Researchers found that current pesticide fate models, including the GLEAMS model, tend to over-predict the loss of most pesticides applied to turf (Smith et al, 1993; Smith, 1995). Likewise, the LEACHM model used in this risk assessment also tends to over-predict the amount of pesticide transport for certain pesticides (Roy et al., 2001).

There is a wide range of field and chemical conditions that influence potential transport of pesticides to groundwater. When persistent compounds that have high or intermediate mobility are applied to soils with minimal adsorptive capacity and shallow water tables, the leaching process may result in groundwater contamination. On the opposite end of the risk spectrum is the use of pesticides that are rapidly decomposed and/or strongly adsorbed. When these chemicals are applied to soils with high adsorptive capacity, deep water tables, and appropriate water management, the probability of pesticide leaching is significantly reduced. Therefore, the complex suite of conditions controlling the movement of applied chemicals must be evaluated on a site-specific basis (Walker and Balough, 1992).

Integration of site-specific character with recorded meteorological data for the region, and published values describing candidate pesticide characteristics which influence leaching propensity in LEACHM modeling identified which products could be used on the proposed golf courses and not pose a risk to local groundwater, drinking water, and human health. The results of the simulations indicate that appropriate New York State registered pesticide active ingredients will be available to treat each pest that could occur on the proposed golf courses and not impact the potability of local groundwater.

Of the 53 pesticide active ingredients analyzed (17 fungicides, 22 herbicides, and 14 insecticides) 20 did not leach at all through the simulated soil profiles. Of the 33 products that did leach to some degree, 13 were present in undiluted concentrations that exceeded

Belleayre Resort at Catskill Park DEIS Fertilizer and Pesticide Risk Assessment Page 19 REVISED NOVEMBER 2002 drinking water standards. Only the products that did not leach at all through the soil profiles and the products that had undiluted leachate concentrations below drinking water standards are recommended for use based on this portion of this risk assessment. See section 3.2 for products not recommended due to their leaching.

The use of maximum possible application quantities and worst case meteorological data, combined with the comparison of undiluted leachate concentrations with drinking water standards provides a more than adequate measure of protection for the groundwater resources.

#### 4.3 Pesticide Runoff

Loss of agricultural pesticide residues into the environment by surface runoff has been a major research and water quality concern for over 35 years (Anderson et al. 1989). Several extensive literature reviews on the mechanisms and occurrence of surface runoff of pesticides are available (Anderson et al.,1989; Caro,1976; Leonard, 1988,1990; Stewart et al.,1975). These reviews provide insight into the factors that influence surface loss of pesticides from agricultural and turfgrass systems. Although sediment and runoff losses from turfgrass systems are small compared to agricultural systems (Balough and Walker,1992), surface transport processes must be understood for sound turfgrass management.

The primary mode of surface movement of pesticides from established turfgrass is in runoff water, However, under heavy or sustained runoff conditions, small amounts of sediments are still lost from turfgrass plots (Balogh and Watson,1992; Gross et al. 1991). Several studies indicate that the greatest loss of pesticide results from storms that occur soon after initial applications. In general, annual runoff losses of pesticides are quite low when compared to dissipation by volatilization and degradation. However, under intense precipitation conditions, the upper limit of pesticide loss could potentially reach 18% (Balogh and Walker,1992).

In several extensive literature reviews, estimated edge-of-field seasonal losses have been established. Observed runoff losses of pesticides on an event basis have been characterized as nearly random (Smith et al.,1978). The reviews and other studies from pasture, vegetative buffer areas, and reduced tillage systems illustrate the complex interaction of chemical properties and site-specific conditions influencing pesticide transport in runoff. Several of these studies indicate that similar pesticide losses from turfgrass systems are to be expected (Balogh and Walker,1992).

Later in the 1990's a number of university studies were performed on pesticide runoff from turf (Clark, 1996; Smith and Tilloston, 1993; Smith, 1995; Smith and Bridges, 1996; Baird, 1996; Baird 1998). Among the conclusions or trends observed from the pesticide runoff studies were the following: 1) dense turf cover reduces the potential for runoff losses of pesticides; 2) the physical and chemical properties of pesticides are good indicators of potential runoff losses; 3) heavy texture, compacted soils are much more prone to runoff loss than sandy soils; 4) moist soils are more prone to runoff losses than drier soils; 5) buffer strips at higher cutting heights tend to reduce runoff of pesticides when soil moisture is low to moderate prior to rainfall events; and, 6) the application of soluble herbicides on dormant turf can produce high levels of runoff losses.

The integration of factors specific to the proposed golf courses in GLEAMS modeling produced "edge of field" pesticide runoff concentrations for the 18th fairway which would have the highest runoff potential and impact potential based on its slopes and orientation. Of the 53 pesticide active ingredients analyzed, all but two were present to some degree in the worst case modeling, but only 8 of the 53 pesticide active ingredients were present in runoff at sufficient levels to be potentially problematic to aquatic biota in the receiving water. These seven products are not recommended for use on the golf courses. Again, the determination of risk potential was based upon comparison of undiluted runoff concentrations as opposed to final concentrations in the receiving water. The incorporation of this safety factor in the risk analysis and limiting the use of potentially problematic active ingredients would mitigate the potential for significant impact from pesticide runoff.

#### 4.4 Fertilizer Runoff

Applications of fertilizer nitrogen and phosphorus have the potential for some runoff into surface waters. Some field studies have investigated this process in turfgrass systems. In a 2-year field study in Rhode Island, Morton et al. (1988) studied the influence of overwatering and fertilization on losses from home lawns (Kentucky bluegrass). In general, soil water percolate accounted for greater than 93% of total water and inorganic nitrogen from all treatments. They observed only two events that resulted in runoff. This runoff was the result of unusual climatic conditions: (1) frozen ground and (2)from plots that received 5 inches of water in one week. The runoff drainage was found to contain a concentration of nitrate from 1.1 to 4.2 mg/l for the two events. In another study investigating the impact of source, rate and soil texture, Brown et al. (1977) observed only one case of nitrate concentration in runoff water from turfgrass exceeding the 10 mg/l drinking water standard.

In an unpublished thesis from Penn State University, Harrison (1989) observed low runoff volumes and nutrient concentrations from irrigated plots of Kentucky bluegrass grown on clay soil. Concentrations of soluble nitrogen and soluble phosphorus in runoff rarely exceeded 5 and 2 mg/l, respectively.

Additional fertilizer runoff studies at Penn State University later in the 1990's found that nitrogen runoff concentrations from 4 pounds of nitrogen per thousand square feet fertilizer applications were not different from the nitrogen content of the irrigation water. These studies (Linde, 1993; Linde et al., 1993; Linde et al; 1995) were conducted on half inch fairway turfs on 9 to 13 percent slopes.

Gross et al. (1990) also observed limited soluble and sediment loss of phosphorus and nitrate in runoff from Kentucky bluegrass plots fertilized with 220 kg N/ha/yr (4.5 lb N/M/yr). The maximum loss of nitrogen in runoff was observed when a runoff event occurred the day after fertilization. However, the loss of nitrogen in surface runoff was less than 0.1% of the applied granular formulation of urea. A large portion of soluble nitrogen losses in runoff water occurred when a significant precipitation event occurred shortly after fertilizer application. Total and soluble losses of phosphorus were not significantly different between fertilized and control plots. Significant losses of phosphate for a liquid treatment were associated with high amounts of runoff from the turfgrass plots in December. This loss accounted for 73% of total runoff losses of phosphorus. Timing of fertilizer application to avoid precipitation and runoff events will reduce potential surface losses of nutrients (Balogh and Walker, 1992).

Significant rainfall or irrigation of at least one half inch occurred shortly after all fertilizer applications were simulated in the GLEAMS modeling. For the fertilizer application that occurred on days 196, almost three inches of rain occurred the same day as fertilization. Almost one inch of rain occurred on day 262, the day after a fertilizer application.

Nitrate runoff concentrations were well below the 10 mg/l MCL established by New York State, in fact total nitrogen levels were rarely above 1 mg/l. The highest total nitrogen concentrations in runoff, 1.1 –1.4 mg/l, occurred on days when over two inches of rain fell shortly after days when fertilizer applications were made.

Analysis of worst case conditions for phosphorus loss in surface water runoff indicated that overall total phosphorus export from the project site could increase as a result of fertilizer applications. However, limiting phosphorus application rates to 0.25-0.3 lb P/M/year would produce phosphorus export from the site consistent with current phosphorus loading rates in the watershed and would not adversely affect the water quality in New York City water supply reservoirs.

#### 4.5 Summary of Recommended Pesticide Restrictions

The following is a list of the pesticide active ingredients analyzed for leaching and runoff potential. Next to each active ingredient is any proposed restriction on its use due to risk assessment results.

#### **Fungicides**

- azoxystrobin DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- chloroneb
- chlorthalonil DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- etridiazole
- fenarimol DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- flutalonil
- fosetyl-Al
- iprodione DO NOT USE, RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- mefenoxam
- propamocarb
- propiconazole
- quintozene
- trifloxystrobin
- thiophanates DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- thiram DO NOT USE, LEACHING AND RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- triademefon DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- vinclozolin

#### Insecticides

- acephate
- bendiocarb
- bifenthrin
- carbaryl DO NOT USE, LEACHING AND RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- chlorpyrifos DO NOT USE, RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- deltamethrin DO NOR USE, RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- ethoprop
- imidiacloprid DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- halofenozide DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- lambda cyhalothrin
- trichlorfon DO NOT USE, LEACHING AND RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- cyfluthrin DO NOT USE, RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- spinosad A
- spinosad D

#### Herbicides

- 2,4-D
- 2,4-DP
- benefin
- bensulide
- bentazon
- chlorsulfuron DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- dicamba DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- dithiopyr
- ethofumesate
- fenoxaprop
- glyphosate
- halosulfuron
- MCPA
- MCPP
- MSMA
- oxadiazon
- paclobutrazol DO NOT USE, LEACHING POTENTIAL
- pendimethalin DO NOT USE, RUNOFF POTENTIAL
- prodiamine
- siduron
- triclopyr
- trifluralin

#### 4.6 Summary of Recommended Fertilizer Restrictions

Based upon the results of this risk assessment, nitrogen fertilizer application rates of up to four pounds per thousand square feet per year can be applied to golf course fairways.

Phosphorus applications shall be limited to no more than 0.25-0.3 pounds of fertilizer phosphorus per thousand square feet per year.

#### Section 5 Implementation of Best Management Practices

In addition to the conservative assumptions used in the computer modeling, certain best management practices (BMPs) will be implemented as part of the golf courses' maintenance program, and implementation of these BMPs will further reduce the potential for significant environmental impact. Most of these BMPs are simply common sense approaches to maintaining golf course turf in accordance with good agronomic principles and in an environmentally and economically responsible manner. The BMPs are described in greater detail in the Integrated Turf Management plan that is Appendix 14 of this DEIS.

The timing of pesticide and fertilizer applications will be such as to avoid forecasted rainfall immediately after application. If rain is forecasted for the immediate future (i.e., 48 hours), maintenance personnel shall delay application until after the threat of significant rainfall has past. Not only will this further lessen the potential for environmental impact, but it will also maximize the economic efficiency of any pesticide or fertilizer applications. Considering that a pesticide or fertilizer application can realistically require an investment of thousands of dollars, inefficient applications of fertilizer or pesticide and not obtaining desired results due to losses in runoff or leaching would also be detrimental from an economic standpoint, and desirable to avoid.

Similarly, due to the high materials and labor costs associated with pesticide applications, it can be expected that pesticides will be applied only to those areas that warrant treatment rather than a broadcast application to all areas of the golf courses. Focusing on more of a spot-treatment approach is consistent with the principles of integrated urf management which incorporates identifying those areas in need of treatment based on the exceedence of a pest level threshold and then treating only those areas where the threshold is exceeded. This integrated turf management approach to golf course management is not a new one, rather it has been performed on golf courses for decades.

The concepts of establishing pest thresholds, performing regular golf course turf inspections, and integrating cultural practices (i.e. proper mowing heights and frequencies, proper irrigation scheduling, proper fertilization practices etc.) to maximize turf resistance to pest invasion and proliferation had been routinely performed before the concept of integrated turf management became a "buzz word" within the golf course industry. The recent attention to golf course ITM has effectively formalized some of the major concepts and stressed documentation of golf course turf conditions, pest levels, treatments made, and follow-up inspections of treatment efficiencies. Implementation of ITM programs is not synonymous with the elimination of the use of pesticides but rather maximizing the efficiency and safety of pesticide use by applying only where and when needed and performing other practices which decrease the potential of pest occurrence above threshold levels.

The best management practices applied in conjunction with a fertilizer program of lesser or equal amounts of total nitrogen which was subjected to this risk analysis, and the selection of the pesticide active ingredients and their use recommendations contained in the Risk Assessment will insure that on-site and off-site surface waters and groundwater will not be impacted by the maintenance activities performed on the proposed golf courses.

In addition to the Best Management Practice described above, and in greater detail in the Integrated Turf Management Plan portion of this DEIS, additional measures will likely be incorporated as a pending publication becomes available. New York State has contracted

with Turfgrass Specialists at Cornell University to prepare a list of Best Management Practices for Golf Courses within the New York City Watershed. Unfortunately, publication of this document is behind schedule and was not available at the time of the preparation of this DEIS. According to the publication's author, Dr. Frank Rossi, this publication should be available some time in the fall of 2002 (Personal Communication Dr. Rossi to The LA Group, May 21 2002).

#### **Literature Cited**

- Anderson, J.L. et al. 1989. Soil Conservation Service Procedure Manual: Development of Standards and Specifications for Nutrient and Pesticide Management. SCS State Nutrient and Pest Management Standards and Specifications Workshop. St. Paul MN, July 1989, 453 pp.
- Athayde, D.N., P.E. Shelley, E.D. Driscoll, D. Gaboury and G.B. Boyd. 1983. *Results of the Nationwide Urban Runoff Program: Final Report*. USEPA. Water Planning Division, Washington, D.C.
- Baird, J.H. 1996. In *USGA 1995 Turfgrass and Environmental Research Summary;* Kenna, M.P. Ed. United States Golf Association. Far Hills, NJ. pp 64-65.
- Baird, J.H. 1998. In *USGA 1997 Turfgrass and Environmental Research Summary;* Kenna, M.P. and Snow J.T. Eds. United States Golf Association. Far Hills, NJ. pp 56-59.
- Balogh J.C. and W.J. Walker. 1992. *Golf Course Management and Construction Environmental Issues*. Lewis Publishers.Chelsae MD. 951 pp.
- Branham, B.E., et al. 1995. USGA Green Section Record. 33(1):33-37
- Brauen, S.E. et al. 1995. USGA Green Section Record. 33(1):29-32
- Brown K.W. e al. 1977 Influence of management and season on fate of N applied to golf greens. Agron J. 69(4):667-671
- Brunnell, L.E. and R.W. Meyer. 1996. Application of Agricultural Nonpoint Source Models to Predict Surface Water Quality Resulting From Golf Course Management Practices. <u>In Watershed 96 Proceedings</u>. Downloaded from USEPA at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/owowwtr1/watershed/Proceed/brunell.htm">http://www.epa.gov/owowwtr1/watershed/Proceed/brunell.htm</a> on December 5, 2000
- Clark, J.M. 1997. In *USGA 1997 Turfgrass and Environmental Research Summary;* Kenna, M.P., Snow J.T., Eds.; United States Golf Association. Far Hills, NJ. pp 60-63
- Cohen, S.Z. et al. 1990. Ground water monitoring study for pesticides and nitrates associated with golf courses on Cape Cod. Ground Water Monit. Rev. 10(1):160-173
- Cohen S.Z. et al. 1999
- Crowder et al. 1985. Using CREAMS and economic modeling to evaluate conservation tillage practices: An application. J. Environ Qual. 14(3):428-434
- Donigan, A.S. and P.S. Rao, 1986. Overview of terrestrial processes and modeling. In

- Hurn, H.C. and Melancon S.M. (eds) *Vadose zone modeling of organic pollutants*. Lewis Publishers, Chelsae, MD pp3-35.
- Durborow, T.E. et al. 2000. Calibration and Validation of Runoff and Leaching Models for Turf Pesticides, and Comparison with Modeling Results. Pp 195-227 In Clark, J.M. and M.P. Kenna (ed.s) Fate and Management of Turfgrass Chemicals. American Chemical Society, Washington D.C. 465 pp.
- Fairchild, D.M. 1987. A national assessment of groundwater contamination from pesticides and fertilizers. in Fairchild, D.M. (ed) Ground Water Quality and Agricultural Practices. Lewis Publishers, Chelsae MD pp.273-294
- Graves, R.M. and G.S. Cormitar. 1998. *Golf Course Design*. John Wiley and Sons, Inc. New York. 446 pp.
- Gross M.A. et al. 1990. Nutrient and sediment losses from turfgrass. J. Environ Qual.
- Gross, M.A. et al. 1991. Runoff and sediment losses from tall fescue under simulated rainfall. J. Environ. Qual. 19(4):663-668.
- Harrison, S.A. 1989 Effects of Turfgrass Establishment Method and Management on the Quality and Quantity of Nutrient and Pesticide Content of Runoff and Leachate. Unpubl. Thesis Penn State University, University Park, PA, 125pp
- Humburg, N.E. et al. 1989. Herbicide Handbook of the Weed Science Society of America 6<sup>th</sup> ed. Weed Science Society of America. Chicago. 301 pp.
- Keeney, D.R. 1986. Sources of nitrate to groundwater. CRC Crit. Rev. Environ. Control 16:257-304.
- Kenna, M.P. and J.T. Snow, 2000. The U.S. Golf Association Turfgrass and Environmental Research Program Overview. <u>In</u> Clark J.M and M.P. Kenna (ed.s) 2000. Fate and Management of Turfgrass Chemicals. American Chemical Society. Washington, DC. 465 pp.
- Kladivko, E.J. et al. 1991. Pesticide and nutrient movement into subsurface tile drains on a silt loam soil in Indiana. J. Environ Qual. 20(1):264-270
- Knisel, W.G. and F.M. Davis. 2000. GLEAMS <u>Groundwater Loading Effects of Agricultural Management Systems</u>. Version 3.0 Publication No. SEWRL-WKG/FMD-050199, revised 081500. 191 pp.
- Leonard, R.A. 1988. Herbicides in surface waters. in Grover, R. (ed.) Environmental Chemistry of Herbicides Vol. 1. CRC Press. Boca Roton, FL. pp45-87.
- Leonard, R.A. 1990. Movement of pesticides into surface waters. in Cheng, H.H.(ed). Pesticides in the Soil Environment: Processes, Impacts, and Modeling. SSSA Book Series No. 2 Soil Science Society of America, Madison, WI, pp303-349
- Leonard, R.A. and W.G. Knisel. 1988. Evaluating groundwater contamination potential from herbicide use. Weed Technol. 2(2):207-216

- Linde, D.T. 1993. Surface Runoff and Nutrient Transport Assessment on Creeping Bentgrass and Perennial Ryegrass Turf. MS Thesis, Pennsylvania State University, The Graduate School of Agricultural Sciences. 84 pp.
- Linde, D.T., T.L. Watschke, and J.A. Borger. 1995. *Transport of runoff and nutrients from fairway turfs*. USGA Green Section Record. 33(1):42-44.
- Linde, D.T. et al. 1995. Agron J. 87:176-182
- Mayer, F.L. and M.R. Ellersieck. 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Database for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. United States Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service. No. 160.
- Miltner, E.D., et al. 1996. Crop Sci. 36:1427-1433
- Montgomery, J.H. 1993. *Agrochemical Desk Reference, Environmental Data*. Lewis Publishers, Ann Arbor. 625 pp.
- Morton, T.G. et al. 1988 Influence of overwatering and fertilization on nitrogen loss from home lawns. J. Environ. Qual. 17(1):124-130.
- Petrovic, A.M. 1990. The fate of nitrogenous fertilizers applied to turfgrass. J. Environ. Qual. 19(1):1-14
- Petrovic, A. M. 1995. The impact of soil type and precipitation on pesticide and nutrient leaching from fairway turf. USGA Green Section Record. 33(1):38-41
- Pratt, P.F. (Chairman) 1985. *Agriculture and Groundwater Quality*. Council for Agricultural Science and Technology. CAST Report No. 103. 62pp.
- Rast, W. and G.F. Lee. 1978. Summary Analysis of North American OECD Eutrophication Project: Nutrient Loading - Lake Response Relationships and Trophic State. EPA-600/2-78-008
- Roy, J.W. et al. 2001. Seasonal Leaching and Biodegradation of Dicamba in Turfgrass. J Environ. Qual. 30:1360-1370
- Schueler, T.R. 1987. Controlling Urban Runoff: A Practical Manual for Planning and Designing Urban BMP's. Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments. Washington D.C.
- Schueler, T.R., P.A. Kumble, and M.A. Heraty. 199s. A Current Assessment of Urban Best Management Practices; Techniques for Reducing Non-point Source Pollution in the Coastal Zone. Anaconda Restoration Team. Washington D.C.
- Shoemaker L.L. et al 1990. Modeling management practice effects on pesticide movement to groundwater. Ground Water Monit. Rev. 10(1):109-115

- Smith, A.E., et al. 1993. In *Pesticides in Urban Environments;* Racke, K.D., Leslie, A.R. Eds.; ACS Symposium Series 522; American Chemical Society: Washington, D.C. pp168-181
- Smith, A.E. 1995. USGA Green Section Record. 33(1):13-14
- Smith, C.N. et al. 1978. Transport of Agricultural Chemicals from Small Upland Chemicals from Small Upland Piedmont Watersheds. EPA-600/3-78-056. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.
- Smith A.E. and D.C. Bridges. 1996. In *USGA 1995 Turfgrass and Environmental Research Summary;* Kenna, M.P. Ed. United States Golf Association. Far Hills, NJ. pp 76-77.
- Smith A.E. and D.C. Bridges. 1997. In *USGA 1996 Turfgrass and Environmental Research Summary;* Kenna, M.P., Snow J.T. Eds. United States Golf Association. Far Hills, NJ. pp 72-73.
- Snow, J.T. 1998. Loss of Nitrogen and Pesticides from Turf via Leaching and Runoff. USGA Green Section. For Hills, NJ. 10 pp.
- Starrett, S.K. and N.E. Christians. 1995. Nitrogen and phosphorus fate when applied to turfgrass in golf course fairway conditions. USGA Green Section Record. 33(1):23-25
- Stewart, B.A. et al 1975. Control of Water Pollution from Cropland: A Manual for Guideline Development Vol 1 EPA 600/2-75-026a USEPA Athens GA.
- USEPA 1991 Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories. USEPA Office of Water. Washington D.C.
- Waganet, R.J. and J.L. Hutson 1987. *Leaching Estimation and Chemistry Model* Version 2. Department of Agronomy Cornell University.
- Walker et al. 1990. Environmental Issues Related To Golf Course Construction and Management. United States Golf Association, Green Section. Far Hills, NJ, 378 pp.
- Watschke, T.L., P.H. Dernoeden, and D.J. Shetlar. 1995 *Advances in Turfgrass Science, Managing Turfgrass Pests*. Lewis Publishers. Boca Raton. 368 pp.

## Attachment 1 Sample WINPST Report

COOPERATOR: The LA Group, P.C. 40 Long Alley Saratoga Springs, NY 11/10/99.

TRACT: Belleayre Resort FIELD: Halcott soils (B) Watershed

WINPST SOIL / PESTICIDE INTERACTION LOSS POTENTIAL and HAZARD RATINGS REPORT

Soils Data Table: NY999 Sort Order: MUSYM Pesticide Data Table Sort Order: NAME

SOILS

HaB: HALCOTT CN-SIL 100%

HYDRO: C

PESTICIDES NY CITY WATERSHED,

NEW YORK: NY999

2,4-D AMINE REG NO: 00590500072

46.60% Dimethylamine 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate PC CODE: 030019

		Loss Potential		Fish   Hazard
Leaching	(ILP):	V ( <lh>)</lh>	V	V
Solution Runoff	(ISRP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>	${ m L}$	Λ Ι
Adsorbed Runoff	(IARP):	L (r <lh>)</lh>		V I

ABOUND FLOWABLE FUNGICIDE REG NO: 01018200415

22.90% Azoxystrobin (BSI, ISO ) PC CODE: 128810 Loss Human Fish Potential Hazard Hazard

Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>> V V | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>> V I | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>> V I | \_\_\_\_\_\_

ACCLAIM 0.5 WE HERBICIDE REG NO: 04563900178

5.05% Fenoxaprop-ethyl PC\_CODE: 128701 Loss Human Fish | Potential Hazard Hazard|

Leaching (ILP): V (<1h>> V V | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<1h>> I I | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<1h>> V |

ACE LAWN FOOD WITH WEED CONTROL 22-6-8 REG NO: 00866000170

0.94% 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid PC CODE: 030001 Loss Human Fish | Potential Hazard Hazard| 

0.94% Mecoprop PC CODE: 031501

Loss Human Fish | Potential Hazard Hazard Leaching (ILP $^{i}$ ): L (<lh>) I V |

HLCTBHAZ.TXT Page: 2 Print	ed on Tuesday,	January	25, 2000 at
Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):		H	V   V
ALIETTE FUNGICIDE REG_NO: 0002640	00467		
80.00% Fosetyl-Al PC_CODE: 1	.23301		
	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	V ( <lh>) I (r<lh>) L (r<lh>)</lh></lh></lh>	V V	V   V   V
BALAN DRY FLOWABLE REG_NO: 034704	100746		
60.00% Benfluralin PC_CODE:			
•	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	Fish     Hazard 
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):		V	L   H   V
BANNER FUNGICIDE REG_NO: 00010000	)641		=====
14.30% Propiconazole PC_CODE			
	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	Fish   Hazard  
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>	L H	V   L   V
BANOL REG_NO: 04563900088		=====	
66.50% Propamocarb hydrochlo	ride PC_CODE: 1 Loss Potential	Human	Fish   Hazard
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	L (r <lh>)</lh>	V	V   V   V
BANVEL 720 HERBICIDE REG_NO: 0003	 10000831	======	
12.82% Dicamba, dimethylamine Missing Data.	e salt PC_CODE:	029802	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
24.58% Dimethylamine 2,4-dick		ate PC	_CODE: 030019
	Loss Potential	Hụman Hazard	Fish   Hazard  
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	V ( <lh>) I (r<lh>) L (r<lh>)</lh></lh></lh>	V L	A
BARRICADE F HERBICIDE REG_NO: 000			
2.00% Prodiamine (ANSI) PC_0	CODE: 110201 Loss	Human	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Potential	nazard 	Hazard
Leaching (ILP):	V ( <lh>)</lh>		V I

\_\_\_\_\_\_

HLCTBHAZ.TXT

```
Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>)
      Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>) V
BASAGRAN HERBICIDE REG NO: 00796900045
    44.00% Sodium bentazon PC CODE: 103901
                            Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
                            Loss
                            -------
             Leaching (ILP): L (<lh>) V
       Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>) V V | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<lh>) V |
BATTALION HERBICIDE REG NO: 00052400466
    75.00% Halosulfuron-methyl PC CODE: 128721
                            Loss Human Fish |
                            Potential Hazard Hazard
             рН 7
      Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>>) V V |
Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>>) V V |
Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<lh>>) V |
BAYLETON 009 EC TURF AND ORNAMENTAL FUNGICIDE REG NO: 00312500370
    0.88% Triadimefon PC CODE: 109901
                            Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
       BETASAN 4-E LF SELECTIVE HERBICIDE REG NO: 01016300196
    46.00% Bensulide PC CODE: 009801
                           Loss
                                      Human Fish |
                            Potential Hazard Hazard
       Leaching (ILP): V (<1h>>) V V |
Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<1h>>) I I |
Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<1h>>) V |
_____
CHIPCO 26019 FUNGICIDE REG NO: 00026400481
    50.00% Iprodione (ANSI) PC_CODE: 109801

Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
       Leaching (ILP): V (<1h>) L V |
Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<1h>) H L |
Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<1h>) V |
DACONIL 2787 FLOWABLE FUNGICIDE REG NO: 05053400009
    40.40% Chlorothalonil (ANSI) PC CODE: 081901
                            Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
                            -----
       Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>> V L | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>> I H | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>> L |
```

44.40% Chlorpyrifos	(ANSI)	PC_CODE: 059101 Loss Potential		Fish   Hazard
Leaching	(ILP):	V ( <lh>&gt;)</lh>	ν	I
Solution Runoff	(ISRP):	L (r<1h>)	L	Н
Adsorbed Runoff	(IARP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>		L

DYLOX 80 TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE REG NO: 00312500184

80.00% Trichlorfon	PC_CODE:	057901 Loss Potential		Fish   Hazard
Leaching Solution Buneff		L ( <lh>) I (r<lh>)</lh></lh>	 L 	L
Solution Runoff Adsorbed Runoff	, ,	L (r <lh>)</lh>	1	T

FOLISTAR 50WP REG NO: 04563900157

50.30% Flutolanil	PC CODE:	128975		
		Loss		Fish
		Potential	Hazard	Hazard
Leaching	g (ILP):	V ( <lh>)</lh>	V	Λ
Solution Runof:	f (ISRP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>	V	L
Adsorbed Runof	f (IARP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>		V

FORE TURF AND ORNAMENTAL FUNGICIDE REG\_NO: 00070700087

80.00% Mancozeb PC	CODE: 014	504		
		Loss .	Human	Fish
		Potential	Hazard	Hazard
Leaching	(ILP):	V (<1h>)	L	L
Solution Runoff	(ISRP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>	Н	Н
Adsorbed Runoff	(IARP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>		L
				======

FUNGO 50 SYSTEMIC TURF FUNGICIDE REG\_NO: 05818500009

50.00% Thiophanate-methyl (ANSI) PC CODE: 102001

	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	Fish   Hazard
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):		V V	L   H   L
KOBAN FLOWABLE REG_NO: 0581850001	9		
40.70% Etridiazole PC_CODE:	084701		
	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	Fish   Hazard
Leaching (ILP):		L	V
Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	I (r <ln>) I (r<lh>)</lh></ln>	Н	L
LESCO TFC DISPERSIBLE GRANULE TURF	HERBICIDE REG	_NO: 01	====== 040400059
	PC_CODE: 118601 Loss Potential	Human	Fish   Hazard
pH 7 Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP):	L ( <lh>)</lh>	V	V
Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	I (r <lh>) I (r<lh>)</lh></lh>	V	V
MERIT (R) 60 WSP REG_NO: 00312500	<b></b> 492	======	======
60.00% Imidacloprid PC_CODE:	129099		
	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	,
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):		V V	V   V   V
60.00% Imidacloprid PC_CODE: Missing Data.	129099		
MOCAP EC NEMATICIDE - INSECTICIDE	REG_NO: 000264	00458	
69.60% Ethoprop (ANSI) PC_CO			
	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	Fish   Hazard
Leaching (ILP): Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>	L I	L   L
MSMA 60 PLUS SURFACTANT REG_NO: 0	======================================		======
48.40% MSMA PC_CODE: 013803			
# 	Loss Potential		Fish   Hazard
Leaching (ILP):	V (<1h>)	V	V
Solution Runoff (ISRP): Adsorbed Runoff (IARP):	i (r <lh>) I (r<lh>)</lh></lh>	L	V
NEMACUR 10% TURF AND ORNAMENTAL NE		0: 0031	====== 2500237
10.00% Fenamiphos PC CODE: 1	00601		

		Loss Potential		Fish   Hazard
Leaching Solution Runoff Adsorbed Runoff	(ISRP):	L ( <lh>) I (r<lh>) I (r<lh>)</lh></lh></lh>	I H	I   H   I

OFTANOL 1-5G INSECTICIDE REG NO: 05103600157

1.50% Isofenphos PC CODE: 109401 Human Fish | Potential Hazard Hazard Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>)

\_\_\_\_\_

ORNALIN CONTACT FUNGICIDE 50% WETTABLE POWDER/TURF REG NO: 05818500017

```
50.00% Vinclozolin PC CODE: 113201
                          Human Fish
                 Loss
                  Potential Hazard Hazard
```

ORTHENE 75 WSP (INSECTICIDE IN A WATER SOLUBLE BAG) REG NO: 05963900089

```
75.00% Acephate (ANSI) PC CODE: 103301
                                             Human Fish |
                                Potential
                                          Hazard Hazard|
       Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>> L V | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>> H V | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<lh>> L |
______
```

PCNB 2 FLOWABLE TURF & ORNAMENTAL SOIL FUNGICIDE REG NO: 00548100443

21.60% Pentachloroni	trobenzen	e PC CODE:	056502	
		Loss	Human	Fish
		Potential	Hazard	Hazard
Leaching	(ILP):	V ( <lh>&gt;)</lh>	L	V
Solution Runoff	(ISRP):	L (r <lh>)</lh>	I	· L
Adsorbed Runoff	(IARP):	I (r <lh>)</lh>		V

PRE-M 3.3 EC TURF HERBICIDE REG NO: 00024100360

37.40% Pendimethalin	(ANSI)	PC_CODE: 108501 Loss Potential		Fish   Hazard
Leaching Solution Runoff Adsorbed Runoff	(ISRP):	V ( <lh>) I (r<lh>) I (r<lh>)</lh></lh></lh>	Г	L I H I

PROGRASS EMULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE REG NO: 04563900068

19.00% Ethofumesate	(ANSI)	PC CODE: 110601		
		Loss	Human	Fish
	1	Potential	Hazard	Hazard
	\$			

HLCTBHAZ.TXT

Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>) Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>)Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<lh>)V I \_\_\_\_\_\_ PROTURF PYTHIUM CONTROL REG NO: 00053800185 1.21% Metalaxyl (ANSI) PC CODE: 113501 Loss Human Fish | Potential Hazard Hazard| Leaching (ILP): L (<lh>>) V Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>) Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>) RONSTAR 1% WITH FERTILIZER REG NO: 06750800001 1.00% Oxadiazon (ANSI) PC CODE: 109001 Loss Human Fish | Potential Hazard Hazard! Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>) L Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>) Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>) ROUNDUP HERBICIDE REG NO: 00052400445 41.00% Glyphosate, isopropylamine salt PC CODE: 103601 Loss Human Fish Potential Leaching (ILP): V (<1h>) V V Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>) Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>) \_\_\_\_\_ RUBIGAN 50W TURF & ORNAMENTAL REG NO: 06271900126 50.00% Fenarimol (ANSI) PC CODE: 206600 Loss Human Fish Potential Hazard Hazard Leaching (ILP): L  $(\langle lh \rangle)$  V L | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>) Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>) \_\_\_\_\_ SCOTTS TGR POA ANNUA CONTROL REG NO: 00053800252 2.10% Ethofumesate (ANSI) PC CODE: 110601 Loss Human Fish Potential Hazard Hazard Leaching (ILP): V (f<lh>V V | V | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (rf<lh>V V V | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (rf<lh>V V | \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SENTINEL 40 WG TURF FUNGICIDE REG NO: 00010000863 40.00% Cyproconazole PC CODE: 128993 Human Fish Loss Potential Hazard Hazard Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>>) L V |
Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>>) H V |
Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>>) V | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<lh>)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

75.00% Thiram PC CODE: 079801

· <del>-</del>		Loss Potential	Human Hazard	Hazard
Leachin Solution Runof Adsorbed Runof	, ,	V ( <lh>) I (r<lh>) L (r<lh>)</lh></lh></lh>		I   X   L

TRIMEC 1158 BROADLEAF HERBICIDE REG NO: 00221700784

3.24% Dicamba (ANSI)	PC CODE:	029801			
		Loss	Human	Fish	١
		Potential	Hazard	Hazard	l
					ĺ
Leaching	(ILP):	V (f <lh>)</lh>	V	V	l
Solution Runoff	(ISRP):	L (rf <lh>)</lh>	V	V	l
Adsorbed Runoff	(IARP):	L (rf <lh>)</lh>		L	ı

32.43% MCPA	PC_CODE;	030501	Loss Potential	Human Hazard	
	Leaching	(TLP):	V (f <lh>)</lh>	V	V

Solution Runoff (ISRP): L (rf<lh>) Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (rf<lh>);

12.96% Mecoprop PC CODE: 031501

		Loss	Human	Fish
		Potential	Hazard	Hazard
pH 7				
Leaching	(ILP,):	<pre>V (f<lh>)</lh></pre>	L	V
Solution Runoff	(ISRP):	L (rf <lh>)</lh>	I	V

HLCTBHAZ.TXT

```
Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (rf<lh>)
TRIMEC 13 WEED'N-FEED REG NO: 00221700532
    0.07% Dicamba, dimethylamine salt PC CODE: 029802
         Missing Data.
    0.69% Dimethylamine 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate PC CODE: 030019
                               Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
        Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>> V V | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>> L V | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<lh>> V |
    0.31% Dimethylamine 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionate PC CODE: 031519
        Missing Data.
TRIPLET HI-D SELECTIVE HERBICIDE REG NO: 00022800311
    1.67% Dicamba, dimethylamine salt PC CODE: 029802
         Missing Data.
    41.08% Dimethylamine 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate PC CODE: 030019
                                Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
        6.95% Mecoprop-P PC CODE: 129046
        Missing Data.
______
TUPERSAN HERBICIDE REG NO: 01016300213
     50.00% Siduron (ANSI) PC CODE: 035509
                               Loss
                                            Human Fish |
                                Potential Hazard Hazard
        Leaching (ILP): V (<1h>> V | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<1h>) V | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): I (r<1h>) V |
TURCAM REG NO: 04563900059
     76.00% Bendiocarb (ANSI) PC_CODE: 105201
                                Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
        TURFLON II AMINE REG NO: 06271900075
     34.20% Dimethylamine 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate PC CODE: 030019
                                Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard|
        Leaching (ILP): V (<1h>> V V | Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<1h>> L V | Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<1h>> V |
```

HLCTBHAZ.TXT Page: 9 Printed on Tuesday, January 25, 2000 at 8:22 AM

HLCTBHAZ.TXT Page

TWIN LIGHT CHLORONEB TURF FUNGICIDE REG NO: 00115900186

WEEDONE 638 BROADLEAF HERBICIDE REG NO: 07136800003

13.80% 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid PC\_CODE: 030001

Loss Human Fish |
Potential Hazard Hazard
Leaching (ILP): V (<lh>) V V |
Solution Runoff (ISRP): I (r<lh>) L V |
Adsorbed Runoff (IARP): L (r<lh>) V |

24.50% Butoxyethyl 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate PC\_CODE: 030053 Missing Data.

(.\REPORTS\HLCTBHAZ.TXT generated on 01/25/2000 at 08:21:40)

#### Ratings Legend:

Ratings:

X -- EXTRA HIGH

H -- HIGH

I -- INTERMEDIATE

r -- rom

V -- VERY LOW

Conditions that affect ratings:

Effect on ratings:

Broadcast -- Default application area.

Pesticide applied to more than 50% of the field.

b -- Banded Application. -1 PLP, -1 PSRP, -1 PARP Pesticide applied to less than 50% of the field.

Surface Applied -- Default application method.

i -- Soil Incorporated. +1 PLP, -1 PSRP, -1 PARP

-- Foliar Application. -1 PLP, -1 PSRP, -1 PARP

Standard -- Default application Rate. Greater than 0.25 lb/acre.

l -- Low Rate of Application.

1/4 - 1/10 lb/acre (280 - 112 g/ha) -1 PLP, -1 PSRP, -1 PARP

-- Ultra Low Rate of Application.

1/10 lb/acre (112 g/ha) or less. -2 PLP, -2 PSRP, -2 PARP

m -- There are macropores or cracks in

the surface horizon deeper than 24". +1 SLP

w -- The high water table comes within

Printed on Tuesday, January 25, 2000 at 8:22 AM

\_\_\_\_\_\_

	24" of the surface during the growing season.		SLP =	= H.	ГGН		
	The slope is greater than 15%.		021	•••		+1	SARP
r	Residue Management.			-1	ISRP,	-1	IARP
<hl></hl>	High probability of rain, Low efficiency irrigation.	+1	ILP,	+1	ISRP,	+1	IARP
	3	-1	ILP,	-1	ISRP,	-1	IARP
<1h>	Low probability of rain, High efficiency irrigation.	-1	ILP,	-1	ISRP,	-1	IARP

HLCTBHAZ.TXT

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

# Attachment 2 Sample LEACHM Input Report

```
bellha10 ATM-WATER-PESTICIDE-TEMPERATURE-PLANT-INTERACTION
(A value must be present for each item, although it may not be used)
_____
Date type (US:1 UK:2)
Starting date
Read theta(1) or pot'1(2)
                               010196 Ending (date or day no.) 123196
Read theta(1) or pot'l(2)

No. of water applications

Cycles through data

K-Th-h from PSD:yes(1)no(0)

2 No. of chemical species

180 No. chemical applications

1 No. of crops

1 Trace 1(on) 0(off)
______
PROFILE DETAILS
Profile depth (mm) .2540E+03 Bottom boundary condition 2
Segment thickness (mm) .1270E+03 :1 or 5, water table depth .2000E+04
FOR UNIFORM PROFILE: (Any non-zero value here will override those in the
table of hydrological characteristics below).
Soil bulk density Mg/cu.m .0000E+00 Air -entry value' kPa
Exponent in Campbell's eq .0000E+00 Sat'd K values (mm/day)
                                                                     .0000E+00
_____
CROP DATA
Plants present: 1 yes, 0 no 1 Wilting point (soil) kPa -.2000E+03
Max(actual tran/potl tran) .1200E+01 Min.root water pot'l(kpa) -.2000E+03 Roots: Const(1);growing(2) 1 Max.root water pot'l(kpa) -.6000E+03 Root length (not used) .5000E+03 Root flow resistance term .1050E+01
______
DIFFUSION/DISPERSION
______
Molecular diffusion | Do .1200E+03 Dispersivity (mm)
coefficient (mm2/d) | DIFA .1000E-02 Diff coeff in air (mm2/d) .4300E+06
(Bresler's eq.) | DIFB .1000E+02 Barometric enhancement .1400E+06
______
NUMBER OF OUTPUT FILES
Units: 1 mg/kg, 2 mg/m2

Node print frequency

Print options: 1, 2 or 3

1: Time intervals/print

2: days/print

3: No. of prints (even)

Tables printed: 1, 2 or 3

Depth 2 to [depth 3?]

----- .SUM file ------

1: Summary print interval (d)

30

To Summary print interval (d)

30

To Summary print interval (d)

30

Three depth segments for the summary

2 file (0's default to thirds of the

1 profile) (mm):

7.0 Surface to [depth 1?]

000

To Depth 1 to [depth 2?]

000

To Depth 2 to [depth 3?]

000
                                        ---- .SUM file -----
 -- .OUT file -----
************************
***********************
          TIMES AT WHICH *.OUT FILE IS DESIRED (if print option = 3)
                 _____
        Date or Time of day Date or Time of day
        Day no. (to nearest tenth) Day no. (to nearest tenth)

      122688
      .2
      122888
      .6

      010189
      .5
      010489
      .0

******************
******************
                        INITIAL PROFILE DATA
                        SOIL TEMP
                   CHEM1
                              CHEM2 CHEM3
                                                   CHEM4
LAYER NO. C
                    ----mg/kg dry soil----
```

```
      00.6
      00.0
      0.0
      0.0
      000.0

      00.6
      00.0
      0.0
      0.0
      000.0

   Concentration (mg/l) below the profile (not used)
              0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****************
  Particle size distribution Conductivity matching factor
      Clay Silt Rho Organic (Used if K-theta calc from PSD)
Layer
        carbon Hydr. cond. at Matric pot'l % kg/dm3 % mm/d kPa
no.
       _____

      17.0
      53.
      1.30
      4.50
      792

      17.0
      13.
      1.50
      0.00
      792

                                              -00.
______
Particle density kg/dm3: Clay Sand Organic matter 2.65 2.65 1.10
*******************
******************
Soil |Starting values | Hydrological Characteristics| Root
layer |----- | ------ fraction
************************
                 CROP DATA
Crop Start Emergence Maturity Harvest Rel. Crop Plant Pan
        Root Plant root cover density factor
    ...... Date or Day no ..... depth frac not used
 1 040196 040296 040396 040396 040997 1.00 1.0 2.000 1.00
*************
                 CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
              Solubility Vapor Density Koc
Species
                                        Link
                                             Plant
 No.
       Name mg/dm3 mg/dm3 l/kg
                                             Uptake
      _____
                       -----
                                _____
                                        ---- 1(ves), 0(no)
      CHLORSULF' .2800E+01 .9010E-04 .4000E+02 0
 2 ' ETHOFUMES' .8000E+02 .0102E-00 .3400E+03 0
 3 ' GLYPHOSAT' .1200E+05 .0000E+00 .2640E+04 
4 ' PACLBUTRA' .3500E+02 .0000E+00 .4000E+03
                                        . 0
******************
 The values of L1,L2--->Ln ('Link' in the Chemical Properties above)
  determine which species form a transformation chain.
С
   Setting Ln = 0 breaks the pathway, Ln = 1 restores it.
С
С
               Transformation pathways---->
               RATE 2 RATE 3 RATE 4
С
       RATE 1
С
   SE1----/L1/--->SE2----/L2/--->SE3----/L3/--->SE4---/L4/--->...
             С
                          | RATE 7
С
   | RATE 5
               | RATE 6
                                     | RATE 8
                                              Degradation
                                      pathways
```

С	Λ	V	Δ.	V	
C	PRODUCT	PRODUCT	PRODUCT	PRODUCT	1
С					Λ

#### TEMPERATURE AND WATER CONTENT EFFECTS ON RATE CONSTANTS \_\_\_\_\_\_

- (Include temperature subroutine? yes(1), no(0)) (Q10: factor by which rate constant changes per 10 C increase)
- 16 (Base temperature: at which rate constants below apply)
- 35 (Optimum temperature: Q10 relationship applies from 0 C to here)
- 50 (Maximum temperature: Rate constants decrease from optimum to here)
- .08 (High end of optimum water content range: air-filled porosity) high: air-filled porosity)
  - -300 (Lower end of optimum water content: matric potential kPa)
- -1500 (Minimum matric potential for transformations kPa)
  - 0.6 (Relative transformation rate at saturation)

\* RATE CONSTANTS (day \*\* -1) (All rate constants may vary with depth)

	Chemical 1	Chemical 2	Chemical 3	Chemical 4
Soil	Rate 1	Rate 2	Rate 3	Rate 4
Layer No.	1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day
1	0.0043E+00	0.0029E+00	0.0900E-01	0.0030E-00
2	0.0043E+00	0.0029E+00	0.0900E-01	0.0030E-00
Soil	Rate 5	Rate 6	Rate 7	Rate 8
Layer No.	1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day
1 2	0.0000E-00	0.0000E-01	0.0000E-01	0.0000E-01
	0.0000E-00	0.0000E-01	0.0000E-01	0.0000E-01

#### RAIN/IRRIGATION AND WATER COMPOSITION

						-	
STA	RT	AMOUNT	RATE	CHEM1	CHEM2	CHEM3	CHEM4
Date or	Time of	mm	mm/d		${\tt mg/l}$		
Day no.	Day						
	-(10th)						
3	.2	8.1	120	0	0	0	0
4	. 2	3.8	120	0	0	0	0
8	.2	4.6	120	0,	0	0	0
9	.2	3.6	120	0	0	0	0
10	.2	1.8	120	0	0	0	0
13	.2	5.6	120	0	0	0	0
18	.2	1.3	120	0	0	0	0
19	.2	8.1	120	0	Ο '	0	0
20	.2	54.6	120	0	0	0	0
24	.2	3.8	120	0	0	0	0
25	.2	21.6	120	0	0	0	0
27	.2	15.0	120	. 0	0	0	0 -
28	.2	39.1	120	0	0	0	0
30	. 2	0.8	120	0	0	0	0 ,
31	.2	1.0	120	0	Ο .	0	0
34	.2	2.0	120	0	0	0	0
39	, 2	0.8	120	0	0	0	0
40	. 2	3.3	120	0	0	0	0

42 43 46 48 53 55 56 66 67 68 88 87 93 93 104 105 107 108 114 115 116 117 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	.2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .	0.8 3.0 0.8 1.5 13.7 3.8 1.8 1.5 13.7 3.8 1.5 13.7 3.8 1.5 13.7 3.0 9.7 4.3 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120		000000000000000000000000000000000000000

160 161 163 164 165 166 167 170 172 173 174 177 180 182 183 185 186 187 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 199 202 208 209 210 211 212 2213 2240 237 240 243 247 249 255 255 258 268 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 27	.2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	59.7 3.8 17.8 9.0 1.5 1.0 9.0 1.0 13.0 0.3 25.4 2.8 8.1 9.4 1.3 7.6 10.7 12.7	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120				
253 255 258 261 262 263	.2 .2 .2 .2 .2	2.5 12.7 4.6 5.1 20.3 0.8	120 120 120 120 120 120	0	0	0	0
267 268	2	13.5	120 120	0	0	0	0

	269 270 273 275 277 283 284 295 298 305 305 313 314 315 316 317 318 324 325 326 337 331 332 336 337 339 341 342 343 343 349 350	.2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	5.6 0.3 24.9 12.7 0.8 12.7 17.8 7.6 2.0 0.8 77.7 16.5 3.8 9.9 0.5 2.0 0.3 0.5 118.6 3.8 0.5 0.3 18.5 2.0 0.8 3.6 10.7 6.4 4.6 72.4 2.0 8.1 3.8 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	344	.2	0.3	120	0	0	0	0
					_			_
					-	<del>-</del>		
	353	.2	0.8	120	. 0	0	0	0
	354	.2	3.8	120	0	0	0	0
	355	.2	3.6	120	0	0	0	0
	360	.2	13.5	120	. 0	0	0	0
	364	.2	0.3	120	0	0 '	0	0
	365	.2	12.7	120	Ö	0	0	0
*					*****	*****	•	-
	C. B. B. C. C. C.		Table 1 1 1 1 1 1					

### CHEMICAL APPLICATIONS

START OF DAY (Date or Day no.)	INCORP'N (SEGMENTS)	CHEM1 mg/	CHEM2 sq.m (1mg/so	CHEM3 $q.m = .01kc$	CHEM4, g/ha)
168	0	448	224	84	224
254	0	448	2.2.4	8.4	2.2.4

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

POTENTIAL ET (WEEKLY TOTALS, mm), DEPTH TO WATER TABLE (mm)
MEAN WEEKLY TEMPERATURES AND MEAN WEEKLY AMPLITUDE (degrees C)

	MEEVLI :	LEMPERATURES			 	
WEEK NO.	ET	WATER TABLE	MEAN TEMP	AMPL	 	
1	00.0	2000.	-11.1	8.0		
2	00.0	2000.	-11.5	4.0		
3	00.0	2000.	-03.4	8.0		
4	00.0	2000.	-05.2	5.0		
5	00.0	2000.	-12.5	4.0		
6	00.0	2000.	-10.0	9.0		
7	00.0	2000.	-11.7	4.0		
8	00.0	2000.	00.2	9.0		
9	00.0	2000.	-03.5	7.0		
10	00.0	2000.	-09.6	6.0		
11	00.0	2000.	-01.3	7.0		
12	00.0	2000.	-01.4	5.0		
13	00.0	2000.	-01.1	4.0		
14	00.0	2000.	00.7	3.5		
15	00.0	2000.	00.9	5.0		
16	00.0	2000.	03.5	6.0		
17	00.0	2000.	07.5	6.0		
18	12.7	2000.	07.3	1.0		
19	14.5	2000.	07.7	6.0		
20	28.2	2000.	06.5	7.0		
21	35.3	2000.	15.1	6.0		
22	31.0	2000.	09.8	3.0		
23	32.8	2000.	15.5	3.0		
24	38.3	2000.	18.0	2.0		
25	21.3	2000.	15.9	2.0		
26	32.5	2000.	14.0	2.0		
27	30.2	2000.	15.4	3.0		
28	33.8	2000.	16.2	4.0		
29	32.0	2000.	17.0	4.0		
30	31.2	2000.	15.9	3.0		
31	26.7	2000.	15.3	2.0		
32	29.5	2000.	17.9	3.0		
33	31.8	2000.	15.8	2.0		
34	31.5	2000.	17.3	2.0		
35	26.4	2000.	16.4	3.0		
36	25.9	2000.	17.7	2.0		
37	17.8	2000.	14.4	3.0		
38	18.8	2000.	13.2	5.0		
39	10.9	2000.	12.3	3.0		
40	21.8	2000.	11.7	5.0		
41	14.5	2000.	11.3	6.0		
42	15.7	2000.	07.9	4.0		
43	17.5	2000.	07.6	4.0		
44	09.9	2000.	2.7	5.0		
45	00.0	2000.	5.6	3.0		
46	00.0	2000.	-4.3	5.0		•
47	00.0	2000.	-2.9	8.0		
48	00.0	2000.	-3.5	6.0		
49	00.0	2000.	-1.4	4.0		
50	00.0	2000.	-2.1	2.0		

51	00.0	2000.	-3.7	8.0	
52	00.0	2000.	-2.8	5.0	
53	00.0	2000.	-0.7	4.0	

į

### Attachment 3

Sample LEACHM Output Report

#### SOIL HYDROLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### PREDICTED RETENTIVITY AND CONDUCTIVITY DATA

Depth (mm)	Water content, theta (Conductivity mm/day)										
	Satrn	-3 kPa	-10 kPa	-30 kPa	-100 kPa	-1500 kPa					
64.		.452									
191.	.433	.251	.212	.181	.153	.105					

\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED .000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 1/ 1/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2			3.	, <b>3</b> .	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Currently in profile	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change .0	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment			.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	.0	.0	.0	.0
<pre>iii) by transformation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	.0	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF **ETHOFUMES** GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Depth i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Gas ug/l kPa mm ug/kg mg/lug/kg ug/l uq/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/1ug/l .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 64. .188 -1515.0 .0 .000E+00 191. .104 -1515.0 .0 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 Drainage flux : .0 .00 Total 37.2 .00

.00 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1s	t %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 5t	n %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 16t	n %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 50t	h %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 84t	h %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 95t	h %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 99t	h %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		.00E+00		

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: .000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration CHLORSULF **ETHOFUMES** C (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Incr. .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .900 .6 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

191. .0 .100 .6 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00 .00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 7.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND N	MASS
BALANCE DATE 1/7/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
FACEBUIKA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	48.8	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change	:	.0 11.6	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	11.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs .0</pre>	n:	.2	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass error .0	:	.1	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux			CF	HLORSUL	ETHOFUMES				
GLYPHOSA	TA			PACLBUTRA	Ą				
Depth			i5	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Sol	ution	Gas	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/	1	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/l	cg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mç	g/l	ug/l	

64. .249 -246.0 11.7 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00

191. .135 -244.8 3.9 .000E+00 .000E+00

Total 48.8 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc					0 mm	.00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00	)			
Depth and conc	of	5th	%ile		0 mm	.00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00	)			
Depth and conc	of	16th	%ile		0 mm	.00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00	)			
Depth and conc	of	50th	%ile		0 mm	.00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00					.00E+00				
Depth and conc	of	84th	%ile		0 mm	.00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
-			0		.00E+00				
Depth and conc	of	95th	%ile		0 mm	.00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
					.00E+00		4,		
Depth and conc			_					0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00					.00E+00				
			J			•			

PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME:	7.000 i	DAYS	CROP	COVER:	.000	ROC	OT POTENT	IAL:15	15E+04 kPa	
Node	Roots	RDF	Temp C	Trans	piratio	n	_	by plant RSULF	s (mg/m2) ETHOFUM	ES
GLYPHOSAT	P	ACLBUTRA								
				Inc	r. (	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	
Cum. I:	ncr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum	. •					
64.	.0	.900	-11.8		0	.0.	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.0	00E+00
.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E	:+00						
191.	.0		-11.3	=	0	.0.	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.0	00E+00
.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E	:+00						
Total:	500.0				0	.0.	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.0	00E+00
.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E	2+00						

TIME ELAPSED 14.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 1/14/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile .0	:	62.6	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change	:	.0 25.4	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	27.5	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	2.0	.0	.0	.0
	•:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation .0	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	.1	.0	.0	.0

Node	Theta	Potnl	Flux	CH	HLORSULF		ETH	HOFUMES
GLYPHOS	AT			PACLBUTRA	A.			
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	. Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	l Solu	ıtion	Gas	Total Sc	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/l	kg m	ıg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
64.	.322	-47.1	13.8	.000E+0	00 .000E+0	00 .000E+0	0 .000E+00	.000E+00
.000E+0	0 .000	)E+00 .	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	
191.	.171	-45.8	4.6	.000E+0	00 .000E+0	000E+0	0 .000E+00	.000E+00
.000E+0	0 .000	DE+00 .	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	
Dra	inage :	flux :	.0					
Total	62.6				.00		. (	00
.00			14	.00				

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.')

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the

soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc	of	1st	%ile		0 mm .00E+	00	(	) mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00				
Depth and conc	of	5th	%ile		0 mm .00E+	00	. (	) mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00				
Depth and conc	of	16th	%ile		0 mm .00E+	00	(	) mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00				
Depth and conc	of	50th	%ile.		0 mm .00E+	00	. (	) mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00									
Depth and conc	of	84th	%ile		0 mm .00E+	00	(	) mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00									
Depth and conc	of	95th	%ile		0 mm .00E+	00	(	mm C	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00				
Depth and conc	of	99th	%ile		0 mm .00E+	00	(	) mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			0	mm	.00E+00				

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME:	14.000	DAYS	CROP C	OVER: .000	RO	OT POTENT	IAL:15	15E+04 kPa	
Node	Roots	RDF	Temp C	Transpirat	ion	-	by plant RSULF	s (mg/m2) ETHOFUMES	S
GLYPHOSA	T P	ACLBUTRA							
				Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.					
64.	.0	.900	-11.7	.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000	00+3C
.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+	00					
191.	.0	.100	-11.5	.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.00	0E+00
.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+	00					
Total:	500.0			.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.00	0E+00
.000E+00	.000E+0C	.000E+0	0.000E+	00					

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPS BALANCE	ED 21.000 DAY	'S		CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 1/2	1/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA			mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	•
mg/m2	mg/m2					
Initial tot	al	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Currently i	n profile	:	82.1	.0	.0	.0

Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
Cum, runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	44.9	.0	.0	.0
.0					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	91.5	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
Losses: i) in drainage	:	41.9	.0	.0	.0
.0					
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs; .0</pre>	n:	4.6	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
.0					
Mass error	:	.1	.0	.0	.0
.0					

Node T		Potnl	Flux	CH PACLBUTRA	HLORSULF		ETI	HOFUMES
Depth	• •		i5	Total		Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solu	ition	Gas	Total So	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/1	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/k	ig m	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
	423			.000E+0			0 .000E+0	0 .000E+00
.000E+00				.000E+00			.000E+00	
191	224	-6.8	48.6	.000E+0	00 .000E+C	00 .000E+0	0 .000E+0	0 .000E+00
.000E+00	.000	E+00 .	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+0C	.000E+00	.000E+00	

Total 82.1 .00 .00

Drainage flux: 41.9

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc o	f 1st	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc o	f 5th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc o	f 16th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	,.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc o	f 50th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		

Depth and conc of	84th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm'	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	95th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	99th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	O mm	.00E+00		

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 21.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa Node Roots RDF Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Temp CHLORSULF С (mm) ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 64. .0 .900 -4.4 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. .0 .100 -4.1 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*

TIME ELAPSED 28.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 1/28/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	84.7	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change .0	:	47.6	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	171.1	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	115.5	.0	.0	.0

.0	ii)	ру	evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	7.9	.0	.0	.0
.0	iii)	рà	transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0	iv)	рy	degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0	v)	рy	plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
	error			:	.2	.0	.0	.0

Node Theta Potnl Flux GLYPHOSAT	CHLORSULF PACLBUTRA	ETHOFUMES		
Depth i5	Total Solution Gas	Total Solution		
Gas Total Solution	Gas Total Solution	Gas		
mm kPa mm	ug/kg mg/l ug/l	ug/kg mg/l		
ug/l $ug/kg$ $mg/l$	ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l		
64435 -6.4 76.2	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+0	0 .000E+00 .000E+00		
.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	.000E+00		
191232 -5.2 74.7	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+0	0 .000E+00 .000E+00		
.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	.000E+00		
Drainage flux : 73.6				

Total 84.7 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 5th		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	O mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	·	
Depth and conc of 84th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 95th	, %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		

TIME: 28.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.1515E+04 kPa

Node	Roots	RDF	Temp C	Transpirat (mm)	ion	Uptake by plant CHLORSULF	s (mg/m2) ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOSE	AT PA	ACLBUTRA				A Company	
				Incr.	Cum.	Incr. Cum	. Incr.
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.			
64	0	.900	-5.3	.0	.0	.000E+00.000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+0	0.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+0	0			
191	0	.100	-5.0	.0	.0	.000E+00.000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+0	0.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+0	0		e <sup>2</sup>	
Total:	500.0			.0	.0	.000E+00.000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+0	0.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+0	0			

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	

TIME ELAPSED 35.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND I	MASS
BALANCE DATE 2/4/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total .0	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile .0	:	77.8	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0	_		_
Simulated change	:	40.6	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irric	g :	174.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	125.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	sn:	9.2	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	.2	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES Node Theta Potnl Flux PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT Depth i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Gas ug/kg mg/l ug/l kPa mm ug/kg mg/lug/kg mg/lug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/l 64. .401 -11.3 2.5 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00

64. .401 -11.3 2.5 .000E+00 .0

Total 77.8 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile 0 m	mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00				
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile 0 m	mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		E+00		
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile 0 m	mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		E+00		
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile 0 1	mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00	E+00		
Depth and conc of 84th	%ile 0 m	mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00	E+00		
Depth and conc of 95th	%ile 0 :	mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		E+00		
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile 0 :	mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		E+00		

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.1515E+04 kPa TIME: 35.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) RDF Transpiration Temp Node Roots CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Incr. .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 64. .0 .900 -11.7.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 191. .0 .100 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

.000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 42.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 2/11/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	77.0	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	39.8	.0	.0	.0
.0					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	;	179.8	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0,	.0	.0
.0				•	•
Losses: i) in drainage	:	128.9	•0	.0	. 0
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs</pre>	n:	10.9	.0	.0	.0
.0					
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	. 0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	.1	.0	.0	.0
.0	•	• +	• •	• •	• •

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node 7		Potnl	Flux	CH PACLBUTRA	ILORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
Depth			i5	Total	Solutio	n Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota:	l Solu	ıtion	Gas	Total S	olution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/	kg n	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
						-00 .000E+0	.000E+0	0 .000E+00
191. .000E+00	.209 0 .00	-10.9 0E+00 .	3.6	.000E+0	00 .000E+		.000E+0	0 .000E+00

Total 77.0 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	5th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	16th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	50th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	84th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00					
Depth and conc of	95th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00					
Depth and conc of	99th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 42.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Transpiration Node Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Cum. Incr. .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .900 -10.6 .0 64. .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .100 -10.1.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 49.000 DAYS
BALANCE

Water CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT

CUMULATIVE TOTALS AND MASS

DATE 2/18/96 PACLBUTRA

			mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2	mg/m2					
Initial,tot	cal	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Currently	in profile	:	76.4	.0	.0	.0
	d on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runof:	f	:	.0			
Simulated of		:	39.2	.0	. 0	.0
	i) in rain or irrig	:	185.1	.0	.0	.0
.0	ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
	in drainage	:	133.0	.0	.0	.0
ii)	by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	12.7	.0	.0	.0
	by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
	by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
	by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass error		:	.1	.0	.0	.0
• 0						

Node '	Theta	Potnl	Flux	CH	HLORSULI	?		ETI	HOFUMES
GLYPHOS.	AT			PACLBUTRA	A				
Depth			i5	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	l Solu	ıtion	Gas	Total	Solu	tion	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/	L	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/	kg m	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	m	g/l	ug/l	
64.	.394	-12.7	3.5	.000E+0	000.000	E+00	.000E+0	0 .000E+0	0 .000E+00
.000E+0	0 .00	OE+00 .	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E	+00 .	000E+00	.000E+00	
191.	.208	-11.5	3.9	.000E+0	000.000	E+00	.000E+0	0 .000E+0	0 .000E+00
.000E+0	0 .00	0E+00 .	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E	+00 .	000E+00	.000E+00	

Total 76.4 .00 .00

Drainage flux : 4.2

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00

Depth and conc o	of 5th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc o	of 16th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc	of 50th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc	of 84th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc	of 95th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc	of 99th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00		

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 49.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.1515E+04 kPa

Node	e Roots	RDF	Temp '	Transpira (mm)		-	by plant	s (mg/m2) ETHOFUMES	}
GLYPHOS	SAT P	ACLBUTE	R.A.	, ,					
				Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.					
64	10	.900	-11.8	.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000	E+00
.000E+0	00.000E+00	.000E-	+00.000E+0	0					
193	L0	.100	-11.4	.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000	E+00
.000E+0	00.000E+00	.000E-	+00.000E+0	0					
Total:	500.0		4	.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000	)E+00
.000E+0	00.000E+00	.000E-	+00.000E+0	0					

\*

TIME ELAPSED 56.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 2/25/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	79.5	.0	.0	.0
.0 Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff Simulated change .0	:	.0 42.3	.0	.0	.0

Additions:	i) in rain or irrig	:	204.9	.0	.0;	.0
.0	ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
	in drainage	:	147.0	.0	.0	.0
	by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	15.4	.0	. 0	.0
	by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
iv)	by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v)	by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass error		:	.2	.0	.0	.0

Node 7	[heta	Potnl	Flux	CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES				
GLYPHOSA	TP			PACLBUTRA	•			
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota	l Sol	ution	Gas	Total So	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/1
ug/l	ug/	kg i	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
.000E+00 191. .000E+00	0 .00 .216 0 .00	0E+00 -8.6	.000E+00 15.1 .000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00 0 .000E+0	.000E+00 0 .000E+0	0 .000E+00	
Total	79.5				00		. (	00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

.00

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc o 0 mm .00E+00				0 mm	.00E+00
Depth and conc o	f 5th		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
Depth and conc o	f 16th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
Depth and conc c	f 50th		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc c				0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc c		0 mm	.00E+00	O mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc c 0 mm .00E+00	f 99th		0 mm .00E+00 .00E+00	O mm	.00E+00

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa TIME: 56.000 DAYS Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) CHLORSULF С (mm) ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Incr. .0 .900 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 -1.8 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. .0 .100 -1.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 Total: 500.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*

TIME ELAPSED 63.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 3/3/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2			-	_	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	77.2	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			·
Simulated change	:	40.1	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	211.2	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Losses: i) in drainage .0	:	153.5	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsr	1:	17.5	.0	.0	.0
.0 iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 iv) by degradation .0	:		.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution Depth Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Gas ug/kg mg/l ug/l kPa mm ug/kg mg/lmm ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg ug/l ug/l mg/l

64. .398 -11.9 4.3 .000E+00 .0

Total 77.2 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

.00E+00 Depth and conc of 1st %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 5th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 16th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 50th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 84th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 95th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm Depth and conc of 99th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00

PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 63.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.1515E+04 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2)
C (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES

GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA

				Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.					
	.0			.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00	
.000E+00	0.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+00						
191.	. 0	.100	-3.1	.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00	
.000E+00	).000E+00	.000E+00	0.000E+00						
Total:	500.0			.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00	
.000E+00	0.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+00						

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 70.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 3/10/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUIKA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2			-	_	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	80.9	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	43.7	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	238.6	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	172.9	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsr .0</pre>	ı:	21.8	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation .0	:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	.2	. 0	.0	.0
.0					

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node T	heta '	Potnl Flux	CHLORSULF			ETHOFUMES		
GLYPHOSA	ΥT		PACLBUTRA	A				,
Depth		i5	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	

mm kPa mm ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg hg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/l

Total 80.9 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 1	16th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of S	50th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 8		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 9	95th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of S	99th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 70.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.1515E+04 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2)

C (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES

GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .900 64. -9.1 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .100 -8.4.000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

Total: 500.0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+0

**********	*************
****	

TIME ELAPSED 77.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 3/17/96 · PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
<pre>Initial total .0</pre>	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile .0	:	75.8	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0		_	_
Simulated change .0	:	38.6	.0	• 0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	238.6	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) as amendment .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	178.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	21.8	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	.2	.0	.0	.0

Node Theta Potnl Flux	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT	PACLBUTRA	
Depth i5	Total Solution Gas	Total Solution
Gas Total Solution	Gas Total Solution	Gas
mm kPa mm	ug/kg mg/l ug/l	ug/kg mg/l
ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l
	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+0	
	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	
	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+0	
.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	.000E+00
Drainage flux : 5.1		
Total 75.8	.00	.00 '
		.00
.00	.00	

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for

the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc	of 1s	: %ile		0 mm .00E+00	9.7	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc	of 5t	n %ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc					*	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0	mm	.00E+00	ur*		
Depth and conc	of 50t	n %ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00							
Depth and conc	of 84t	n %ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00				.00E+00			
				0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
_				.00E+00			
				0 mm .00E+00		O mm	.00E+00
	01 336			.00E+00		o man	.002.00
0 Ituli .00E100		U	111111	.001100			

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

ES
00E+00
00E+00
00E+00
001.00
00E

*************										
TIME ELAPSED 84.000 DAYS		CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS						
BALANCE DATE 3/24/96	Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT						
PACLBUTRA	mm	mg/m2	mg/m2							
mg/m2 mg/m2										
T . 1 . 1 . 3 . 4 . 5 . 3	27 2	0	0	0						

Initial total : 37.2 .0 .0 .0

Currently in profile	:	77.4	.0	.0 .	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change .0	:	40.2	. 0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	248.5	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage .0	:	183.8	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsm.0	n:	24.2	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	. 0	.0
Mass error	:	.3	.0	.0	.0

Node T	heta	Potnl	Flux	CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES				
GLYPHOSA'	T			PACLBUTRA	1			
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solu	ıtion	Gas	Total So	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/k	g n	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
64	399	-11.7	7.6	.000E+0	00 .000E+0	0 .000E+0	0 .000E+0	0.000E+00
.000E+00	.000	E+00 .	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	
191	210	-10.5	6.4	.000E+0	00 .000E+0	0 .000E+0	0 .000E+0	0.000E+00
.000E+00	.000	E+00 .	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	
Drai	nage f	lux :	5.8					
Total	77.4				.00			00

.00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 m	m .00E+00	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 m	m .00E+00	,
Depth and conc of	16th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 m	m .00E+00	

Depth and conc of 50	Oth %ile	0 mm .00E+00	O mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 84	4th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 95	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm			
Depth and conc of 99	9th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 84.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa Node Roots RDF Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Cum. Incr. 64. .0 .900 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 -1.8 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. .0 .100 -1.5 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 91.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 3/31/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	80.1	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change .0	:	.0 42.9	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	302.6	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) as amendment .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0

Losses: i	) in	drainage	:	232.8	.0	.0	.0
ii	) pà	evap/voltzn/cnvrs	:n:	26.7	.0	.0	.0
	) pà	transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0	) by	degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
	) by	plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass erro	r		:	.2	.0	.0	.0

Node :	[heta	Potnl	Flux	CH	ILORSULF		ETH	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	$\mathrm{T}^{eta}$			PACLBUTRA	7			
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota	l Solu	ıtion	Gas	Total Sol	Lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/	kg n	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
.000E+00 191. .000E+00	0 .00 .218 0 .00	0E+00 . -8.2	.000E+00 49.9 .000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	0 .000E+00	
Total	80.1		•	.00	.00		. (	00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0.	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	5th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 1	6th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 5	Oth %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00 .	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 8	4th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 9	5th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	÷ -	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 9	9th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 91.000 DAYS CROP COVER: .000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) ETHOFUMES CHLORSULF С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. .0 .900 -1.4 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 . 0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. .0 .100 -1.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 98.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 4/7/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA			ma /m2:	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	1119/1112	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Currently in profile	:	77.2	.0	.0	.0
.0	•	11.2	.0	• •	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	;	40.0	.0	.0	.0
.0				_	
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	310.8	.0	.0	.0
,	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Losses: i) in drainage	•	242.7	.0	.0	.0
.0	•				
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	27.8	.0	.0	.0
, <del>4</del>	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 iv) by degradation	:		.0	. 0	.0
.0	·				
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass error	:	. 2	.0	.0	.0
.0	•		. •		

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Depth i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas ug/kg mg/l ug/l kPa mm ug/kg mq/lug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 64. .398 -11.9 7.0 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 191. .210 -10.6 8.9 .000E+00 Drainage flux: 9.9 .00 Total 77.2 .00 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of	16th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of	50th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of	84th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of	95th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of	99th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa TIME: 98.000 DAYS Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp ETHOFUMES CHLORSULF (mm) С PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 64. 900.0 .900 . 3 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 .4 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0

Total: 500.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 105.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND I	MASS
BALANCE DATE 4/14/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
TACEBOTTA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	84.4	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0	*. <u>-</u>		_
Simulated change	:	47.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	360.7	. 0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	283.1	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	30.1	.0	.0	.0
.0 iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v) by plant uptake	•	.0	.0	.0	.0
.0					
Mass error .0	:	. 2	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node T	heta Po	otnl Flux	C	HLORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	T		PACLBUTR	A			
Depth		i5	Total	Solutio	n Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solution	Gas	Total S	olution	Gas	
mm	1	kPa mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/1
ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	

64. .434 -6.6 47.6 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00

191. .231 -5.4 43.1 .000E+00 .

Total 84.4 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 10	6th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 50	Oth %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 8	4th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 9:	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	O mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 9	9th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 105.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Transpiration Node Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES (mm) С GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Cum. .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 64. 900.0 .900 .0 . 6 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 .8 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 112.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 4/21/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2			1		
<pre>Initial total .0</pre>	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	78.1	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		. 0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	41.0	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	396.7	0	.0	.0
.0 ii) as amendment .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	324.0	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsr .0</pre>	ı:	31.5	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	.2	.0	.0	.0

Node Theta	Potnl Flux	CHLORSULF		ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT		PACLBUTRA		
Depth	i5	Total Solution	Gas	Total Solution
Gas Tot	al Solution	Gas Total Sol	lution Ga	S
mm	kPa mm	ug/kg mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg mg/l
ug/l ug	/kg mg/l	ug/l ug/kg	mg/l ug	/1
.000E+00 .0 191212 .000E+00 .0	00E+00 .000E+00 -9.8 38.5	.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00	.000E+00 .0 0 .000E+00	00E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00
Total 78.	1	.00		.00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the

soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	5th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 3	16th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
.0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of S	50th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 8	84th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of S	95th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of S	99th %ile		0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0	mm	.00E+00		

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME:	112.000	DAYS	CROP COV	VER: 1.00	0 RO	OT POTENT	CIAL:15	15E+04 kPa
Nod€	e Roots	RDF	Temp 7	ranspira (mm)	tion	-	by plant RSULF	s (mg/m2) ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOS	AT P	ACLBUTRA						
		4		Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.				
64	900.0	.900	2.8	.0	.0	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+0	0.000E+00	.000E+00	0.000E+00	)				
193	100.0	.100	3.0	.0	.0	.000E+00.	.000E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+0	00.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+00	)				
m , 1	500.0			0	0	0005100	0005+00	.000E+00.000E+00
Total:	500.0			.0	.0	.000E+00.	.0005700	.0002+00.0002+00
.000E+0	00.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+00	J				

CUMULATIVE TOTALS AND MASS TIME ELAPSED 119.000 DAYS BALANCE Water CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT DATE 4/28/96 PACLBUTRA mg/m2 mg/m2 mm mg/m2 mg/m2 .0 .0 : 37.2 .0 Initial total .0 : 80.6 .0 .0 Currently in profile

į

Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	43.4	. 0	.0	.0
.0					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	421.8	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	•		.0	.0	.0
.0	•				. 0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	342.4	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsr</pre>	n:	35.8	<b>.</b> 0	.0	.0
.0 iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v) by plant uptake	:	.0	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass error .0	:	.2	.0	.0	.0

Node	Theta	Potnl	Flux	CH	ILORSULF	•,	ETH	IOFUMES
GLYPHOS	SAT			PACLBUTRA	A			
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	l Solu	ıtion	Gas	Total So.	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/	kg n	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
.000E+0	00 .000 .219	0E+00 . -7.8 0E+00 .	19.3 .000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00 0 .000E+0	0 .000E+00	
Total	80.6			.00	.00		. (	00 .

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 m	nm .00E+00	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 n	nm .00E+00	
Depth and conc of	16th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 n	mm .00E+00	
Depth and conc of	50th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	Ο π	nm .00E+00	

Depth and conc of	84th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	95th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of	99th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 119.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 1515E+04 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) С (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 6.6 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 191. 100.0 .100 6.7 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .0 .0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 126.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 5/5/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	50.5	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0	,	^	0
Simulated change .0	:	13.4	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	467.5	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Losses: i) in drainage .0	:	342.9	.0	.0	.0

į

. 0	ii)	рÀ	evap/voltzn/cnvrsr	n:	38.9	. 0	.0:	.0
.0	iii)	bу	transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
	'iv)	рà	degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0	v)	рy	plant uptake	:	98.5	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass .0	error			:	-26.1	.0	.0	 .0

Node 7	Theta Potnl	Flux	CH	ILORSULF		ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	$T\mathcal{F}$		PACLBUTRA	7		
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total Solution
Gas	Total Sol	ution	Gas	Total So	lution	Gas
mm	kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg mg/l
ug/l	ug/kg i	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l
64.	.258 -196.3	42.7	.000E+0	00 .000E+00	0+3000 C	0 .000E+00 .000E+00
.000E+00	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00
191.	.140 -191.5	2.7	.000E+0	00 .000E+00	0+3000 C	0 .000E+00 .000E+00
.000E+00	0 .000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00
Dra	inage flux :	. 5			٠.	
Total	50.5			.00		.00
.00			.00		•	

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1s	st %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 5t	h %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 16t	h %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	O mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 50t	th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 84t	th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 95t	ch %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 99t	th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		

TIME: 126.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.4000E+03 kPa

Node	Roots	RDF	Temp C	Transpira (mm)		_	by plant	s (mg/m2) ETHOFUMES	
GLYPHOSA	AT P.	ACLBUTRA	_					2102 01.120	
				Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.					
64	. 900.0	.900	7.2	79.6	79.6	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000	E+00
.000E+00	0.000E+00	.000E+0	00.000E+0	0					
191	. 100.0	.100	7.3	18.8	18.8	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000	E+00
.000E+00	O.000E+00	.000E+0	00.000E+0	0					
Total:	500.0			98.5	98.5	.000E+00.	000E+00	.000E+00.000	E+00
.000E+0	0.000E+00	.000E+	00.000E+0	0					

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 133.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND N	MASS
DATE 5/12/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile .0	:	50.6	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change	:	.0 13.4	.0	.0	.0
.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	538.8	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	342.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	43.3	.0	.0	.0
.0 iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v) by plant uptake	:	189.4	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass error .0	:	-50.3	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA

Depth i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas 'Total Solution Gas kPa mm ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mm mq/lmg/1ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg ug/l

64. .258 -195.5 66.8 .000E+00 .000E+00

Total 50.6 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1	lst %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 5	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 16	6th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 50	Oth %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 84	4th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
	0 mm			
Depth and conc of 95	5th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	O mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 99	9th %ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 133.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa

Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Transpiration Node Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. 70.3 149.9 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 64. 900.0 .900 7.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

191. 100.0 .100 7.5 20.6 39.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

********					
TIME ELAPSED 140.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 5/19/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
FACLBUIKA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2		T. M.	mg/ m2	mg/ m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile .0	:	50.6	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change .0	:	.0 13.4	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irric	; ;	570.0	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) as amendment .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage .	:	342.9	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs .0</pre>	sn:	45.2	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	224.0	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	-55.6	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

.000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00

Drainage flux : .0

.0

Node T	heta!	Potnl	Flux	CH	HLORSULF	,		ETH	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	T			PACLBUTRA	A.				
Depth		•	i5	Total	Soluti	on ·	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solu	tion	Gas	Total	Soluti	ion (	Gas	
mm ···		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/1	. ι	ıg/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/k	g m	g/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg,	/1 1	ug/l	
			i i						
64	258 -	195.7	29.3	.000E+0	00 .000E	. 00+3	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00
.000E+00	.000	E+00 .	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+	-00 .00	00+30C	.000E+00	1
191	.140 -	187.1	.8	.000E+0	00 .000E	0. 00+2	000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st 5	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 84th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 95th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00		
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm			

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 140.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa Node Roots Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 33.9 183.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 64. 900.0 .900 6.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 6.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .8 40.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 34.6 224.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 147.000 DAYS CUMULATIVE TOTALS AND MASS BALANCE

Water CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT

DATE 5

5/26/96

		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	50.4	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.2	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irr	ig:	602.5	.0	.0	.0
.0 ii) as amendment .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	342.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnv	rsn:	47.5	.0	.0	.0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	260.1	.0	.0	.0
.0 Mass error .0	:	-61.2	.0	.0	.0

Node T	heta	Potnl	Flux	CI	HLORSUL	ETHOFUMES			
GLYPHOSA	T			PACLBUTRA	A				
Depth			i5	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	. Solı	ution	Gas	Total	Soluti	Lon	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/	l i	1g/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/k	ig r	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/	1	ug/l	

64. .258 -198.4 30.3 .000E+00 .000E+00

Total 50.4 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00

Depth and conc	of 5th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0 n	nm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc	of 16th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0 n	nm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc	of 50th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0 n	nm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc	of 84th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00	1.1	0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0 n	mm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc	of 95th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0 n	mm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc	of 99th	%ile		0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00
0 mm .00E+00		0 n	mm	.00E+00			

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa TIME: 147.000 DAYS Node Roots RDF Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Temp CHLORSULF С (mm) ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 14.5 35.3 219.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .8 41.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 14.9 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 36.1 260.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 154.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 6/ 2/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	50.5	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change .0	:	13.3	.0	.0	.0

Additions:	i) in rain or irrio	g :	633.7	. 0	.0	.0
.0	ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i)	in drainage	:	342.9	.0	.0	.0
ii)	by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	sn:	48.7	.0	.0	.0
iii)	by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
	by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
	by plant uptake	:	293.6	.0	.0	.0
Mass error		:	-64.7	.0	.0	.0

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES								HOFUMES
GLYPHOS	AT			PACLBUTRA	Ą			
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota	l Solu	ution	Gas	Total Sol	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/	kg r	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	-
64.	.258	-197.6	30.0	.000E+0	00 .000E+00	.000E+0	0 .000E+0	0.000E+00
.000E+0	0 .00	0E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	
191.	.139	-194.0	. 8	.000E+0	00 .000E+00	0+3000. C	0 .000E+0	0.000E+00
.000E+0	0 .00	0E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	.000E+00	
Dra	inage	flux :	.0					
Total	50.5				.00		• 1	00
.00				.00				

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00			
Depth and conc of 84th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	
Depth and conc of 95th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm		
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile	0 mm .00E+00	0 mm .00E+00
0 mm .00E+00	0 mm	.00E+00	

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 154.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -.4000E+03 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) С. CHLORSULF. ETHOFUMES (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Incr. Cum.
9.7 32.8 251.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 9.9 .7 41.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 33.5 293.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 161.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 6/9/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2		nun	mg/mz	mg/mz	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	50.6	.0	.0	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.4	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	716.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		.0	.0	.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	360.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	49.9	.0	.0	.0
.0 iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 iv) by degradation .0	:		.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

CHLORSULF Node Theta Potnl Flux **ETHOFUMES** PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT Depth i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Total Solution Gas Gas ug/kg ug/kg mq/lug/l mm kPa mm mq/lug/kg mq/1ug/l ug/kg mg/lug/l ug/l 64. .258 -195.4 81.8 .000E+00 191. .140 -186.3 22.5 .000E+00 .000E+00

Total 50.6 .00 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 5th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 .00E+00 Depth and conc of 16th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 50th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 84th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 95th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 Depth and conc of 99th %ile 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 .00E+00 0 mm .00E+00 0 mm

PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 161.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) C (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES

GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA

Drainage flux : 18.0

				Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.				•
64.	900.0	.900	15.1	56.3	308.1	.000E+00.00	0E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+00	0.000E+00	.000E+00	0.000E+00					
191.	,100.0	.100	15.2	26.3	68.1	.000E+00.00	0E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+00	0.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+00					
Total:	500.0			82.6	376.2	.000E+00.00	0E+00	.000E+00.000E+00
.000E+00	0.000E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+00					9

\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 168.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE					
DATE 6/16/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA			m~/m?		
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
<pre>Initial total .0</pre>	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	50.4	.1	1.1	.0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		440.2	.0	84.0
224.0					
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.3	440.3	1.1	84.0
224.0		=== 0	•	^	•
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	755.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
224.0	•		440.0	221.0	01.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	360.9	.0	.0	.0
.0					
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	52.6	7.7	222.9	.0
.0			0	0	0
iii) by transformation	:		.0	.0	.0
iv) by degradation			.0	.0	.0
.0	•		• •	• •	••
v) by plant uptake	:	417.8	.0	.0	.0
.0					
Mass error	:	-89.4	.0	.0	.0
.0					

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node T	heta E	Potnl Flux	CI	HLORSUL	ΕΊ	ETHOFUMES		
GLYPHOSA	T		PACLBUTRA	A.				
Depth		i5	Total	Solut	ion Gas	Total	Solution	
Gas	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution	Gas		

mm kPa mm ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l

64. .258 -198.3 35.6 .406E+00 .203E-03 .654E-05 .694E+01 .448E-03 .571E-04 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .191 .139 -194.7 1.2 .238E-04 .256E-06 .823E-08 .257E-03 .276E-05 .352E-06 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 .000E+00 Drainage flux : .0

Total 50.4 .07 1.15 .00

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile		1 mm .67E-01	. 1	mm	.11E+01
0 mm .00E+00		mm (	.00E+00			
Depth and conc of	5th %ile		6 mm .67E-01	6	mm	.11E+01
0 mm .00E+00		) mm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc of	16th %ile		20 mm .67E-01	20	mm	.11E+01
0 mm .00E+00		mm (	.00E+00			
Depth and conc of	50th %ile		63 mm .67E-01	63	mm	.11E+01
0 mm .00E+00		mm (	.00E+00			
Depth and conc of	84th %ile		106 mm .67E-01	106	mm	.11E+01
0 mm .00E+00		) mm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc of	95th %ile		120 mm .67E-01	120	mm	.11E+01
0 mm .00E+00		0 mm	.00E+00			
Depth and conc of	99th %ile		125 mm .67E-01	125	mm	.11E+01
0 mm .00E+00		mm C	.00E+00			

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 168.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) С (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. 348.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .147E-03.147E-03 64. 900.0 .900 17.8 40.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 69.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .209E-07.209E-07 191. 100.0 .100 1.5 17.9 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 417.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .147E-03.147E-03 41.6 500.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

,

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

				/ 0	, ,	
PACLBUTRA						
DATE 6/23/96			Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSA
BALANCE						
TIME ELAPSED	175.000	DAYS		CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS

DATE 6/23/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 221.3	:	50.4	110.5	1.1	79.5
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		276.9	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.2	387.4	1.1	79.5
221.3					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	794.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment 224.0	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	360.9	.0	.0	.0
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsr .0</pre>	n:	55.0	59.4	222.9	.0
iii) by transformation 2.7	:		1.2	.0	4.3
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	467.4	.0	.0	.2
Mass error	:	-101.7	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node 7	Cheta	Potnl	ETHOFUMES					
GLYPHOSAT				PACLBUTRA				
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	n Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Sol	ution	Gas	Total So	olution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm <sup>.</sup>	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/1
ug/l	ug/k	(g	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	

64. .258 -198.4 37.3 .658E+03 .329E+00 .106E-01 .666E+01 .430E-03 .548E-04 .481E+03 .404E-02 .000E+00 .134E+04 .734E-01 .000E+00 .191 .139 -196.0 5.7 .100E+02 .108E+00 .347E-02 .166E-01 .179E-03 .228E-04 .143E+00 .154E-02 .000E+00 .366E+01 .395E-01 .000E+00 Drainage flux : .0

Total 50.4 110.49 1.10 '79.49 221.26

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for

the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

		m .11E+03	1 mm	.11E+01
1  mm .79E + 02	1 mm .22E	+03		
Depth and conc			6 mm	.11E+01
6 mm .79E+02	6 mm .22E	+03		
Depth and conc			· 20 mm	.11E+01
20 mm .79E+02	20 mm .22	E+03		
Depth and conc		**	63 mm	.11E+01
63 mm .79E+02	63 mm .22	E+03		
Depth and conc			106 mm	.11E+01
106 mm .79E+02	107 mm .2	2E+03		
Depth and conc			120 mm	.11E+01
120 mm .79E+02	121 mm .2	2E+03		
Depth and conc			126 mm	.11E+01
125 mm .79E+02	126 mm .2	2E+03		

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 175.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa Node Roots Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) RDF Temp С (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 Incr. Cum. 15.8 41.5 389.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .181E-01.182E-01 .171E+00.171E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 15.9 77.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .151E-02.151E-02 8.1 .133E-01.133E-01 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 49.6 467.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .196E-01.197E-01 .185E+00.185E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 182.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE					
DATE 6/30/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA					
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0					

Currently in profile	:	51.1	164.3	1.1	75.0
217.1					
Undissolved on soil surface	:		166.6	.0	.0
.0					. •
Cum. runoff	:	. 0			
Simulated change	•	13.9	331.0	1.1	75.0
217.1	-				, 5.0
Additions: i) in rain or irric	g :	815.2	.0	.0	.0
. 0	,		4.40	004.0	
ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
224.0					
Losses: i) in drainage	:	360.9	.0	.0	.0
.0					
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs</pre>	sn:	56.3	112.4	222.9	.0
.0					
iii) by transformation	:		4.6	.0	8.7
6.9					
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0	-				
v) by plant uptake		487.4	.0	.0	.3
.0	•	10,.1		• •	
		-103.2	.0	.0	.0
Mass error	:	-103.2	.0	.0	.0
.0					

Node The	eta Potnl	Flux	CH	LORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT			PACLBUTRA				
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas 1	Cotal Sol	ution	Gas	Total So.	lution	Gas	
mm	kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/kg r	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
6426	60 -188.6	19.1	.975E+C	3 .487E+0	0 .157E-0	1 .648E+0	1 .418E-03
.533E-04	.454E+03	.382E-02	.000E+00	.131E+04	.720E-01	.000E+00	
19114	12 -167.8	.8	.178E+C	2 .188E+0	0 .604E-0	2 .232E-0	1 .245E-03
.312E-04	.191E+00	.202E-02	.000E+00	.451E+01	.476E-01	.000E+00	
Draina	age flux :	.0					
Total 5	51.1		164.	34		1.	07
75.03		,	217.11				

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	1 mm .16E+03	1 mm	.11E+01
1 mm .75E+02				
Depth and conc of	5th %ile	6 mm .16E+03	6 mm	.11E+01
6 mm .75E+02	6 mm	.22E+03		•
Depth and conc of	16th %ile	20 mm .16E+03	20 mm	.11E+01
20 mm .75E+02	20 mm	.22E+03		

Ì

Depth	and conc	of	50th	%ile	64 m.m	.16E+03		63 mm	.11E÷01
63 mm	.75E+02			63 i	mm .22E+	03			
Depth	and conc	of	84th	%ile	108 mm	.16E+03		107 mm	.11E+01
106 mm	.75E+02			107	mm .22E	+03			
Depth	and conc	of	95th	%ile	123 mm	.16E+03		121 mm	.11E+01
120 mm	.75E+02			121	mm .22E	+03			
Depth	and conc	of	99th	%ile	192 mm	.34E+01	4:	126 mm	.11E+01
125 mm	.75E+02			126	mm .22E	+03			

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa TIME: 182.000 DAYS Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES (mm) С GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 409.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .827E-02.265E-01 64. 900.0 .900 13.9 19.6 .761E-01.248E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .4 78.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .930E-04.161E-02 191. 100.0 .100 14.0 .771E-03.141E-01 .000E+00.000E+00 20.0 487.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .836E-02.281E-01 Total: 500.0

.769E-01.262E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 189.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 7/ 7/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA					
	•	mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0					70.6
Currently in profile	:	50.4	252.8	1.0	70.6
212.9			00.1	0	0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		20.1	.0	.0
.0	_	0			
Cum. runoff	:	.0 13.2	272.9	1.0	70.6
Simulated change	:	13.2	212.9	1.0	70.0
212.9		848.8	.0	.0	.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	040.0	.0	• 0	.0
.0			448.0	224.0	84.0
ii) as amendment 224.0	:		440.0	224.0	04.0
224.0					

Losses:	: i)	in	drainage	:	360.9	.0	.0	.0
.0	ii)	ру	evap/voltzn/cnv	vrsn:	58.2	164.5	222.9	.0
	iii)	ру	transformation	:		10.6	.1	13.0
.0	iv)	ру	degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0	v)	рÀ	plant uptake	:	524.8	.0	.0	. 4
Mass en	rror			:	-108.3	.0	.0	.0

Node GLYPHOS		Potnl	Flux	CH PACLBUTRA	LORSULF		ETH	OFUMES
Depth	)AI		i5		Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota				Total So.			
mm	/	kPa		, ,	_	-	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/I	ug/	kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
64.	.258	-198.9	31.7	.149E+C	4 .747E+0	0 .240E-01	.626E+01	.404E-03
.515E-0	.42	7E+03	.359E-02	.000E+00	.128E+04	.705E-01	.000E+00	
	.139						1 .283E-01	.305E-03
.389E-0	.23	2E+00	.250E-02	.000E+00	.533E+01	.575E-01	.000E+00	
Dra	ainage	flux :	.0					
Total	50.4		,	252.	84		1.0	4
70.60			:	212.88				

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile 1 mm .25E+03	1 mm .10E+01
1 mm .71E+02		
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile 6 mm .25E+03	6 mm .10E+01
6 mm .71E+02	6 mm .21E+03	
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile 20 mm .25E+03	20 mm .10E+01
20 mm .71E+02	20 mm .21E+03	
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile 65 mm .25E+03	63 mm .10E+01
63 mm .71E+02	63 mm .21E+03	
Depth and conc of 84th	%ile 109 mm .25E+03	107 mm .10E+01
106 mm .71E+02		
Depth and conc of 95th	%ile 123 mm .25E+03	121 mm .10E+01
120 mm .71E+02		
	%ile 203 mm .63E+01	126 mm .10E+01
125 mm .71E+02	126 mm .21E+03	

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 189.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -.4000E+03 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) С (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. 64. 900.0 .900 15.2 Cum. Cum. Incr. Cum. 36.4 445.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .150E-01.414E-01 .135E+00.383E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 15.3 1.0 79.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .282E-03.189E-02 .234E-02.164E-01 .000E+00.000E+00 37.4 524.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .152E-01.433E-01 Total: 500.0 .137E+00.399E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 196.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 7/14/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
•		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total .0	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 206.0	:	86.8	238.4	1.0	66.1
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	49.6	238.4	1.0	66.1
206.0 Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	981.2	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
224.0 Losses: i) in drainage 2.6	:	399.5	25.1	.0	.1
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	62.6	166.1	222.9	.0
.0 iii) by transformation 15.4	:		18.4	.1	17.2
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v) by plant uptake .0	:	588.6	.0	.1	.6
Mass error	:	-119.1	.0	.0	.0

CHLORSULF Node Theta Potnl Flux **ETHOFUMES** GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Total Solution Total Solution Depth i-.5Gas Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas ug/l kPa mm ug/kg mg/l ug/kg mq/lug/l ug/kg mq/lug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l .132E+04 .619E+00 .199E-01 .587E+01 .375E-03 64. .442 -5.2 127.9 .478E-04 .400E+03 .335E-02 .000E+00 .124E+04 .673E-01 .000E+00 191. .241 -4.0 53.1 .103E+03 .643E+00 .207E-01 .598E-01 .372E-03 .474E-04 .524E+00 .326E-02 .000E+00 .108E+02 .675E-01 .000E+00 Drainage flux: 38.6 238.38 .98 Total 86.8 66.08 205.99

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1s	t %ile 1 mm .22E+03	1 mm .97E+00
1 mm .66E+02	1 mm .20E+03	
	h %ile 6 mm .22E+03	6 mm .97E+00
6 mm .66E+02		
Depth and conc of 16t	h %ile 22 mm .22E+03	20 mm .97E+00
20 mm .66E+02		
Depth and conc of 50t	h %ile 69 mm .22E+03	64 mm .97E+00
63 mm .66E+02		
Depth and conc of 84t	h %ile 116 mm .22E+03	107 mm .97E+00
106 mm .66E+02	107 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 95t	h %ile 177 mm .20E+02	122 mm .97E+00
120 mm .66E+02		
Depth and conc of 99t	h %ile 238 mm .20E+02	144 mm .11E-01
125 mm .66E+02	127 mm .21E+01	

# PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa TIME: 196.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Temp Transpiration Node Roots RDF ETHOFUMES CHLORSULF (mm) С GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. 508.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .246E-01.661E-01 64. 900.0 .900 15.9 62.3 .218E+00.601E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

191. 100.0 .100 16.0 1.5 80.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .501E-03.239E-02 .418E-02.206E-01 .000E+00.000E+00

Total: ,500.0 63.8 588.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .251E-01.684E-01 .222E+00.621E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*

TIME ELAPSED 203.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 7/21/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	.mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 201.4	:	50.5	229.5	. 9	61.6
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change	:	.0 13.4	229.5	. 9	61.6
201.4 Additions: i) in rain or irric	g :	1028.4	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
Losses: i) in drainage 2.8	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvr .0</pre>	sn:	65.8	166.2	222.9	.0
<pre>iii) by transformation 19.8</pre>	:		25.7	.1	21.3
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
<pre>v) by plant uptake .0</pre>	:	701.4	.0	.1	1.0
Mass error .0	:	-154.0	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node T	heta Po	tnl Flux	CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES				
GLYPHOSA	T		PACLBUTRA	<i>f</i>			٠
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	n Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solution	Gas	Total S	olution	Gas	
mm	k	cPa mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	

64. .258 -196.2 44.1 .128E+04 .640E+00 .206E-01 .554E+01 .358E-03 .456E-04 .373E+03 .313E-02 .000E+00 .121E+04 .664E-01 .000E+00

191. .140 -191.3 5.7 .969E+02 .104E+01 .335E-01 .234E-01 .251E-03 .320E-04 .196E+00 .211E-02 .000E+00 .104E+02 .111E+00 .000E+00 Drainage flux: 2.3

Total 50.5 229.50 .92 61.56 201.40

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile 1 mm .21E+03	1 mm .92E+00
1 mm .62E+02		
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile 6 mm .21E+03	6 mm .92E+00
6 mm .62E+02	6 mm .20E+03	**
Depth and conc of 16th	1 %ile 22 mm .21E+03	20 mm .92E+00
20 mm .62E+02	20 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 50th	n %ile 69 mm .21E+03	63 mm .92E+00
63 mm .62E+02	64 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 84th	n %ile 116 mm .21E+03	107 mm .92E+00
106 mm .62E+02	107 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 95tl	n %ile 175 mm .18E+02	121 mm .92E+00
120 mm .62E+02	121 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 99th	n %ile 238 mm .18E+02	126 mm .92E+00
125 mm .62E+02	126 mm .20E+03	

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa TIME: 203.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration ETHOFUMES С (mm) CHLORSULF PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. 82.3 590.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .303E-01.964E-01 64. 900.0 .900 16.7 .271E+00.872E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 30.5 111.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .920E-02.116E-01 191. 100.0 .100 16.9 .806E-01.101E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 112.8 701.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .395E-01.108E+00 .352E+00.973E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

ķ

TIME ELAPSED 210.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 7/28/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
<pre>Initial total .0</pre>	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 197.2	:	50.4	222.5	.9	57.7
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		, 0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.3	222.5	.9	57.7
197.2					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	1056.1	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
224.0					
Losses: i) in drainage 2.8	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsr .0</pre>	1:	67.4	166.3	222.9	.0
iii) by transformation 24.1	:		32.5	.1	25.1
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	737.1	.0	.1	1.1
Mass error	:	-163.5	.0	.0	.0

Node 7	Theta Po	otnl Flux	CH	LORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	$\mathrm{T}^{eta}$		PACLBUTRA				
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solution	Gas	Total Sol	ution	Gas	
mm	]	kPa mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	-
64.	.258 <b>-</b> 19	97.8 26.1	.123E+0	4 .615E+00	.198E-0	01 .536E+0	1 .346E-03
.441E-0	4 .349E-	+03 .293E-0	2 .000E+00	.118E+04	.649E-01	1 .000E+00	
191.	.139 -19	96.3 5.1	.102E+0	3 .110E+01	.354E-0	01 .237E-0	1 .255E-03
.325E-0	4 .191E-	+00 .206E-0	2 .000E+00	.111E+02	.120E+00	.000E+00	
Dra	inage flu	ux : .0					
Total	50.4		222.	51		•	89
57.66			197.17				

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the

soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

	1st %ile 1 mm .20E+03	1 mm .88E+00
1 mm .58E+02	1 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6 mm .20E+03	6 mm .88E+00
6 mm .58E+02	6 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 10	6th %ile 22 mm .20E+03	20 mm .88E+00
20 mm .58E+02	20 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 50	Oth %ile 69 mm .20E+03	63 mm .88E+00
63 mm .58E+02	64 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 84	4th %ile 116 mm .20E+03	107 mm .88E+00
106 mm .58E+02	107 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 9!	5th %ile 181 mm .19E+02	121 mm .88E+00
120 mm .58E+02	121 mm .20E+03	
Depth and conc of 9	9th %ile 239 mm .19E+02	126 mm .88E+00
	135 mm .21E+01	

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 210.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa Node Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF **ETHOFUMES** С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. 64. 900.0 .900 28.2 618.5 .000E+00.000E+00 .984E-02.106E+00 15.7 .846E-01.956E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 7.5 118.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .205E-02.136E-01 15.9 .169E-01.118E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 35.7 737.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .119E-01.120E+00 .101E+00.107E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 217.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 8/4/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA  mg/m2  mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 193.2	:	50.4	216.1	.9	54.2

Undissolved on soil surface : .0		.0	.0;	.0
Cum. runoff :	.0			
Simulated change :	13.3	216.1	.9	54.2
193.2 '				
Additions: i) in rain or irrig:	1089.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment :		448.0	224.0	84.0
224.0				
Losses: i) in drainage : 2.8	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsn: .0</pre>	69.5	166.4	222.9	.0
iii) by transformation : 28.0		38.9	.1	28.5
iv) by degradation : .0		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake :	772.0	.0	.1	1.2
Mass error :	-167.6	.0	.0	.0

Node Theta Potnl Flux	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT	PACLBUTRA	
Depth i5	Total Solution Gas	Total Solution
Gas Total Solution	Gas Total Solution	Gas
mm kPa mm	ug/kg mg/l ug/l	ug/kg mg/l
ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l
	.121E+04 .605E+00 .195E-	
.426E-04 .328E+03 .276E-02		
	.870E+02 .937E+00 .302E-	
.361E-04 .206E+00 .222E-02	.000E+00 .956E+01 .103E+0	00 .000E+00
Drainage flux : .0		
Total 50 4	216 07	86

Total 50.4 216.07 .86 54.18 193.23

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	1 mm .20E+03	1 mm	.86E+00
1 mm .54E+02	1 mm	.19E+03		
Depth and conc of			6 mm	.86E+00
6 mm .54E+02	6 mm			
Depth and conc of 1			20 mm	.86E+00
20 mm .54E+02	20 mm	.19E+03		
Depth and conc of 5	Oth %ile	68 mm .20E+03	63 mm	.86E+00
63 mm .54E+02	64 mm	.19E+03		

Depth	and conc	of	84th	%ile	115 mm	.20E+03	107 mm	.86E+00
106 mm	.54E+02			107	mm .19E	+03		
Depth	and conc	οf	95th	%ile	171 mm	.17E+02	121 mm	.86E+00
120 mm	.54E+02			121	mm .19E	+03		
Depth	and conc	of	99th	%ile	237 mm	.17E+02	126 mm	.86E+00
125 mm	.54E+02			126	mm .19E	+03		

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa TIME: 217.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Transpiration Node Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С ( mm ) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 34.1 652.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .116E-01.118E+00 64. 900.0 .900 15.2 .977E-01.105E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 .8 119.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .226E-03.139E-01 191. 100.0 .100 15.3 .181E-02.120E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 34.9 772.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .118E-01.132E+00 Total: 500.0 .995E-01.117E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 224.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE TOTALS AND MASS			
BALANCE DATE 8/11/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT	
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2		
mg/m2 mg/m2			-			
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0	
Currently in profile	:	50.5	209.0	.8	50.5	
188.8 Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0	
Cum. runoff	:	.0		_		
Simulated change	:	13.3	209.0	.8	50.5	
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1116.9	.0	.0	.0	
ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0	
224.0 Losses: i) in drainage 2.8	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1	

ķ

. 0	ii)	рy	evap/voltzn/cnvrsn:	:	71.4	166.5		222	.9		.0
	iii)	ру	transformation :	:		45.9			. 2		32.1
32.4	iv)	γď	degradation :	:		.0			. 0		.0
.0	v)	ру	plant uptake :	:	803.7	.0	1.		. 1		1.3
.0 Mass .0	error		:	:	-173.3	.0			.0	**	.0

Node T	heta	Potnl	Flux	СН	LORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	T			PACLBUTRA				
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	n Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	. Solu	ition	Gas	Total Sc	olution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/k	ig n	1g/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
							.500E+0	1 .323E-03
							.000E+00	
191	140 -	192.3	. 9	.775E+C	2 .833E+0	00 .268E-0	1 .273E-0	1 .293E-03
.374E-04	.207	7E+00 .	222E-02	.000E+00	.861E+01	L .925E-01	.000E+00	
Drai	.nage i	flux :	.0			*.		
Total	50.5			208.	98	,	-	83
50.49				188.85		,		

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile 1 mm .19E+03	1 mm .83E+00
1 mm .50E+02	1 mm .19E+03	
	%ile 6 mm .19E+03	6 mm .83E+00
6 mm .50E+02	$6 \text{ mm} \cdot 19E + 03$	
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile 21 mm .19E+03	20 mm .83E+00
20 mm .50E+02	20 mm .19E+03	
	%ile 68 mm .19E+03	63 mm .83E+00
63 mm .50E+02	64 mm .19E+03	
	%ile 114 mm .19E+03	107 mm .83E+00
106 mm .50E+02	107 mm .19E+03	
	%ile 164 mm .15E+02	121 mm .83E+00
120 mm .50E+02	121 mm .19E+03	
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile 236 mm .15E+02	126 mm .83E+00
125 mm .50E+02	126 mm .19E+03	

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa TIME: 224.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. 64. 900.0 .900 17.6 Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. 30.8 683.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .101E-01.128E+00 .816E-01.114E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 .9 120.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .263E-03.141E-01 191. 100.0 .100 17.8 .203E-02.122E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 31.7 803.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .103E-01.142E+00 Total: 500.0 .836E-01.126E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

****					
TIME ELAPSED 231.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 8/18/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	50.4	202.6	.8	47.3
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff Simulated change	:	.0 13.2	202.6	.8	47.3
184.8 Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1148.8	.0	.0	.0
.0 ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
224.0 Losses: i) in drainage	٠:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
2.8  ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	73.5	166.6	222.9	.0
.0 iii) by transformation 36.4	:		52.2	.2	35.3
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v) by plant uptake	:	839.0	.0	.2	1.3
.0 Mass error .0	:	-178.8	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES

GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA

Depth i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution

Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas mm kPa mm ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l

64. .258 -198.4 29.7 .115E+04 .574E+00 .185E-01 .483E+01 .312E-03 .397E-04 .286E+03 .240E-02 .000E+00 .111E+04 .610E-01 .000E+00 .191. .139 -196.0 .8 .699E+02 .752E+00 .242E-01 .276E-01 .297E-03 .379E-04 .203E+00 .219E-02 .000E+00 .780E+01 .840E-01 .000E+00 Drainage flux : .0

Total 50.4 202.56 .80 47.26 184.84

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1	st %ile	1 mm .19E+03	1	mm .80E+0	00
1 mm .47E+02	1 mm	.18E+03			
Depth and conc of 5			6	mm .80E+0	00
6 mm .47E+02	6 mm				
Depth and conc of 16	th %ile	21 mm .19E+03	. 20	mm .80E+	00
20 mm .47E+02	20 mm	n .18E+03			
Depth and conc of 50	th %ile	67 mm .19E+03	63	mm .80E+	00
63 mm .47E+02	64 mm	n .18E+03			
Depth and conc of 84	th %ile	114 mm .19E+03	107	mm .80E+	00
106 mm .47E+02	107 m	m .18E+03			
Depth and conc of 95	th %ile	157 mm .13E+02	121	mm .80E+	00
120 mm .47E+02	121 m	nm .18E+03			
Depth and conc of 99	th %ile	234 mm .13E+02	126	mm .80E+	00
125 mm .47E+02	126 m	nm .18E+03			

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 231.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa

Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr.

Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum.

64. 900.0 .900 15.7 34.5 717.9 .000E+00.000E+00 .109E-01.139E+00

.860E-01.122E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

191. 100.0 .100 15.8 .8 121.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .233E-03.144E-01 .176E-02.124E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

\*

TIME ELAPSED 238.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 8/25/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA					
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total		37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0					
Currently in profile	:	50.5	196.1	.8	44.1
180.7					
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff		0			
Simulated change	•	.0 13.3	196.1	.8	44.1
180.7	•	13.3	150.1	• •	11.1
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	ı :	1172.7	.0	.0	.0
.0	,				
ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
224.0			0.6.6	•	1
Losses: i) in drainage	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n·	73.6	166.7	222.9	.0
.0	,,,,	73.0	100.7		• •
	:		58.6	.2	38.3
40.5					
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0				•	
v) by plant uptake	:	869.7	.0	. 2	1.4
.0		105.0		.0	.0
Mass error	:	-185.8	.0	.0	.0
• <b>U</b>					

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node	Theta	Potnl	Flux	CH	LORSULF		ETI	HOFUMES
GLYPHOS	AT		•	PACLBUTRA				
Depth		,	i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota	l Sóli	ution	Gas	Total So		Gas	
mm "		kPa	mm		mg/l	-	ug/kg	mg/1
ug/l	ug/	kg 1	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
	.258							1 .301E-03
					.108E+04			
191.	.140	-192.4	4.9	.775E+0	)2 .832E+0	0 .268E-0	1 .268E-0	1 .288E-03

.367E-04 .191E+00 .205E-02 .000E+00 .874E+01 .939E-01 .000E+00

Drainage flux : .0

44.12 180.74

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1s	t %ile 1 mm .18E+03	1 mm .77E+00
1  mm  .44E + 02	1 mm .18E+03	
	h %ile 6 mm .18E+03	6 mm .77E+00
6  mm .44E+02		
Depth and conc of 16t	h %ile 21 mm .18E+03	20 mm .77E+00
20 mm .44E+02	20 mm .18E+03	
Depth and conc of 50t	h %ile 68 mm .18E+03	63 mm .77E+00
63 mm .44E+02		
Depth and conc of 84t	h %ile 115 mm .18E+03	107 mm .77E+00
106 mm .44E+02	107 mm .18E+03	
Depth and conc of 95t	h %ile 169 mm .15E+02	121 mm .77E+00
120 mm .44E+02	121 mm .18E+03	
Depth and conc of 99t	h %ile 237 mm .15E+02	126 mm .77E+00
125 mm .44E+02		

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 238.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. 25.4 743.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .770E-02.147E+00 64. 900.0 .900 17.1 .578E-01.128E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 126.5 .000E+00.000E+00 .159E-02.160E-01 191. 100.0 .100 5.4 17.2 .115E-01.135E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 869.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .929E-02.162E+00 Total: 500.0 30.8 .693E-01.141E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 245.000 DAYS

CUMULATIVE TOTALS AND MASS

BALANCE DATE 9/1/96

Water CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT

		mm	mg/m2	mg/m	2
mg/m2 $mg/m2$					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profil 176.8	Le :	50.4	189.9	.8	41.3
Undissolved on soil	surface :		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change 176.8	:	13.2	189.9	.8	41.3
Additions: i) in 1	cain or irrig :	1198.1	.0	.0	.0
	amendment :		448.0	224.0	84.0
Losses: i) in drain 2.8	nage :	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
ii) by evap,	/voltzn/cnvrsn:	75.2	166.8	222.9	.0
iii) by trans	sformation :		64.7	.2	41.1
iv) by degra	adation :		.0	.0	.0
v) by plan	uptake :	898.7	.0	.2	1.5
.0 Mass error .0	:	-190.9	.0	.0	.0

Node T GLYPHOSA	heta l	Potnl	Flux	CH PACLBUTRA	HLORSUL:	F		ETH	HOFUMES
Depth			i5	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solu	tion	Gas	Total	Solut	cion	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/	1	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/k	g n	ıg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mç	g/l	ug/l	
				.107E+0				.452E+01	.292E-03
.364E-04	139 -: 1 .1831 .nage f	Ξ+00 .	197E-02	.695E+0				.000E+00	L .285E-03

Total 50.4 189.91 .75 41.25 176.82

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st %ile 1 mm .18E+03 1 mm .75E+00 1 mm .41E+02 1 mm .18E+03

Depth	and conc	of	5th	%ile	6 mm	.18E+03		6 mm	.75E+00
6 mm .	.41E+02			6 mi	m .18E+0	3 .			
Depth	and conc	of	16th	%ile	21 mm	.18E+03		20 mm	.75E+00
20 mm	.41E+02			20 r	mm .18E+	03			
Depth	and conc	of	50th	%ile	68 mm	.18E+03		63 mm	.75E+00
63 mm	.41E+02			64 r	mm .18E+	03			
Depth	and conc	of	84th	%ile	114 mm	.18E+03	4	107 mm	.75E+00
106 mm	.41E+02			107	mm .18E	+03			
Depth	and conc	of	95th	%ile	162 mm	.13E+02		121 mm	.75E+00
120 mm	.41E+02			121	mm .18E	+03			
Depth	and conc	of	99th	%ile	235 mm	.13E+02		126 mm	.75E+00
125 mm	.41E+02			126	mm .18E	+03			

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 245.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -.4000E+03 kPa

Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 16.2 28.3 771.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .839E-02.155E+00 .617E-01.134E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 16.4 .141E-02.137E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .7 127.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .199E-03.162E-01 Total: 500.0 29.0 898.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .859E-02.171E+00 .631E-01.148E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 252.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 9/8/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Currently in profile	:	50.8	183.6	.7	38.4
172.8					•
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change 172.8	:	13.6	183.6	.7	38.4

Additions:	i) in rain or ir	cig :	1223.1	.0	.0	.0
224.0	ii) as amendment	:		448.0	224.0	84.0
	in drainage	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
ii)	by evap/voltzn/cnv	vrsn:	77.0	166.9	222.9	.0
	by transformation	:		70.8	.2	43.9
iv)	by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
v)	by plant uptake	:	924.8	.0	.2	1.5
.0 Mass error .0		:	-194.1	.0	.0	.0

Node Th	eta Potni	Flux	CH	ILORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT			PACLBUTRA	1			
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total Sol	Lution	Gas	Total So.	lution	Gas	
mm	kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
				04 .519E+0		1 .438E+0	1 .282E-03
1911	41 -180.2	2 .8	.642E+0		0 .220E-0	1 .264E-0	1 .281E-03
Drain	age flux	. 0					

Total	50.8	183.64	.73
38.44		172.78	

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc	of 1st	%ile $1 \text{ mm}$ .	17E+03	1 mm	.72E+00
		1 mm .17E+03			
Depth and conc	of 5th	%ile 6 mm .	17E+03	6 mm	.72E+00
6 mm .38E+02	•	6 mm .17E+03			
Depth and conc	of 16th	%ile 21 mm .	17E+03	20 mm	.72E+00
20 mm38E+02		20 mm .17E+03			
Depth and conc	of 50th	%ile 68 mm .	17E+03	63 mm	.72E+00
63 mm .38E+02	1.4	64 mm .17E+03			
Depth and conc	of 84th	%ile 114 mm .	17E+03	107 mm	.72E+00
106 mm .38E+02		107 mm .17E+0			
Depth and conc	of 95th	%ile 158 mm .	12E+02	121 mm	'.72E+00
120 mm .38E+02		121 mm .17E+0			
Depth and conc	of 99th	%ile 234 mm .	12E+02	126 mm	.72E+00
125 mm .38E+02		126 mm .17E+0	3		

#### ' PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa TIME: 252.000 DAYS Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF CHLORSULE ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. 25.5 797.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .733E-02.162E+00 64. 900.0 .900 17.5 .519E-01.139E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 .5 127.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .154E-03.163E-01 191. 100.0 .100 17.7 .105E-02.138E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 26.1 924.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .748E-02.179E+00 Total: 500.0 .529E-01.153E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 259.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 9/15/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
11102201141		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
	:	50.4	226.5	1.8	116.8
390.5					0
Undissolved on soil surface	:		353.9	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff	•	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.2	580.3	1.8	116.8
390.5					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1242.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
448.0					
Losses: i) in drainage	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
2.8		70 0	212.3	445.7	.0
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsn	1:	78.2	212.3	440.7	• •
iii) by transformation	:		76.8	.3	49.4
54.8			0	0	.0
iv) by degradation .0	:		.0	.0	.0

v) by plant uptake : 946.6 .0 .2 1.7 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF **ETHOFUMES** PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT Total Solution Depth i-.5 Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Total Solution Gas Gas kPa mm ug/kg mg/lug/l ug/kg ug/l mq/lug/l ug/kg mg/lug/kg ug/l

64. .258 -199.3 18.6 .130E+04 .651E+00 .210E-01 .110E+02 .713E-03 .909E-04 .707E+03 .594E-02 .000E+00 .236E+04 .129E+00 .000E+00 191. .139 -196.6 .3 .613E+02 .660E+00 .212E-01 .351E-01 .378E-03 .482E-04 .240E+00 .258E-02 .000E+00 .817E+01 .881E-01 .000E+00 Drainage flux : .0

Total 50.4 226.46 1.83 116.83

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1s	%ile 1 mm .21E+03	1 mm .18E+01
1 mm .12E+03		
Depth and conc of 5tl	n %ile 6 mm .21E+03	6 mm .18E+01
6 mm .12E+03	6 mm .39E+03	
Depth and conc of 16th	n %ile 21 mm .21E+03	20 mm .18E+0,1
20 mm .12E+03	20 mm .39E+03	
Depth and conc of 50t	n %ile 66 mm .21E+03	63 mm .18E+01
63 mm .12E+03	63 mm .39E+03	
Depth and conc of 84t	n %ile 112 mm .21E+03	107 mm .18E+01
106 mm .12E+03	107 mm .39E+03	
Depth and conc of 95t	n %ile 130 mm .12E+02	121 mm .18E+01
120 mm .12E+03	121 mm .39E+03	
Depth and conc of 99t	n %ile 229 mm .12E+02	126 mm .18E+01
125 mm .12E+03	126 mm .39E+03	

PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 259.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) C (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA

				Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	. Cum.	Incr.
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.				
64.	900.0	.900	14.3	21.3	818.4	.000E+00.	.000E+00	.142E-01.176E+00
			0.000E+00					
191.	100.0	.100	14.4	.5	128.2	.000E+00	.000E+00	.165E-03.165E-01
.116E-02	2.139E+00	.000E+00	0.000E+00					
							A <sub>d</sub>	
Total:	500.0			21.8	946.6	.000E+00	.000E+00	.144E-01.193E+00
.120E+00	).165E+01	.000E+00	0.000E+00				•	

\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 266.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 9/22/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2			-	-	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 383.6	:	50.4	293.2	1.8	110.6
Undissolved on soil surface	:		227.6	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.2	520.8	1.8	110.6
383.6					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	1269.1	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
2.8					_
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs .0</pre>	n:	80.2	264.8	445.7	.0
iii) by transformation	:		83.7	.3	55.4
61.6			0	0	0
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0		976.3	.0	. 2	1.8
v) by plant uptake	:	9/0.3	.0	• 2	1.0
Mass error	:	-202.5	.0	.0	.0
.0	•	202.5	• 0		

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node 1	heta	Potnl	Flux	CH	ILORSUL	ΕT	HOFUMES		
GLYPHOSA	TA			PACLBUTRA	4				
Depth			i5	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solu	tion	Gas	Total	Solut	ion	Gas	

mm kPa mm ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l

Total 50.4 293.22 1.78 110.63 383.61

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile 1 mm .28E+03	1 mm .18E+01
1 mm .11E+03	1 mm .38E+03	
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile 6 mm .28E+03	6 mm .18E+01
6 mm .11E+03	6 mm .38E+03	
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile 21 mm .28E+03	20 mm .18E+01
20 mm .11E+03	20 mm .38E+03	
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile 66 mm .28E+03	63 mm .18E+01
63 mm .11E+03	63 mm .38E+03	
<del>-</del>	%ile 111 mm .28E+03	107 mm .18E+01
106 mm .11E+03	107 mm .38E+03	
<del>-</del>	%ile 126 mm .28E+03	121 mm .18E+01
120 mm .11E+03	121 mm .38E+03	
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile 224 mm .13E+02	126 mm .18E+01
125 mm .11E+03	126 mm .38E+03	

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 266.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.4000E+03 kPa

Node RDF Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Roots Temp С CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 Cum. Incr. 28.0 846.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .196E-01.196E+00 12.9 .163E+00.168E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 13.2 .624E-02.145E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 1.8 130.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .850E-03.173E-01 29.7 976.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .205E-01.213E+00 Total: 500.0 .169E+00.182E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*

TIME ELAPSED 273.000 DAYS			CUMULATI	VE TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 9/29/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
FACEBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 377.3	:	51.0	410.3	1.7	105.0
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		51.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change 377.3	:	.0 13.8	461.3	1.7	105.0
Additions: i) in rain or irric	; ;	1313.8	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
448.0 Losses: i) in drainage 2.8	:	401.8	26.6	.0	.1
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	sn:	83.3	316.2	445.7	.0
iii) by transformation 67.9	:		91.8	.3	60.8
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake .0	:	1029.1	.0	.2	2.1
Mass error	:	-214.3	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

	eta Potnl	Flux	CHLORSULF		ETHOFUMES		
GLYPHOSAT		PACLE		_			
Depth		i5 To	stal Solutio	on Gas	Total	Solution	
Gas '	Total Solu	ition Gas	Total S	Solution	Gas		
mm	kPa	mm uç	g/kg mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	
ug/l	ug/kg m	ug/l $ug/l$	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l		
.851E-04 1911 .661E-04	.636E+03 . 42 -171.8 .361E+00 .	41.5 .23 534E-02 .000E 5.2 .99 382E-02 .000E	.227E+0 55E+02 .105E+	04 .125E+00 +01 .339E-01	.000E+00 1 .491E-01		
Drain	age flux :	. 0					
Total 105.02	51.0	377.3	410.29 34		1.	72	

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for

the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc o	f 1st	%ile 1 mm .39E+0	)3 1	mm .17E+01
		1  mm  .37E+03		
Depth and conc o	f 5th	%ile 6 mm .39E+	)3 6	mm .17E+01
6 mm .10E+03		6  mm  .37E+03		
Depth and conc o	f 16th	%ile 21 mm .39E+	20	mm .17E+01
		20 mm .37E+03		
Depth and conc o	f 50th	%ile 66 mm .39E+	03 63	mm .17E+01
63 mm .10E+03		63 mm .37E+03		
Depth and conc o	f 84th	%ile 111 mm .39E+	107	mm .17E+01
106 mm .10E+03		107 mm .37E+03		
Depth and conc o	f 95th	%ile 126 mm .39E+	121	mm .17E+01
120 mm .10E+03		121 mm .37E+03		
Depth and conc o	f 99th	%ile 226 mm .19E+	126	mm .17E+01
-		126 mm .37E+03		

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME:	273.000	DAYS	CROP COVE	ER: 1.0	00 RO	OT POTENT	IAL:60	00E+03 kPa	
Node	Roots	RDF	Temp T	ranspir (mm		-	by plant RSULF	s (mg/m2) ETHOFUMES	
GLYPHOS	AT P	ACLBUTRA							
			70	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	
Cum.	Incr.	Cum.	Incr.	Cum.					
64	. 900.0	.900	12.1	46.0	892.4	.000E+00.	000E+00	.312E-01.227	E+00
.252E+0	0.193E+01	.000E+0	0.000E+00						
191	. 100.0	.100	12.2	6.8	136.7	.000E+00.	000E+00	.372E-02.210	E-01
.275E-0	1.172E+00	.000E+0	0.000E+00				1		
Total:	500.0			52.8	1029.1	.000E+00.	000E+00	.349E-01.248	E+00
.279E+0	0.210E+01	.000E+0	0.000E+00						*

********					
TIME ELAPSED 280.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 10/6/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					•
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0

.0

-	:	50.5	436.0	1.7	100.0
371.4					
Undissolved on soil surface :	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	13.3	436.0	1.7	100.0
371.4					100.0
Additions: i) in rain or irrig : .0	: 13	40.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
448.0					200.0
Losses: i) in drainage	: 4	01.8	26,6	.0	.1
2.8			1.7		• •
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsn:	:	85.0	331.7	445.7	.0
.0					
, 2	:		101.7	.3	65.6
73.8					
, 1 , 3 ,	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
v) by plant uptake	: 10	59.2	.0	.3	2.3
.0					
Mass error	: -2	19.5	.0	.0	.0

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES								
GLYPHOSA	T		PACLBUTRA	7	,			
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution	
Gas	Total So	olution	Gas	Total So	lution	Gas		
mm	kPa	a mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	
		mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l		
64	258 <b>-</b> 196	.1 24.6	.252E+0	04 .126E+01	1 .406E-0	.101E+0	2 .649E-03	
.828E-04	.605E+03	3 .509E-02	.000E+00	.223E+04	.123E+00	.000E+00		
191	140 -192	.7 .4	.104E+0	3 .112E+03	1 .361E-0	.518E-0	1 .557E-03	
.710E-04	.377E+0	.405E-02	.000E+00	.129E+02	.138E+00	.000E+00		
Drai	nage flux	: .0						
Total	50.5		436.	.00		1.	67	
100.02			371.44			•		

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and cond	of	1st	%ile	1 mm	.42E+03	1 mr	n .17E+01
1 mm .10E+03			1 mm	.37E+0	3		
Depth and cond	of	5th	%ile	6 mm	.42E+03	6 mr	n .17E+01
6 mm .10E+03			6 mm	.37E+0	3		
Depth and cond	of 1	16th	%ile	21 mm	.42E+03	20 mr	n .17E+01
20 mm .10E+03			20 mm	.37E+	03		

Depth	and conc	οf	50th	%ile	66 mm	.42E+03	63 mm	.17E+01
63 mm	.10E+03			63 :	mm .37E+	03		
Depth	and conc	of	84th	%ile	111 mm	.42E+03	107 mm	.17E+01
106 mm	.10E+03			107	mm .37E	+03		
Depth	and conc	of	95th	%ile	126 mm	.42E+03	121 mm	.17E+01
120 mm	.10E+03			121	mm .37E	+03		
Depth	and conc	of	99th	%ile	226 mm	.20E+02	126 mm	.17E+01
125 mm	.10E+03			126	mm .37E	+03		

## PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 280.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.4000E+03 kPa Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node Roots RDF Temp С CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 11.4 29.4 921.8 .000E+00.000E+00 .193E-01.247E+00 .154E+00.208E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 11.7 .7 137.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .389E-03.214E-01 .287E-02.175E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 30.1 1059.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .197E-01.268E+00 .156E+00.226E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 287.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 10/13/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 365.8	:	50.4	426.4	1.6	95.4
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change 365.8	:	13.2	426.4	1.6	95.4
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1367.4	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment 448.0	:		896.0	448.0	168.0

Losses: i)	in	drainage	:	401.9	26.7	.0	.1
2.8							
	γď	evap/voltzn/cnv	rsn:	87.1	331.9	445.7	.0
.0 iii) 79.4	рÀ	transformation	:		111.1	. 4	70.1
	рÀ	degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
	ру	plant uptake	:	1089.4	.0	.3	2.4
Mass error			:	-224.2	.0	. 0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node	Theta	Potnl	Flux	СН	LORSULF		ETH	HOFUMES
GLYPHOS	AT			PACLBUTRA				
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota	l Sol	ution	Gas	Total So	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/	kg i	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
64.	.258	-197.9	25.4	.246E+0	4 .123E+0	1 .395E-0	.980E+01	1 .632E-03
.806E-0	4 .57	7E+03	.485E-02	.000E+00	.220E+04	.121E+00	.000E+00	
191.	.139	-196.7	1.0	.110E+0	3 .118E+0	1 .380E-0	01 .535E-03	1 .576E-03
.735E-0	4 .38	6E+00	.416E-02	.000E+00	.128E+02	.138E+00	.000E+00	
Dra	inage	flux :	.0					
m , 1	50.4			106	2.6		,	
Total	50.4			426.	36		1.0	53
95.39				365.81				

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile 1 mm .41E+03	1 mm .16E+01
1 mm .95E+02	1 mm .36E+03	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6 mm .41E+03	6 mm .16E+01
6 mm .95E+02	6 mm .36E+03	
Depth and conc of 1	16th %ile 21 mm .41E+03	20 mm .16E+01
20 mm .95E+02	20 mm .36E+03	
Depth and conc of 5	50th %ile 66 mm .41E+03	63 mm .16E+01
63 mm .95E+02	63 mm .36E+03	
Depth and conc of 8	84th %ile 112 mm .41E+03	107 mm .16E+01
106 mm .95E+02	107 mm .36E+03	
Depth and conc of 9	95th %ile 126 mm .41E+03	121 mm .16E+01
120 mm .95E+02	121 mm .36E+03	
Depth and conc of 9	99th %ile 228 mm .21E+02	126 mm .16E+01
125 mm .95E+02	126 mm .36E+03	

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 287.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) С CHLORSULF (mm) ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 10.9 29.1 950.9 .000E+00.000E+00 .186E-01.265E+00 .145E+00.223E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 11.3 .480E-02.180E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 1.1 138.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .655E-03.221E-01 Total: 500.0 30.2 1089.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .192E-01.287E+00 .150E+00.241E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 294.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 10/20/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 356.3	:	87.0	374.4	1.6	91.7
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	49.8	374.4	1.6	91.7
356.3 Additions: i) in rain or irrig .0	:	1445.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
	:	442.2	71.0	.0	.3
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs .0</pre>	n:	87.7	332.1	445.7	.0
iii) by transformation 83.9	:		118.6	. 4	73.5
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	1090.3	.0	.3	2.4
Mass error	:	-224.1	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

CHLORSULF Node Theta Potnl Flux **ETHOFUMES** PACLBUTRA GLYPHOSAT' i-.5Total Solution Depth Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas ug/kg mg/l ug/l kPa mm ug/kg mm mg/lug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/l -5.1 77.9 .207E+04 .968E+00 .311E-01 .948E+01 .606E-03 64. .443 .772E-04 .555E+03 .466E-02 .000E+00 .214E+04 .116E+00 .000E+00 191. .242 -3.9 53.5 .170E+03 .105E+01 .339E-01 .974E-01 .604E-03 .770E-04 .733E+00 .454E-02 .000E+00 .194E+02 .121E+00 .000E+00 Drainage flux: 40.4 374.38 1.58 Total 87.0

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

356.33

91.73

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile 1	mm .34E+03	1 mm .1	6E+01
1 mm .92E+02				
Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6	5 mm .34E+03	6 mm .1	6E+01
6 mm .92E+02	6 mm .3	35E+03		
Depth and conc of	16th %ile 22	mm .34E+03	20 mm .1	6E+01
20 mm .92E+02				
Depth and conc of	50th %ile 69	mm .34E+03	64 mm .1	6E+01
63 mm .92E+02				
Depth and conc of	84th %ile 116	5 mm .34E+03	107 mm .1	6E+01
106 mm .92E+02				
Depth and conc of	95th %ile 180	) mm .32E+02	122 mm .1	6E+01
120 mm .92E+02				
Depth and conc of	99th %ile 239	9 mm .32E+02	145 mm .1	9E-01
125 mm .92E+02				

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa TIME: 294.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Transpiration Node Roots RDF Temp ETHOFUMES CHLORSULF С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 951.7 .000E+00.000E+00 .511E-03.266E+00 .8 64. 900.0 .900 7.7 .391E-02.223E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

191. 100.0 .100 7.9 .0 138.6 .000E+00.000E+00 .125E-04.221E-01 .896E-04.180E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

Total: 500.0 .8 1090.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .523E-03.288E+00 .400E-02.241E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*

TIME ELAPSED 301.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 10/27/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	50.4	355.5	1.5	88.2
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change	:	.0 13.3	355.5	1.5	88.2
350.8 Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1475.3	.0	.0	.0
.0 ii) as amendment 448.0	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
Losses: i) in drainage 9.2	:	454.7	83.6	.0	. 4
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	89.1	332.2	445.7	.0
iii) by transformation 88.0	:		124.6	. 4	76.7
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 v) by plant uptake	:	1165.4	.0	.3	2.7
.0 Mass error .0	:	-247.2	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node T	heta Po	tnl Flux	CI	HLORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	T		PACLBUTRA	P		_	
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	n Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total	Solution	Gas	Total So	olution	Gas	
mm	k	Pa mm	ug/kg	mg/1	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/1
ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/1	ug/l	•

64. .258 -197.6 28.0 .205E+04 .102E+01 .329E-01 .916E+01 .591E-03 .754E-04 .534E+03 .449E-02 .000E+00 .211E+04 .116E+00 .000E+00

191. .139 -196.3 -2.2 .940E+02 .101E+01 .326E-01 .216E-01 .233E-03 .297E-04 .147E+00 .159E-02 .000E+00 .111E+02 .119E+00 .000E+00 Drainage flux: 12.5

Total 50.4 355.54 1.52 88.23 350.76

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st	%ile 1 mm .34E	+03 1	mm	.15E+01
1 mm .88E+02		1 mm .35E+03			
		%ile 6 mm .34E	+03 6	mm	.15E+01
6 mm .88E+02		6 mm .35E+03			
Depth and conc of	16th	%ile 21 mm .34E	+03 20	mm	.15E+01
20 mm .88E+02		20 mm .35E+03			
Depth and conc of	50th	%ile 66 mm .34E	+03 63	mm	.15E+01
63 mm .88E+02		63 mm .35E+03			
Depth and conc of	84th	%ile 112 mm .34E	+03 106	mm	.15E+01
		107 mm .35E+03			
Depth and conc of	95th	%ile 127 mm .18E	+02 120	mm	.15E+01
		121 mm .35E+03			
Depth and conc of	99th	%ile 228 mm .18E	+02 126	mm	.15E+01
125 mm .88E+02		126 mm .35E+03			

PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 4000E+03 kPa TIME: 301.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Transpiration Node Roots RDF Temp ETHOFUMES CHLORSULF C (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 50.7 1002.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .305E-01.296E+00 64. 900.0 .900 7.3 .235E+00.246E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 163.0 .000E+00.000E+00 .115E-01.336E-01 191. 100.0 .100 7.6 24.4 .868E-01.267E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 75.1 1165.4 .000E+00.000E+00 .419E-01.330E+00 Total: 500.0 .322E+00.273E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 308.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 11/ 3/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
<pre>Initial total .0</pre>	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 347.6	:	50.5	350.7	1.5	85.8
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0	252.5		
Simulated change 347.6	:	13.3	350.7	1.5	85.8
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1487.7	.0	.0	. 0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
Losses: i) in drainage 9.2	:	454.7	83.7	.0	. 4
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrsn .0</pre>	1:	89.6	332.4	445.7	.0
	:		129.2	. 4	79.1
<pre>iv) by degradation .0</pre>	:		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	1178.3	.0	.3	2.8
Mass error	:	-248.2	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta	Potnl	Flux	CH	ILORSULI	?	ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT			PACLBUTRA	7			
Depth		i5	Total	Soluti	ion Gas	s Total	Solution
Gas Tot	al Solu	ıtion	Gas	Total	Solution	Gas	
mm	kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/I	L ug/I	l ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l ug	/kg m	ng/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
						E-01 .903E+0 +00 .000E+00	1 .582E-03
191140	-193.0 83E+00 .	.3 196E-02	.942E+0	2 .101	E+01 .326	E-01 .279E-0 +00 .000E+00	1 .300E-03

Total 50.5 350.74 1.50 85.79 347.57

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the

soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

	1st %ile	1 mm .15E+01
Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6 mm .33E+03 6 mm .35E+03	6 mm .15E+01
Depth and conc of 1	16th %ile 21 mm .33E+03 20 mm .35E+03	20 mm .15E+01
Depth and conc of 5	50th %ile 66 mm .33E+03 63 mm .35E+03	63 mm .15E+01
Depth and conc of 8	34th %ile 112 mm .33E+03	107 mm .15E+01
Depth and conc of 9	107 mm .35E+03 95th %ile 129 mm .18E+02	121 mm .15E+01
Depth and conc of 9	121 mm .35E+03 99th %ile 229 mm .18E+02 126 mm .35E+03	126 mm .15E+01

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 308.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL:-.6000E+03 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) С (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 2.4 12.7 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .743E-02.304E+00 .563E-01.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 2.7 .519E-03.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .3 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .757E-04.336E-01 Total: 500.0 12.9 1178.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .750E-02.337E+00 .568E-01.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 315.000 DAYS BALANCE DATE 11/10/96		Water	CUMULATIVE CHLORSULF	TOTALS AND	MASS GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	GHITHOSAI
mg/m2 mg/m2					
<pre>Initial total .0</pre>	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 334.5	:	83.6	269.8	1.4	83.2

Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	46.4	269.8	1.4	83.2
334.5					
Additions: i) in rain or irri.0	g :	1610.9	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
448.0					
Losses: i) in drainage	:	543.5	160.1	.1	.7
19.3					
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvr .0</pre>	sn:	90.9	332.5	445.7	.0
iii) by transformation	:		133.6	. 4	81.3
94.3					
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0					
v) by plant uptake	:	1178.3	.0	.3	2.8
.0					
Mass error	:	-248.2	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux GLYPHOSAT	CHLORSULF PACLBUTRA	ETHOFUMES
		Total Solution
		10001 001000
Gas Total Solution	Gas Total Solution	Gas
mm kPa mm	ug/kg $mg/l$ $ug/l$	ug/kg mg/l
ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l
	.150E+04 .703E+00 .226E- 02 .000E+00 .201E+04 .109E+0	
191228 -5.9 100.0	.117E+03 .769E+00 .247E- 02 .000E+00 .168E+02 .111E+0	01 .828E-01 .545E-03

Total 83.6 269.77 1.44 83.18 334.46

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	: %ile	1 mm .25E+03	1 mm	.14E+01
1 mm .83E+02	1 mm	.33E+03		
Depth and conc of 5tl	n %ile	6 mm .25E+03	6 mm	.14E+01
6 mm .83E+02	6 mm	.33E+03		
Depth and conc of 16th	n %ile	22 mm .25E+03	20 mm	.14E+01
20 mm .83E+02	20 mm	.33E+03		
Depth and conc of 50th	n %ile	69 mm .25E+03	64 mm	.14E+01
63 mm .83E+02	64 mm	.33E+03		

Depth	and conc	of	84th	%ile	116 mm	.25E+03	107 mm	.14E+01
106 mm	.83E+02			107	mm .33E+	03	,	
Depth	and conc	of	95th	%ile	177 mm	.22E+02	121 mm	.14E+01
120 mm	.83E+02			121	mm .33E+	03		
Depth	and conc	of	99th	∛ile	238 mm	.22E+02	138 mm	.16E-01
125 mm	.83E+02			126	mm .33E+	03		

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 315.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) CHLORSULF С (mm) ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. .0 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.304E+00 64. 900.0 .900 5.3 .000E+00.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.336E-01 191. 100.0 .100 5.4 .000E+00.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 1178.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.337E+00 Total: 500.0 .000E+00.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*

TIME ELAPSED 322.000 DAYS BALANCE			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
DATE 11/17/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
.0 Currently in profile	:	76.5	262.4	1.4	82.3
332.5 Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change	:	39.3	262.4	1.4	82.3
332.5					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1612.0	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
448.0					
Losses: i) in drainage 20.1	:	551.3	166.1	.1	.7

. 0	ii)	bу	evap/voltzn/cnvrsn	:	91.3	332.7	445.7	.0
95.4	iii)	рà	transformation	:		134.9	. 4	82.2
	iv)	рy	degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0	v)	by	plant uptake	:	1178.3	.0	.3	2.8
.0 Mass	error			:	-248.2	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node T	heta Potr	l Flux	CH	HLORSULF		ET	HOFUMES
GLYPHOSA	T		PACLBUTRA	F			
Depth		i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Total Sc	lution	Gas	Total So.	lution	Gas	
mm	kPa	ı mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	
						.856E+0	1 .549E-03
.700E-04	.498E+03	3 .418E-02	.000E+00	.200E+04	.109E+00	.000E+00	
191	208 -11.	4 5.3	.104E+0	03 .752E+0	0 .242E-0	.754E-0	1 .544E-03
.693E-04	.566E+00	.408E-02	.000E+00	.152E+02	.110E+00	.000E+00	

Total 76.5 262.37 1.43 82.30 332.45

Drainage flux: 7.8

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	1 mm .24E+03	1 mm	.14E+01
1 mm .82E+02	1 mm	.33E+03	_	4 04
Depth and conc of			6 mm	.14E+01
6 mm .82E+02				404
Depth and conc of	16th %ile	21 mm .24E+03	20 mm	.14E+01
20 mm .82E+02	20 mm	n .33E+03		
Depth and conc of			64 mm	.14E+01
63 mm .82E+02	64 mr	n .33E+03		
Depth and conc of	84th %ile	115 mm .24E+03	~107 mm	.14E+01
106 mm .82E+02	107 r	nm .33E+03		
Depth and conc of			121 mm	.14E+01
120 mm .82E+02	121 r	nm .33E+03		
Depth and conc of	99th %ile	237 mm .20E+02	127 mm	.14E-01
125 mm .82E+02	126 r	mm .33E+03		

PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 322.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -.6000E+03 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) CHLORSULF С (mm) ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. .0 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.304E+00 64. 900.0 .900 -3.3 .000E+00.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 .0 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.336E-01 -2.6 .000E+00.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 Total: 500.0 .0 1178.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.337E+00 .000E+00.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 329.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 11/24/96		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACLBUTRA		Hacci		511101 01150	02111100111
		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	78.1	248.7	1.4	82.2
330.4	•	, 0, 1	2.000		
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0		0			
Cum. runoff Simulated change	:	.0 40.9	248.7	1.4	82.2
330.4	•	40.5	210.7	±••	02.2
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1634.1	.0	.0	.0
.0					1.60.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
Losses: i) in drainage	:	570.0	179.6	. 1	.8
22.2	·				
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs</pre>	n:	93.0	332.8	445.7	. 0
.0			124.0	1	82.2
iii) by transformation 95.4	:		134.9	. 4	02.2
iv) by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
.0			,		
v) by plant uptake	:	1178.3	.0	.3	2.8
.0 Mass error .0	:	-248.2	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA i-.5Total Solution Gas Total Solution Depth Gas Total Solution Total Solution Gas Gas ug/kg mg/l ug/l kPa mm mm ug/kg ug/l ua/l ug/kg mg/lug/kg mg/lug/l -11.0 20.3 .139E+04 .659E+00 .212E-01 .850E+01 .544E-03 64. .403 .694E-04 .497E+03 .418E-02 .000E+00 .198E+04 .108E+00 .000E+00 .101E+03 .710E+00 .229E-01 .771E-01 .544E-03 191. .212 -9.8 19.3 .694E-04 .584E+00 .413E-02 .000E+00 .155E+02 .109E+00 .000E+00 Drainage flux : 18.7 Total 78.1 248.68 1.42 82.22 330.40

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile 1 mm .23E+03	1 mm .14E+01
	1 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6 mm .23E+03	6 mm .14E+01
6 mm .82E+02	6 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of	16th %ile 22 mm .23E+03	20 mm .14E+01
20 mm .82E+02	20 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of	50th %ile 68 mm .23E+03	64 mm .14E+01
63 mm .82E+02	64 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of	84th %ile 115 mm .23E+03	107 mm .14E+01
106 mm .82E+02	107 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of	95th %ile 171 mm .19E+02	121 mm .14E+01
120 mm .82E+02	121 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of	f 99th %ile 237 mm .19E+02	131 mm .15E-01
125 mm .82E+02	126 mm .33E+03	

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa TIME: 329.000 DAYS Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Transpiration Node Roots ·RDF Temp CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. .0 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.304E+00 64. 900.0 .900 -3.3 .000E+00.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.336E-01 191. 100.0 .100 . 0 -2.8.000E+00.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

į

.000E+00.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

.0

*******************	***	*****	******	******	*****
TIME ELAPSED 336.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	E TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 12/ 1/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 328.4	:	80.5	235.8	1.4	82.1
Undissolved on soil surface .0	:		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff Simulated change	: :	.0 43.3	235.8	1.4	82.1
328.4 Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1659.5	.0	.0	.0
ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
Losses: i) in drainage 24.2	:	588.7	192.4	.1	. 9
<pre>ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs .0</pre>	n:	97.3	332.9	445.7	. 0
iii) by transformation 95.4	:		134.9	. 4	82.2
iv) by degradation	:	1170 0	.0	.0	.0
v) by plant uptake	:	1178.3	.0	. 3	2.8
Mass error	:	-248.1	.0	. 0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux GLYPHOSAT	CHLORSULF PACLBUTRA	ETHOFUMES
Depth i5	Total Solution Gas	Total Solution
Gas Total Solution	Gas Total Solution	Gas
mm kPa mm	ug/kg $mg/l$ $ug/l$	ug/kg mg/l
ug/l $ug/kg$ $mg/l$	ug/l $ug/kg$ $mg/l$	ug/l
.688E-04 .497E+03 .417E- 191219 -7.9 19.5	.132E+04 .621E+00 .200E- 02 .000E+00 .197E+04 .108E+0 .979E+02 .670E+00 .216E- 02 .000E+00 .158E+02 .109E+0	00 .000E+00 -01 .793E-01 .543E-03

82.14 328.37

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile 1 mm .22E+03	1 mm .14E+01
1 mm .82E+02	1 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6 mm .22E+03	6 mm .14E+01
6 mm .82E+02	6 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of 1	l6th %ile 22 mm .22E+03	20 mm .14E+01
20 mm .82E+02	20 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of 5	50th %ile 68 mm .22E+03	64 mm .14E+01
63 mm .82E+02	64 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of 8	34th %ile 115 mm .22E+03	107 mm .14E+01
106 mm .82E+02	107 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of 9	95th %ile 173 mm .19E+02	121 mm .14E+01
120 mm .82E+02	121 mm .33E+03	
Depth and conc of 9	99th %ile 237 mm .19E+02	135 mm .15E-01
125 mm .82E+02	126 mm .33E+03	

### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 336.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa

Node Roots RDF Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Temp ETHOFUMES CHLORSULF С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. .0 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.304E+00 64. 900.0 .900 -3.7 .000E+00.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 -3.4 .000E+00.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.336E-01 .0 1178.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.337E+00 Total: 500.0

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

.000E+00.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

CUMULATIVE TOTALS AND MASS TIME ELAPSED 343.000 DAYS BALANCE

Water CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT DATE 12/8/96

PACLBUTRA

mg/m2 mg/m2		mm	mg/m2	mg/m	2
mg/mz mg/mz					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile 318.9	:	83.6	183.5	1.4	81.8
Undissolved on soil s	urface :		.0	.0	.0
Cum. runoff	:	.0			
Simulated change 318.9	:	46.4	183.5	. 1.4	81.8
Additions: i) in rai .0	n or irrig :	1755.4	.0	.0	.0
ii) as ame	ndment :		896.0	448.0	168.0
Losses: i) in drainag	e :	677.6	244.7	.2	1.3
ii) by evap/vo	ltzn/cnvrsn:	101.2	332.9	445.7	.0
iii) by transfo	rmation :		134.9	. 4	82.2
iv) by degrada	tion :		.0	.0	.0
v) by plant u	ptake :	1178.3	.0	.3	2.8
Mass error	:	-248.1	.0	.0	.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node	Theta	Potnl	Flux	CH	ILORSULF		ETI	HOFUMES
GLYPHOS.	AT			PACLBUTRA	7			
Depth			i5	Total	Solution	Gas	Total	Solution
Gas	Tota	l Sol	ution	Gas	Total So	lution	Gas	
mm		kPa	mm	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l
ug/l	ug/	kg 1	mg/l	ug/l	ug/kg	mg/l	ug/l	-
.664E-0 191. .672E-0	4 .49. .228	5E+03 -5.9 2E+00	.415E-02 90.1 .416E-02	.000E+00 .792E+0	.191E+04 02 .521E+0	.104E+00 0 .168E-0	01 .814E+0 0 .000E+00 01 .801E-0 0 .000E+00	
Total 81.77	83.6	· a	:	183. 318.88	49		.1.	36

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st %ile 1 mm .17E+03 1 mm .13E+01 1 mm .82E+02 1 mm .32E+03

Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6 mm .17E+03	6 mm .13E+01
6 mm .82E+02	6 mm .32E+03	
Depth and conc of 3	16th %ile 22 mm .17E+03	20 mm .13E+01
20 mm .82E+02	20 mm .32E+03	
Depth and conc of S	50th %ile 69 mm .17E+03	64 mm .13E+01
63 mm .82E+02	64 mm .32E+03	
Depth and conc of 8	84th %ile 116 mm .17E+03	107 mm .13E+01
106 mm .82E+02	107 mm .32E+03	
Depth and conc of 9	95th %ile 176 mm .15E+02	122 mm .13E+01
120 mm .82E+02	121 mm .32E+03	
Depth and conc of 9	99th %ile 238 mm .15E+02	140 mm .15E-01
125 mm .82E+02	126 mm .32E+03	

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 343.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) CHLORSULF С (mm) ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. 64. 900.0 .900 .0 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.304E+00 -1.9 .000E+00.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 191. 100.0 .100 -1.8 .0 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.336E-01 .000E+00.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 1178.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.337E+00 Total: 500.0 .000E+00.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

TIME ELAPSED 350.000 DAYS CUMULATIVE TOTALS AND MASS BALANCE DATE 12/15/96 Water CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA mg/m2 mg/m2 mm mg/m2 mg/m2 Initial total .0 37.2 .0 .0 .0 Currently in profile 82.9 170.3 1.3 81.7 316.1 Undissolved on soil surface .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 Cum. runoff 1.3 45.7 170.3 81.7 Simulated change 316.1

i

Additions:	i) in rain or irrig	:	1783.4	.0	.0;	.0
448.0	ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
Losses: i)	in drainage	:	703.8	257.7	.2	1.4
	by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	103.7	333.0	445.7	.0
	by transformation	:		134.9	. 4	82.2
	by degradation	:		.0	.0	.0
	by plant uptake	:	1178.3	. 0	.3	2.8
.0 Mass error .0		:	-248.1	.0	.0	.0
• •						

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Fl	ux CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES
GLYPHOSAT	PACLBUTRA	
Depth i-	.5 Total Solution	Gas Total Solution
Gas Total Solution	n Gas Total Solut	ion Gas
mm kPa m		
ug/l ug/kg mg/l	ug/l ug/kg mg	/l ug/l
.658E-04 .494E+03 .415 191226 -6.3 25	.5 .948E+03 .445E+00 . E-02 .000E+00 .190E+04 .1 .9 .729E+02 .484E+00 . E-02 .000E+00 .157E+02 .1	03E+00 .000E+00 156E-01 .785E-01 .521E-03
	170.32	1.35

81.66 316.13

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile 1 mm .16E+03	1 mm .13E+01
1 mm .82E+02		
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile 6 mm .16E+03	6 mm .13E+01
6 mm .82E+02	6 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile 22 mm .16E+03	20 mm .13E+01
20 mm .82E+02	20 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile 69 mm .16E+03	64 mm .13E+01
63 mm .82E+02	64 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 84th	%ile 116 mm .16E+03	107 mm .13E+01
106 mm .82E+02	107 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 95th	%ile 176 mm .14E+02	122 mm .13E+01
120 mm .82E+02	121 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile 238 mm .14E+02	139 mm .15E-01
125 mm .82E+02	126 mm .31E+03	

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 350.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES (mm) С GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Cum. Incr. .0 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.304E+00 64. 900.0 .900 -2.2 .000E+00.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 -2.0 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.336E-01 191. 100.0 .100 .000E+00.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00 .0 1178.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.337E+00 Total: 500.0 .000E+00.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TIME ELAPSED 357.000 DAYS			CUMULATIVE	TOTALS AND	MASS
BALANCE DATE 12/22/96 PACLBUTRA		Water	CHLORSULF	ETHOFUMES	GLYPHOSAT
PACEBUTRA		mm	mg/m2	mg/m2	
mg/m2 mg/m2					
Initial total	:	37.2	.0	.0	.0
Currently in profile	:	78.5	165.7	1.3	81.6
Undissolved on soil surface	:		.0	.0	.0
.0 Cum. runoff		.0			
Simulated change	:	41.3	165.7	1.3	81.6
315.1					
Additions: i) in rain or irrig	:	1791.6	.0	.0	.0
.0 ii) as amendment	:		896.0	448.0	168.0
448.0				•	1 4
Losses: i) in drainage	:	713.3	262.3	. 2	1.4
ii) by evap/voltzn/cnvrs	n:	106.7	333.1	445.7	.0
,	:		134.9	. 4	82.2
95.4 iv) by degradation .0	:		.0	.0	.0

v) by plant uptake : 1178.3 .0 .3 \\ .0 \\
.0 \\
Mass error : -248.0 .0 .0 .0 \\
.0

Volatile loss (mg/m2) of pesticide during ponded water application .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00

Node Theta Potnl Flux CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Depth i-.5 Total Solution Gas Total Solution Gas Total Solution Total Solution Gas Gas ug/kg mg/l ug/lkPa mm ug/kg mq/lug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/lug/l 64. .405 -10.7 5.2 .926E+03 .439E+00 .141E-01 .804E+01 .515E-03 .656E-04 .494E+03 .414E-02 .000E+00 .189E+04 .103E+00 .000E+00 191. .213 -9.4 7.9 .672E+02 .472E+00 .152E-01 .739E-01 .519E-03

.662E-04 .591E+00 .415E-02 .000E+00 .148E+02 .104E+00 .000E+00

Drainage flux: 9.5

Total 78.5 165.71 1.34 81.62 315.14

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of	1st %ile	1 mm .13E+01
1 mm .82E+02	1 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of	5th %ile 6 mm .15E+03	6 mm .13E+01
6 mm .82E+02	6 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of	16th %ile 22 mm .15E+03	20 mm .13E+01
20 mm .82E+02	20 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of	50th %ile 68 mm .15E+03	64 mm .13E+01
63 mm .82E+02	64 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of	84th %ile 115 mm .15E+03	107 mm .13E+01
106 mm .82E+02	107 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of	95th %ile 171 mm .13E+02	121 mm .13E+01
120 mm .82E+02	121 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of	99th %ile 237 mm .13E+02	133 mm .14E-01
125 mm .82E+02	126 mm .31E+03	

PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 357.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -. 6000E+03 kPa

Node Roots RDF Temp Transpiration Uptake by plants (mg/m2)
C (mm) CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES

GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA

mm kPa mm ug/kg mg/l ug/l ug/kg mg/l ug/kg mg/l ug/kg mg/l ug/kg mg/l ug/kg

Total 78.3 159.54 1.33 81.57 313.76

(Water fluxes are cumulative since the previous printout and, except for the drainage flux, refer to the upper boundary of each depth segment.)

The following distribution is calculated ignoring undissolved chemical on the soil surface and that lost from the profile by leaching, plant uptake and volatilization

Depth and conc of 1st	%ile 1 mm .15E+03	1 mm .13E+01
1 mm .81E+02		
Depth and conc of 5th	%ile 6 mm .15E+03	6 mm .13E+01
6 mm .81E+02	6 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 16th	%ile 22 mm .15E+03	20 mm .13E+01
20 mm .81E+02	20 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 50th	%ile 68 mm .15E+03	64 mm .13E+01
63 mm .81E+02	64 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 84th	%ile 115 mm .15E+03	107 mm .13E+01
106 mm .81E+02	107 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 95th	%ile 171 mm .12E+02	121 mm .13E+01
120 mm .81E+02	121 mm .31E+03	
Depth and conc of 99th	%ile 237 mm .12E+02	132 mm .14E-01
125 mm .81E+02	126 mm 31E+03	

#### PLANT GROWTH, TRANSPIRATION AND PESTICIDE ABSORPTION (IF CALCULATED)

TIME: 364.000 DAYS CROP COVER: 1.000 ROOT POTENTIAL: -.6000E+03 kPa

Uptake by plants (mg/m2) Node RDF Temp Transpiration Roots CHLORSULF ETHOFUMES С (mm) GLYPHOSAT PACLBUTRA Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. Incr. Cum. Cum. Incr. .0 1015.1 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.304E+00 64. 900.0 .900 -3.2.000E+00.252E+01 .000E+00.000E+00 163.2 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.336E-01 191. 100.0 .100 -2.9.0 .000E+00.268E+00 .000E+00.000E+00

Total: 500.0 .0 1178.3 .000E+00.000E+00 .000E+00.337E+00 .000E+00.279E+01 .000E+00.000E+00

# **Attachment 4**

Excerpts From Cornell Cooperative Extension Year 20001 Pest Management Guidelines for Commercial Turfgrass

# 2001 Pest Management Guidelines for Commercial Turfgrass

Compliments of your

# NEW YORK STATE TURFGRASS ASSOCIATION

"Keeping you informed."



New York Greengrass Association PO Box 612 Latham, NY 12110 (800) 873-TURF (8873)

NONPROFIT US POSTAGE PAID PERMIT NO. 30 LATHAM, NY 12110

Every effort has been made to provide correct, complete, and up-to-date pest management information for New York State in this publication, which was released for printing February 2001. Changes in pesticide registrations, regulations, and guidelines that occur after publication are regularly available in county Cornell Cooperative Extension offices and from the Pesticide Management Education Program web site, http://pmep.cce.cornell.edu. A revision of the printed document is issued annually.

These guidelines are not a substitute for pesticide labeling. Read the label before applying any pesticide.

# **DISEASE CONTROL**

Table 4. Cultural management and chemical control of turfgrass diseases

Disease (Pathogens)	Comments <sup>1</sup>	Cultural Management <sup>2</sup>	Fungicide or Nematicide³
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum)	Occurs April-October. Attacks ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, Kentucky bluegrass, fine fescues, and BENTGRASS.	Avoid N deficiency and drought, especially on annual bluegrass.	azoxystrobin <sup>4</sup> cyproconazole mancozeb propiconazole thiophanates triadimefon
Brown patch, yellow patch (Rhizoctonia)	All seasons. Attacks Kentucky bluegrass, BENTGRASS, RYEGRASSES, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, fine-leaf fescues, and TALL FESCUE.	Avoid excess N and water, especially on perennial ryegrass, fescue, and bentgrass. Use resistant varieties of perennial ryegrass. Water early in the day and remove dew from greens. The use of organic fertilizers and composts has been shown to reduce disease severity.	chlorothalonil cyproconazole fenarimol flutolanil iprodione mancozeb propiconazole quintozene thiophanates thiram triadimefon Trichoderma harzianum vinclozolin
Copper spot (Gleocercospora)	Occurs June–October. Attacks low-cut bentgrass.	No information known on cultural practices to manage copper spot.	chlorothalonil cyproconazole fenarimol iprodione thiophanates thiram triadimefon vinclozolin
Damping-off, seed rot (various fungi)	Occurs April–October. Attacks all grasses.	Provide good seedbed and conditions for seedling vigor. Species of <i>Pythium</i> , <i>Fusarium</i> , and <i>Rhizoctonia</i> often cause damping-off; select fungicides accordingly.	Seed treatment: mefenoxam thiram Seedling spray: varies with the causal fungus.
Dollar spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa)	Occurs June–October. Attacks Kentucky bluegrass, ryegrasses, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, BENTGRASS, and fine fescues.	Avoid N deficiency, drought, and night watering. Use resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrass, fine fescue, and bentgrass. Remove dew from greens. The use of organic fertilizers and composts has been shown to reduce disease severity.	chlorothalonil cyproconazole fenarimol iprodione propiconazole thiophanates thiram triadimefon vinclozolin

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The most susceptible species are printed in CAPITAL LETTERS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These practices have been shown to affect disease severity. The inclusion of these practices in no way implies that they may eliminate the need for pesticides. Solid programs will integrate good culture with judicious pesticide use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See pages 21–26 for registered trade names.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The use of this fungicide may increase severity of dollar spot.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Combined use of aeration and nonionic surfactants with the fungicide are useful.

<sup>\*</sup> Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

Table 4. Cultural management and chemical control of turfgrass diseases (continued)

Disease (Pathogens)	Comments <sup>1</sup>	Cultural Management <sup>2</sup>	Fungicide or Nematicide³
Fairy rings (various fungi)	Occurs April–October. All grasses.	Mask symptoms by removal of cores, thorough watering, and moderate fertility. In critical areas, fumigate or replace the soil and reseed.	flutolanil <sup>5</sup>
Leaf spots and blights (Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Curvularia, Dreschlera, Nigrospora, Septoria, etc.)	Occurs April-October. Attacks KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, ryegrasses, annual bluegrass, BENTGRASS, and FINE-LEAF FESCUES.	Avoid excess N (especially in spring). Avoid excess benomyl, thiophanate, and triadimefon, and night watering. Use resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, and fine fescue. Raise mowing height.	chlorothalonil iprodione mancozeb vinclozolin
Necrotic ringspot (Leptosphaeria)	Occurs June—September. Attacks KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, fine fescues, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, and bentgrass.	Avoid excess N, drought, excess water, and very low mowing. Reduce thatch when practical. Mix perennial ryegrass into Kentucky bluegrass seed or overseed with resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrass.	azoxystrobin <sup>4</sup> cyproconazole fenarimol iprodione
Nematode-caused diseases (various genera)	Occurs April–October. Attacks all grasses.	Apply to prepared seedbed during warm weather. Aerate soil thoroughly before planting. Apply as a drenching application during growing season. Do not handle sod within 30 days. See label directions.	Preplant: 1,3-dichloropropene metam Mature turf: *ethoprop *fenamiphos
Pink snow mold (Microdochium)	Occurs March–June and September–November during cool, wet weather. Snow is not necessary. Attacks ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, Kentucky bluegrass, BENTGRASS, fine fescues, TALL FESCUE, and perennial ryegrass.	Avoid late fall application of N. Rake matted grass in spring. Use resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrasses.	azoxystrobin <sup>4</sup> cyproconazole fenarimol iprodione propiconazole quintozene thiophanates triadimefon vinclozolin
Powdery mildew (Erysiphe)	Occurs July-September. Attacks KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS and fine fescues.	Avoid excess N and shade. Use resistant (shade-tolerant) varieties of Kentucky bluegrass.	propiconazole thiophanates triadimefon

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The most susceptible species are printed in CAPITAL LETTERS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>These practices have been shown to affect disease severity. The inclusion of these practices in no way implies that they may eliminate the need for pesticides. Solid programs will integrate good culture with judicious pesticide use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>See pages 21–26 for registered trade names.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The use of this fungicide may increase severity of dollar spot.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Combined use of aeration and nonionic surfactants with the fungicide are useful.

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

Table 4. Cultural management and chemical control of turfgrass diseases (continued)

Disease (Pathogens)	Comments <sup>1</sup>	Cultural Management²	Fungicide or Nematicide³
Pythium blight (Pythium)	Occurs July-August. Attacks Kentucky bluegrass, RYEGRASS, tall fescue, annual bluegrass, bentgrass, and fine-leaf fescues.	Avoid excess N and watering especially on perennial ryegrass, fescue, and bentgrass. Do not mow when grass is wet. Renovate area to increase air flow and drainage.	azoxystrobin <sup>4</sup> etridiazole fosetyl-Al mefenoxam metalaxyl propamocarb Trichoderma harzianum
Pythium root rot Pythium)	Occurs March-November. Attacks Kentucky bluegrass, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, CREEPING BENTGRASS, and PERENNIAL RYEGRASS.	Avoid prolonged wet conditions and excess watering. Raise mowing height if practical. Avoid frequent applications of broad-spectrum systemic fungicides. The use of some composts and organic fertilizers has been shown to reduce disease severity.	etridiazole fosetyl-Al mefenoxam metalaxyl propamocarb (NOTE: etridiazole, propamocarb, and metalaxyl must be thoroughly watered in Fosetyl-Al can be applied as a spray. Apply fungicides October–November for early spring control.) Trichoderma harzianum
Red thread, pink patch (Laetisaria, Limonomyces)	Occurs May-October. Attacks Kentucky bluegrass, annual bluegrass, PERENNIAL RYEGRASS, FINE FESCUES, and bentgrass.	Avoid N deficiency, especially on perennial ryegrass and fescue. Use resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, and fine fescue. The use of some organic fertilizers will reduce disease severity.	flutolanil iprodione propiconazole thiram triadimefon
Rusts (Puccinia)	Occurs July-October. Attacks Kentucky bluegrass and perennial ryegrass.	Avoid N deficiency and drought. Use resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrass and perennial ryegrass.	chlorothalonil mancozeb propiconazole triadimefon
Smuts (Urocystis, Ustilago)	Occurs April–November. Attacks KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, creeping bentgrass, and colonial bentgrass.	Avoid excess N and drought. Use resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrass.	cyproconazole fenarimol propiconazole thiophanates triadimefon (NOTE: Apply fungicides in November or March.)
Summer patch (Magneporthe)	Occurs June-September. Attacks KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, fine fescues, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, and bentgrass.	Avoid excess N, drought, excess water, and very low mowing. Mix perennial ryegrass into Kentucky bluegrass seed or overseed with resistant varieties of Kentucky bluegrass.	azoxystrobin <sup>4</sup> cyproconazole fenarimol iprodione propiconazole thiophanates triadimefon (NOTE: Apply fungicides preventively at high rates in April–June.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The most susceptible species are printed in CAPITAL LETTERS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>These practices have been shown to affect disease severity. The inclusion of these practices in no way implies that they may eliminate the need for pesticides. Solid programs will integrate good culture with judicious pesticide use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>See pages 21-26 for registered trade names.

<sup>\*</sup>The use of this fungicide may increase severity of dollar spot.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Combined use of aeration and nonionic surfactants with the fungicide are useful.

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

Table 4. Cultural management and chemical control of turfgrass diseases (continued)

Disease (Pathogens)	Comments <sup>1</sup>	Cultural Management <sup>2</sup>	Fungicide or Nematicide <sup>3</sup>
Take-all patch (Gaeumannomyces)	Occurs March–June and September–November. Attacks BENTGRASS and annual bluegrass.	Use acidifying fertilizers to reduce thatch pH. Avoid heavy applications of lime. The use of composts and organic fertilizers may reduce the severity of take-all in newly seeded areas.	azoxystrobin <sup>4</sup> fenarimol (NOTE: Controlling other diseases with triadimefon or propiconazole may also be helpful.)
Typhula blight (Typhula)	Occurs December-April. "Gray snow mold." Attacks Kentucky bluegrass, BENTGRASS, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, TALL FESCUE, fine fescues, and perennial ryegrass.	Use proper fertilizer management to prevent lush turf going into winter. Apply heavy rates of compost to cover dormant turf. Remove excess compost in early spring before turf resumes growth.	chloroneb chlorothalonil fenarimol iprodione propiconazole quintozene thiram triadimefon (NOTE: Apply fungicides before long-lasting snow cover. Systemic fungicides should not be applied to dormant turf.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The most susceptible species are printed in CAPITAL LETTERS.

# Selection and Application of Turfgrass Fungicides

Fungicides used for turfgrass disease control can be categorized as contacts and systemics. Many of the older fungicides are contact fungicides. Some common contact fungicides are listed in Table 5.

Contact fungicides are typically applied to foliage to prevent pathogenic fungi from infecting leaves. These fungicides are also effective in killing pathogens on thatch and leaf clippings in the turfgrass canopy. Contact fungicides act by killing both dormant spores and dormant and active mycelia of pathogenic fungi. They must be reapplied frequently so newly formed grass tissue remains protected. For contact fungicides to be effective foliar protectants, they must be allowed to dry on the plant surface after application. Therefore, to achieve most effective control of foliar diseases, they should never be watered in or applied in the rain. If they are used to control pathogen activity in thatch, they can be watered in. Because contact fungicides are largely water-insoluble, their movement through thatch is limited and they may not protect roots effectively.

Many of the modern fungicides used for turfgrass disease control are systemic fungicides. This means that they move in the plant's vascular system from the original site of application to distant parts. For example, a systemic fungicide applied to turf foliage may move through the plant to protect roots as well as leaves against infection by a pathogen. Most of the systemic fungicides currently used are translocated upward in the plant. A few have limited downward movement as well. The plant translocation of each of various systemic fungicides is given in Table 6.

The way systemic fungicides move in the plant influences the manner in which they should be applied so as to achieve effective control of specific diseases. These properties should be considered when developing any disease control strategy that includes systemic fungicides. In general, foliar disease control with systemic fungicides is more prolonged when they are drenched into the root zone. For example, foliar applications of upward-moving systemic fungicides provide excellent short-term control of foliar diseases. Drenching the fungicide into the root zone provides a much longer period of protection as well as control against some root and crown diseases. Root disease control with upward-moving systemic fungicides is possible only if they are drenched into the root zone, whereas downward-moving systemic fungicides can control root diseases when applied as a foliar spray.

Systemic fungicides have the following advantages over contact fungicides: (1) longer residual action, (2) protection of root and crown tissues, (3) suppression of pathogens that have already infected plant tissues, and (4) protection of newly

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>These practices have been shown to affect disease severity. The inclusion of these practices in no way implies that they may eliminate the need for pesticides. Solid programs will integrate good culture with judicious pesticide use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>See pages 21–26 for registered trade names.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The use of this fungicide may increase severity of dollar spot.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Combined use of aeration and nonionic surfactants with the fungicide are useful.

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

Because of its toxicity and long residual activity, it is not appropriate for home lawns.

Trichlorfon(Dylox) is a fast-acting, short-residual insecticide recommended for spot treatments. All people and pets must be kept off the treated area for 24 hours after treatment. Trichlorfon is highly soluble and penetrates the thatch layer of sod better than most products, but it has an extremely short residual activity. It has a reduced half-life in alkaline soils. This product is recommended as a good late-season curative and should be applied after the grubs have been located.

Diazinon has been recommended for grubs for many years. It must be carefully watered in. It is sensitive to acid and will thus persist slightly longer in alkaline soils. Diazinon granules are no longer legal for commercial application to large areas and golf course turf because the particles are toxic to birds that eat them.

Chlorpyrifos (Dursban) is commonly available in lawn and garden centers. It is not very water soluble and tends to bind to thatch. This product will not be useful in managing grubs if it remains on the leaf blades and thatch while the target insect resides inches below the thatch layer.

Carbaryl (Sevin) is a stomach poison insecticide labeled for control of white grubs in home lawns. The grubs must be actively feeding for it to work. It is highly toxic to bees, so it should be applied in the early morning or evening when they are not in flight.

Imidacloprid is a broad-spectrum, long-residual insecticide. It must be well watered in to be effective and requires an activation period. The optimal time to use imidacloprid is June and July before egg hatch. It is highly effective against young, newly hatched grubs but is less effective when applied in late summer or fall. If a site in a home lawn or golf course is damaged every year, it may be a preferred oviposition site by the female beetles. It makes sense to use a preventive as a spot treatment in this type of area.

# Sod Webworm and Black Cutworms

#### Monitoring

The initial appearance of adults in the North can be monitored using either black light or pheromone traps set out early in the

season (mid-March in southeastern New York). Both traps have shortcomings. Black light traps are expensive, require high maintenance, and are labor intensive but have the advantage of capturing both male and female moths (along with a wide variety of other insects). Pheromone traps are relatively inexpensive and simple to maintain but catch only male moths. Because storm-driven moths are deposited randomly, there is no guarantee that no captures means no females are present nor is there any way to equate capture numbers to infestation levels; thus the usefulness of these traps is limited. A positive capture means only that chances are good that females are present and that larvae may appear within a week.

In agronomic crops, primarily corn, it is recommended that scouting for the damaging fourth instar should begin 168–300 GDD after first capture. On greens, damage would be readily noticeable by the time the larvae reached the fourth instar, so ideally the management decision should be made before they reach that stage.

The standard method for monitoring larvae is the soapy water drench: 1 fluid ounce lemon-scented dish detergent per 2 gallons water applied to 2–3 square feet of green and from one to three samples taken per green. The soap acts as an irritant, causing the larvae to emerge from hiding. The reliability of detecting young larvae by randomly sampling only 2 to 6 square feet of each green is questionable, particularly because young larvae are prone to falling back into their holes before being noticed. In addition, it can be both time and labor intensive. In our experience the soapy drench works best to confirm the presence of cutworm where damage is already suspected. Although this helps prevent misdiagnosis and potential misapplication (cutworm damage superficially resembles dollar spot or ball marks) it doesn't serve the other goals of monitoring.

#### **Cultural Control**

Cultural guidelines include dumping clippings 50 to 200 feet from greens to prevent newly hatched larvae from migrating back onto the green. Although neither endophytic perennial ryes nor tall fescues are resistant, the larvae shun feeding on Kentucky bluegrasses, so a buffer of KB around a green may reduce the incidence of feeding.

For chemical control, see Table 7.

Table 7. Chemical control of turfgrass insects

Pest	Chemical	AI/A (lb.)
Ants	bifenthrin — hand hand and see for the bifenthrin bifen	

Treat mounds according to label directions. When used for other lawn insects, it should also control ants. Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. no. 279-3162) and perhaps other formulations if still in effect should not be used on sod farms, golf course turf, or grass grown for seed. Please check label(s) for current restrictions. Product Bulletin (code 1660 for Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable, EPA reg. no. 279-3162): a 100-foot buffer must be maintained between the application site and waters of the state. A 100-foot buffer is required for all waters except those entirely owned with no outlet to state waters. The buffer must consist of well-maintained, established vegetation (e.g., grass) growth and must be maintained to prevent the development of channels. Do not make more than three applications per year, with a minimum reapplication interval of 30 days.

Table 7. Chemical control of turfgrass insects (continued)

Pest	Chemical	AI/A (lb.)
Black turfgrass ataenius	bifenthrin cyfluthrin	See label. See label.

Apply during May and July to control first- and second-generation black turfgrass ataenius adults, respectively. The May application should be timed to coincide with the full bloom stage of Vanhoutte spirea and horse chestnut. The July application should be timed to coincide with the blooming of Rose of Sharon. Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. no. 279-3162) should not be used on sod farms, golf course turf, or grass grown for seed. Please check label(s) for current restrictions. Product Bulletin (code 1660 for Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. no. 279-3162): a 100-foot buffer must be maintained between the application site and waters of the state. A 100-foot buffer is required for all waters except those entirely owned with no outlet to state waters. The buffer must consist of well-maintained, established vegetation (e.g., grass) growth and must be maintained to prevent the development of channels. Do not make more than three applications per year, with a minimum reapplication interval of 30 days.

Bluegrass billbug	bifenthrin	See label.
	carbaryl (Sevin)	See label.
	*chlorpyrifos (Dursban)	See label.
	cyfluthrin	See label.
	imidacloprid (Merit) <sup>1</sup>	See label.

Make one application to newly mowed turfgrass between May 15 and July 1 when one billpug per minute is seen on adjacent pavement. Water lightly. Degree-day models have been developed to optimize timing of application. Product Bulletin (code 1660 for Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. no. 279-3162): a 100-foot buffer must be maintained between the application site and waters of the state. A 100-foot buffer is required for all waters except those entirely owned with no outlet to state waters. The buffer must consist of well-maintained, established vegetation (e.g., grass) growth and must be maintained to prevent the development of channels. Do not make more than three applications per year, with a minimum reapplication interval of 30 days.

Grubs (e.g., Japanese beetle,	bendiocarb (Turcam)	See label.
T	*chlorpyrifos (Dursban)	See label.
European chafer, Asiatic *ethoprop (Mocap)		See label.
garden beetle, oriental beetle)	trichlorfon (Dylox, Proxol)	See label.
	carbaryl (Sevin)	See label.
	imidacloprid (Merit) <sup>1</sup>	See label.
	*halofenozide (MACH II) <sup>2</sup>	See label.
Hairy chinch bug	bifenthrin	See label.
-	carbaryl (Sevin)	See label.
	*chlorpyrifos (Dursban)	See label.
	cyfluthrin	See label.
	*ethoprop (Mocap)	See label.

Fine fescues are most susceptible. Water before treatment. Spray with 15 to 20 gal. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. Water in granular materials after application. Apply in early June. Except with isofenphos and Aspon, a second application two to three weeks later may be necessary. Avoid drought; use endophyte-containing cultivars. Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. no. 279-3162) should not be used on sod farms, golf course turf, or grass grown for seed. Please check label(s) for current restrictions. Product Bulletin (code 1660 for Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. no. 279-3162): a 100-foot buffer must be maintained between the application site and waters of the state. A 100-foot buffer is required for all waters except those entirely owned with no outlet to state waters. The buffer must consist of well-maintained, established vegetation (e.g., grass) growth and must be maintained to prevent the development of channels. Do not make more than three applications per year, with a minimum reapplication interval of 30 days.

Hyperodes weevil (primarily	bifenthrin	
	*chlorpyrifos (Dursban)	See label.
Long Island and Westchester County)	imidacloprid (Merit)	See label.

Treat between forsythia and flowering dogwood "full-bloom" (usually about April 15 to May 7). Repeat treatments for second generation. Applications should be timed to control adult weevils as they leave their overwintering sites and move into grass areas. This movement generally begins when Forsythia is in full bloom and concludes when flowering dogwood is in full bloom. Repeat treatment for second generation if needed. Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. 279-3162): Not for use on sod farms, golf course turf, or grass grown for seed. Please check label(s) for current restrictions. Product Bulletin (code 1660 for Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. no. 279-3162): a 100-foot buffer must be maintained between the application site and waters of the state. A 100-foot buffer is required for all waters except those entirely owned with no outlet to state waters. The buffer must consist of well-maintained, established vegetation (e.g., grass) growth and must be maintained to prevent the development of channels. Do not make more than three applications per year, with a minimum reapplication interval of 30 days.

Table 7. Chemical control of turfgrass insects (continued)

Pest	Chemical	AI/A (lb.)

#### Moles

Older-type poison baits not effective. Traps continue to be effective when carefully set. Moles feed on beetle grubs and earthworms. Mouse damage to turfgrass in very early spring is often attributed to moles.

Sod webworm and black cutworms	acephate (Orthene)	See label.
	bifenthrin	See label.
	carbaryl (Sevin)	8
	*chlorpyrifos (Dursban)	1
	cyfluthrin	See label.
	*ethoprop (Mocap)	5
	spinosad	See label.
	trichlorfon (Dylox, Proxol)	8

Wet lawn before treating. Do not cut grass for one to three days after application. Irrigate for 15 minutes after application. Use endophyte-containing cultivars. To ensure optimal control, delay irrigation or mowing 24 hours after application. Older (larger) cutworms are more difficult to control than younger larvae; thus early treatment should require a lower rate for adequate contorl. Turf maintained at a high cutting height may require higher rates when pest pressure is high. Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable (EPA reg. 279-3162): Not for use on sod farms, golf course turf, or grass grown for seed. Please check label(s) for current restrictions. Product Bulletin (code 1660 for Talstar Lawn and Tree Flowable, EPA reg. no. 279-3162): a 100-foot buffer must be maintained between the application site and waters of the state. A 100-foot buffer is required for all waters except those entirely owned with no outlet to state waters. The buffer must consist of well-maintained, established vegetation (e.g., grass) growth and must be maintained to prevent the development of channels. Do not make more than three applications per year, with a minimum reapplication interval of 30 days.

This insecticide has shown sufficient residual activity in turfgrass to control the fall brood of annual scarab grubs when applied the previous spring or summer. High levels of grub control can be achieved when applications are made between April 1 and August 15, which precedes annual scarab grub egg hatch. There has been considerable debate among turfgrass entomologists about the use of insecticides such as MErit that are designed to be used before the size and damage potential of the insect population are known. That is, these products are applied before insect eggs are hatched and frequently several months before they are laid. There is great potential for abuse of this product if turf managers use it indiscriminately, that is, without regard to the likelihood of having a damaging population of insects on treated areas sometime in the future.

<sup>2</sup>Not for use on Long Island, N.Y.

# Annual Grassy Weeds: Preemergence Control

		Herbicide			
Weed	Common name	Trade name	Formulation	AI/A	
Crabgrass, barnyardgrass, oxtails, panicum	benefin	Balan	25G	2 lb.	
·················			l on mature turfgrass only. May in		
	benefin + trifluralin benefin + trifluralin	Team Team Pro	2G 0.86G	2 lb. 1.5–3.0 lb.	
	Apply in early spring for greens or tees.	or preemergence contro	l on mature turfgrass only. Do not	use on bentgrass	
	bensulide	Betasan	4E	7.5–1.0 lb.	
	Apply in early spring f	or preemergence contro	l on mature turfgrass only.		
	*dithiopyr	Dimension	1EC, granular w/fertilizer (several formulations)	0.25–0.5 lb.	
	bluegrasses, fescues, ryeg fairways. Length of contr	rasses, zoysiagrass, and cr ol is rate dependent; lower	established turfgrasses. Tolerant turfg reeping bentgrass. Labeled for bentgra r rates may be used upstate and highe bel for rate suggestions and precaution	ass greens, tees, and r rates in the lower	
	oxadiazon 2G	Ronstar	2G, 50WP	2–4 lb.	
	Apply in early spring for preemergence control on mature Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, and perennial ryegrass only.				
	NOTE: Ronstar 50WF turfgrasses.	of formulation is labeled	for Zoysia turf but has injured oth	er cool-season	
	pendimethalin	Pre-M, Halts, Weedgrass control	65DG	1.5–2.0 lb.	
	Apply in early spring for preemergence control on mature turfgrass. May also be used on seedling turf with 1 to 2 inches of growth. Do not use on closely cut bentgrass.				
	*prodiamine	Barricade	65WG	0.65–0.75 lb.	
	include bluegrasses, fe	escues, ryegrasses, zoys aximum allowed per ye	ol on established turfgrasses. Tol iagrass, and creeping bentgrass. I ar vary with turf type. See label f	Maximum dose fo	
	siduron	Tupersan	4.6%, 50WP	6–12 lb.	
			ng, or mature turfgrass for preeme Jse reduced rate, 6 lb./A, on newl		
Goosegrass (silver crabgrass)	benefin + trifluralin benefin + trifluralin	Team Team Pro	2G 0.86G	3 lb. 3 lb.	
Goosegrass generally germinates 2 to 4 weeks after crabgrass. Treat later than for crabgrass.	Apply in spring for pre or tees. Split application details.	eemergence control on rons may be necessary to	nature turfgrass only. Do not use of control late-germinating goosegra	on bentgrass green ass. See label for	
	oxadiazon 2G	Ronstar	2G, 50WP	4 lb.	
	Apply in spring for proryegrass only.	eemergence control on 1	mature Kentucky bluegrass, tall fe	scue, and perenni	
!	NOTE: Ronstar 50W turfgrasses.	P formulation is labeled	I for Zoysia turf but has injured o	ther cool-season	

<sup>## 2</sup>ee recommendation

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

Table 8. Chemical control of turfgrass weeds (continued)

# Annual Grassy Weeds: Preemergence Control (continued)

		Herbicide		
Weed	Common name	Trade name	Formulation	AI/A
Goosegrass (continued)	bensulide + oxadiazon Crabgrass Control	Scott's Goosegrass/	4E+50WP 6.5+1.5 lb.	
	For use on bentgrass, gre	eens, and tees. Some inju	ry can be expected.	
	*dithiopyr	Dimension	1EC	0.5 lb.
	fairways, and greens. No (unamended) greens. Se	grasses, zoysiagrass, and ot for use on Long Island. e label for rate suggestion	Some turf injury has been and precautions.	en observed on native soi
	pendimethalin	Pre-M, Halts, Weedgrass Control	60DG 60WP	2 lb. 2 lb.
		mergence control on mat cation may be necessary t	2 ,	-
	*prodiamine	Barricade	65WDG	0.75 lb.
	include bluegrasses, feso	r preemergence control ocues, ryegrasses, and zoy	siagrass. More consistent	control is obtained by

include bluegrasses, fescues, ryegrasses, and zoysiagrass. More consistent control is obtained by sequential applications of 0.75 lb. followed six weeks later by 0.25 lb. This higher rate required to control goosegrass is not safe on bentgrass. Maximum dose for any application and maximum allowed per year vary with turf type. See label for detailed rate suggestions and precautions.

# ANNUAL GRASSY WEEDS: POSTEMERGENCE CONTROL

Crabgrass, goosegrass, foxtail, barnyardgrass,	*dithiopyr	Dimension	1EC	0.38–0.5 lb.	
other summer annual grasses	Postemergent control of young seedling (pretillering) crabgrass but not goosegrass. Addition of 0.25% (by volume) of a nonionic surfactant may improve control. To control tillered crabgrass dithiopyr may be mixed with Acclaim or MSMA. Not for use on Long Island.				
	fenoxaprop	Acclaim Extra	0.57EC	$^{1}/_{8}$ - $^{3}/_{8}$ lb.	
	Apply to actively growing grassy weeds. Use higher rates for larger weeds. Do not tank mix with broadleaf herbicides. See label for other restrictions. On bentgrass tees and fairways use 0.032 lb./A. Follow the special directions on the label. Addition of a surfactant is not generally recommended.				
	methanearsonates	MSMA	6.0L, 6.6L, 55WG	2 lb.	
			it is large enough to be compet y. Does not control goosegrass		

ethofumesate Prograss 1.5EC 1–2 lb./A (2/3–1 1/3 gal./A)

Apply in late August or early September to control seedling annual bluegrass. Apply follow-up treatment 30 to 60 days later. Do not exceed 4 lb. Al/A per year. On seedling ryegrass, apply only after ryegrass seedlings are 1 inch tall.

Annual bluegrass in creeping bentgrass

Annual bluegrass in perennial

ryegrass

paclobutrizol

Scott's TGR

0.36G

 $\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4} \text{ lb./A}$ 

For suppression of annual bluegrass and gradual conversion to bentgrass. Use lower rate on sandy soils. Apply in late summer or early fall (no later than October 1 in New York) and again in the spring after 100% green-up. Applications when turfgrass vigor is low may result in undesirable levels of discoloration and growth reduction. May be used on bentgrass greens, but greater caution is advised because the margin for safety is narrower than on higher-cut turf.

<sup>## 2</sup>ee recommendation

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

**Table 8. Chemical control of turfgrass weeds** (continued)

PERENNIAL WEEDS					
		Herbicide			
Weed	Common name	Trade name	Formulation	AI/A	
Yellow nutsedge	bentazon	Basagran	5G, 4L	1–2 lb.	
	Apply in late June to early July; repeat in 10 to 14 days if necessary.				
	The high rate has injured ryegrass turf; avoid such applications during hot weather to minimize the chances of injury.				
	halosulfuron	Manage	75WP	0.031–0.062 lb	
	Apply at 3- to 8- leaf s	tage with nonionic surfactan	t. A second application may be	needed six weeks late	
	methanearsonates	MSMA	6.0L, 6.6L, 5.5WG	2 lb.	
	Apply when first active spring growth occurs. Repeat application in 10 to 14 days. May discolor turfgrass.				
Tall fescue or perennial ryegrass in Kentucky bluegrass, fine fescue, or bentgrass turf	chlorsulfuron	Lesco TFC	75DG	2–4 oz./A	
	Apply as a spot or limited-area treatment to tall fescue or ryegrass infestations. May take one mont to show effect. Some varietal differences in Kentucky bluegrass tolerance have been observed; us with caution. Do not allow spray drift to contact nearby trees or shrubs; injury will result. Injury trees and shrubs may also occur via root uptake.				
Tall fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass (and other undesirable perennial grasses) in other turfgrasses	Roundup	Monsanto, others	4L	1–2 lb.	
	Wipe with Roundup (glyphosate) when tall fescue is taller than desirable grass. Avoid contact with desirable species. If large infestations exist, see section on turf renovation.				
Wild onion, garlic	2,4-D	many formulations		1 lb.	
Wild onion, garlic	Spray during each of two successive springs; second spring cleanup essential because plants regrov from bulbs.				
Wild onion, garlic		two successive springs; se	cond spring cleanup essential		
## Star-of-Bethlehem		two successive springs; se	cond spring cleanup essential 2G, 50WP		
	from bulbs.	Ronstar G two consecutive years. App		because plants regro	
## Star-of-Bethlehem	oxadiazon  Apply in October for perennial ryegrass of	Ronstar G two consecutive years. App	2G, 50WP	because plants regro	
## Star-of-Bethlehem (Ornithogalum sp.)	oxadiazon  Apply in October for perennial ryegrass or REEMERGENCE	Ronstar G two consecutive years. Appaly.  CONTROL	2G, 50WP	because plants regro	
## Star-of-Bethlehem (Ornithogalum sp.)  BROADLEAF WEEDS: PF	oxadiazon  Apply in October for perennial ryegrass or REEMERGENCE	Ronstar G two consecutive years. Appaly.  CONTROL	2G, 50WP	because plants regroved 4 lb.	
## Star-of-Bethlehem (Ornithogalum sp.)  BROADLEAF WEEDS: PF Winter annuals (germinate in late summ	oxadiazon  Apply in October for perennial ryegrass of REEMERGENCE ter, fall, or early spring pendimethalin	Ronstar G  two consecutive years. Apply.  CONTROL  Pre-M, Weedgrass Control ore weed germination. Obs	2G, 50WP oly to established Kentucky blu	4 lb.  uegrass, tall fescue, and 2 lb.	
## Star-of-Bethlehem (Ornithogalum sp.)  BROADLEAF WEEDS: PF Winter annuals (germinate in late summ	oxadiazon  Apply in October for perennial ryegrass of REEMERGENCE ter, fall, or early spring pendimethalin  Apply in August bef	Ronstar G  two consecutive years. Apply.  CONTROL  Pre-M, Weedgrass Control ore weed germination. Obs	2G, 50WP  Ply to established Kentucky blue  6.0L, 6.6L, 55WG	4 lb.  uegrass, tall fescue, and 2 lb.	

Henbit and deadnettle

pendimethalin

bensulide

\*dithiopyr

\*prodiamine

2 lb.

12.5 lb.

0.5 lb.

0.75 lb.

Pre-M,

mowing height, and maximum dosage.

Weedgrass Control

Betasan, others

Dimension

Barricade

60DG, 60WP

4G

1EC

65WDG

Apply in August before weed germination. Observe all label restrictions pertaining to turf species,

<sup>## 2</sup>ee recommendation

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

Table 8. Chemical control of turfgrass weeds (continued)

# BROADLEAF WEEDS: PREEMERGENCE CONTROL (continued)

Weed	Common name	Herbicide Trade name	Formulation	AI/A	
Speedwell, annual species such as	oxadiazon	Ronstar G	2G, 50WP	2 lb.	
Speedweit, ainual species such as Veronica arvensis, V. hederifolia, V. persica, V. peregrina. Not V. filiformis.	Apply in August before weed germination. Observe all label restrictions pertaining to turf species, mowing height, and maximum dosage.				
	*dithiopyr	Dimension	1EC	0.5 lb.	
Summer annuals (germinate in the spr	ing or summer and die at fr	rost)			
Knotweed, prostrate	pendimethalin	Weedgrass Control	60DG, 60WP	2 lb.	
	Germinates in very early spring; therefore, late fall applications are more effective. A second application in early to mid-June may be necessary to prevent late-germinating weeds.				
Oxalis (woodsorrel)	pendimethalin	Pre-M, Weedgrass Control	60DG, 60WP	2 lb.	
	benefin + trifluralin	Team		3 lb.	
	benefin + trifluralin	Team Pro	0.86G	3 lb.	
	oxadiazon	Ronstar G	2G, 50WP	2 lb.	
	Apply in the spring before germination. A second application is usually necessary to prevent lategerminating weeds.				
	*prodiamine	Barricade	65WDG	0.75 lb.	
Spurge	pendimethalin	Pre-M, Weedgrass Control	60DG 60WP	2 lb.	
	Apply in late spring before germination. A second application is usually necessary to prevent late-germinating weeds.				
	benefin + trifluralin	Team	2G	3 lb.	
	benefin + trifluralin	Team Pro	0.86G	3 lb.	
	Apply in late spring before germination. A second application is usually necessary to prevent late germinating weeds. Follow all label restrictions pertaining to turf species, mowing height, and maximum dosage.				
	oxadiazon	Ronstar G	2G, 50WP	4 lb.	
	Apply in late spring before germination. A second application is usually necessary to prevent late germinating weeds. Note the higher rate is required for spurge control. Variable results have been obtained at lower rates. Follow all label restrictions.				
	*prodiamine	Barricade	65WDG	0.75 lb.	
	Apply in the spring before germination. Sequential applications are generally more effective than single spring treatments. See label for rate restrictions and other precautions.				
General broadleaf weed control, including black medic, burdock, chickweeds, clover, dandelion dock, healall, mallow, plantains, sheep (red) sorrel, spurge, wild garlic, yarrow, and others	Various two-way and three-way combination 2,4-D + MCPP + dicar 2,4-D + 2,4-DP + dica MCPA + MCPP + dica	nba names mba	many formulations	See labels.	
			ble. Repeat applications may formulations are available for		

<sup>## 2</sup>ee recommendation

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

# BROADLEAF WEEDS: POSTEMERGENCE CONTROL

	Herbicide				
Weed	Common name	Trade name	Formulation	AI/A	
Broadleaf plantain, buckhorn plantain, burdock, dandelion, hawkweed, moneywort,	2,4-D	many trade names	many formulations	1.0–1.5 lb.	
shepherdspurse, thistles, wild carrot, yellow rocket	Fall application is usually best; early spring is acceptable. Repeat applications may be necessary for some weeds. Apply on mature turfgrass only.				
Chickweed (both), henbit, knotweed, pearlwort, prostrate spurge, red (sheep) sorrel, white clover, yarrow	dicamba	Banvel	many formulations	$^{1}/_{8}-^{3}/_{8}$ lb.	
	Avoid root zone of trees and shrubs. Repeat applications may be necessary for some weeds.				
General broadleaf weed control, including black medic, buttercup, chickweed (both), ground ivy, henbit, common mallow, white	2,4-D + dichlorprop	Weedone DPC	many formulations	1 lb. + 1 lb.	
clover, yarrow, and yellow woodsorrel	Apply in fall or early sp	oring. Repeat applications	may be necessary for some	weeds.	
Chickweed (both), pearlwort, purslane, white clover	mecoprop	MCPP	many formulations	1 lb.	
pursiane, white clover	Relatively safe on all grasses including bentgrass. Labeled for use on bentgrass greens. Can be used in summer.				
General broadleaf weed control, including black medic, buttercup, chickweed, cinquefoil, clovers, corn speedwell, dandelion, docks, field bindweed, ground ivy, mallow, plantains, prostrate spurge, wild carrot (Queen Anne's lace), wild violet, woodsorrel, yarrow, and others	triclopyr + 2,4-D	Chaser, Turflon II Amine	1L + 2L	0.375 lb. + 0.75 lb. to 0.5 lb. + 1.0 lb.	
	Apply to actively growing weeds in established turfgrass. Repeat applications may be necessary for complete kill of certain hard-to-kill species. Do not use on bentgrass.				
Annual and perennial broadleaf weeds in established turf and sods	triclopyr + clopyralid	*Confront	1L	1–2 pt./A; maximum use rate is 2 2/3 pt./A/season	
	Apply only to established turfgrasses. Stunting and discoloration may result from application to less well established turfs. Do not apply more than 1 pt./A to bentgrass. Some injury may be observed. Not for use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties. Do not use on golf course putting greens or tees. Read label carefully with respect to disposal of treated grass clippings. Do not make broadcast applications to landscape plantings. Do not allow spray to contact susceptible trees, shrubs, or landscape materials. Avoid spray drift.				
	clopyralid	*Lontrel T&O		1/8-1/3 pt./A	
	Apply only to established turfgrasses. Stunting and discoloration may result from application to less well established turfs. Do not apply more than 1 pt./A to bentgrass. Some injury may be observed. Not for use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties. Do not use on golf course putting greens or tees. Read label carefully with respect to disposal of treated grass clippings. Do not make broadcast applications to landscape plantings. Do not allow spray to contact susceptible trees, shrubs, or landscape materials. Avoid spray drift.				

<sup>## 2</sup>ee recommendation

## **Turf Renovation**

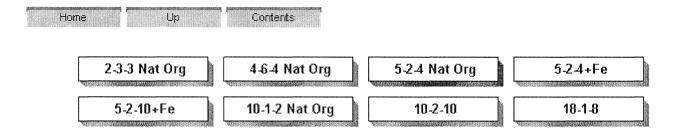
To kill all grass and growing weeds, omit at least one mowing before spraying. Apply glyphosate (Roundup) at the rate required for specific weeds: a normal rate of 2 lb./A or 2 qt./50 gal. water/A (1½ oz./gal./1,000 sq. ft.) is adequate for grass control, with the exception of certain fescue species. In addition, glufosinate (Finale) can be used at 3–5 qt./20 gal./A, except in

Nassau and Suffolk Counties. Allow seven days before vertical cutting and seeding. For best results, use a seeder that places seed in the topsoil under the thatch. Do not contact foliage of desirable plants. This treatment provides no residual weed control. Do not use glyphosate in galvanized or unlined steel sprayers.

<sup>\*</sup>Restricted-use pesticide; may be purchased and used only by certified applicators.

# Attachment 5 Fertilizer Product Information

5-2-4 Nat Org Page 1 of 2





# Suståne 5 – 2 – 4 All Natural Organic



# Granulated Slow Release Nitrogen Fertilizer Allowed for use on certified organic food and fiber crops **GUARANTEED PRODUCT ANALYSIS:**

Total Nitrogen (N)5 %
0.5 % Ammoniacal Nitrogen
0.5 % Water Soluble Nitrogen
4.0 % Water Insoluble Nitrogen*
Available Phosphate (P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> )2 %
Soluble Potash (K <sub>2</sub> O)4 % Calcium (Ca)2 %
Calcium (Ca)2 %
Sulfur (S) (Combined
Primary plant food sources derived from aerobically composted turkey litter, hydrolyzed
feathermeal and sulfate of potash.
*This product contains 4.0 % slow release nitrogen.
FINE AND MEDIUM GRADES

Fine Grade: Mesh size -14 + 30 (1.4 mm to 0.6 mm) for greens and tees. Medium Grade: Mesh sizes -7 + 14 (2.8 mm to 1.4 mm) for lawncare, gardening,

nurseries.

# GENERAL TURF APPLICATION RATES (metric see below)

50 lb. covers 2500 sq. ft. @ 20 lb./1000 sq. ft. (1.0 lb. N/1000 sq. ft.); 50 lb. covers 3333 sq. ft. @ 15 lb./1000 sq. ft. (0.75 lb. N/1000 sq. ft.)

#### Northern Turf

Fairways, Athletic Fields, Parks and Lawncare -

Apply 2-3 times per season. Spring and Fall rate 20 lb. per 1000 sq. ft.; Summer 15 lb.

per 1000 sq. ft.

Greens and Tees -

Apply 3-4 times per season. Spring and Fall rate 20 lb. per 1000 sq. ft.; Summer 15 lb. per 1000 sq. ft.

**Southern Turf** 

Fairways, Athletic Fields, Parks and Lawncare -

Apply 4-7 times per season not exceeding 20 lb. per 1000 sq. ft. per application.

Greens and Tees -

On bermudagrass, apply 20 lb. per 1000 sq. ft. per application every 30-45 days or as dictated by clipping weight.

METRIC GENERAL TURF APPLICATION RATES

Coverage

25 kg covers 250 sq. m. @ 9.75 kg/100 sq. m. (0.50 kg N/100 sq. m.) 25 kg covers 340 sq. m. @ 7.38 kg/100 sq. m. (0.38 kg N/100 sq. m.)

Northern Turf

Fairways, Athletic Fields, Parks and Lawncare -

Apply 2-3 times per season. Spring and Fall rate 9.75 kg/100 sq. m.; Summer 7.38 kg/100 sq. m.

Greens and Tees -

Apply 3-4 times per season. Spring and Fall rate 9.75 kg/100 sq. m.; Summer 7.38 kg/100 sq. m.

Southern Turf

Fairways, Athletic Fields, Parks and Lawncare -

Apply 4-7 times per season not exceeding 9.75 kg/100 sq. m. per application.

Greens and Tees -

On bermudagrass, apply 9.75 kg/100 sq. m. per application every 30-45 days or as dictated by clipping weight

Send mail to <a href="mailto:help@sustane.com">help@sustane.com</a> with questions or comments about this web site. Last modified: May 18, 2000



31-3-10 Hi-Maintenance Fertilizer

High Density
Fine Particle

- Delivers good particle coverage, even at lower application rates
- Provides readily-available and controlled release nitrogen

83980

Net Weight: 63 % lbs (28.97 kg)

CAUTION: PLEASE KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. EYE CONTACT WITH CONTENTS MAY CAUSE IRRITATION. FLUSH EYES WITH WATER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

ProTurf Hi-Maintenance Turf Fertilizer 31-3-10

643-8551

### **Guaranteed Analysis**

31%
3%
10%
3.5%

Derived from urea, methylene ureas, monoammonium phosphate and potassium sulfate.

US Patent Nos: 3,705,794; 3,989,470 and 4,025,329 Product of USA

ProTurf Division
The O.M. Scott & Sons Company
Marysville, Ohio 43041

© 1989. The O.M. Scott & Sons Company All rights reserved.

Recommended for Use by Professional Turfgrass Managers

891220 Printed in U.S.A. Page 2



High Density Fine Particle

## 31-3-10 Hi-Maintenance Fertilizer

Provides controlled-release nitrogen and readily available potassium for quick, even green-up and extended feeding at low application rates

83980

### The HD HI-MAINTENANCE Advantage:

- High nutrient analysis containing fast and sustained release of nitrogen, plus readily available phosphorus and potassium
- Optimum nitrogen-phosphorus-potassium ratio to meet various turf needs and soil conditions
- Small particle size to deliver good distribution at rates less than 0.9 lb of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet
- Contains readily available potassium from potassium sulfate
- For use on all turfgrasses on golf courses and related areas; particularly well suited for use on high maintenance, low-cut turf on low nitrogen programs
- Dry, dense, free-flowing, homogeneous product of uniform particle size that supplies an exceptionally even distribution of nutrients in each application; specially designed for use with rotary spreader
- Excellent turf safety; will not burn when used as directed
- No chloride- or nitrate-containing salts
- No inert carrier or fillers

### Specifications for Bidding

### NUTRIENT SOURCES:

- N Urea, methylene urea, monoammonium phosphate
- P Monoammonium phosphate
- K Potassium sulfate
- Potassium sulfate

HD Hi-Maintenance Fertilizer: Analysis 31-3-10. A minimum of 98 percent of the total nitrogen (31 percent) is derived from urea and methylene ureas; a minimum of 2.0 percent from monoammonium phosphate. A minimum of 21 percent is from water-insoluble methylene ureas: remaining 78.4 percent from water-soluble urea, methylene urea and monoammonium phosphate. Phosphorus (3 percent) from monoammonium phosphate; potash (10 percent) and sulfur as sulfate (3.5 percent) from potassium sulfate.

Particle size:

-10+25 mesh (0.7—2.0 mm)

Net weight: Coverage:

63.88 lbs (28.97 kg) 22,000 sq ft (1/2 acre)

Bulk Density: 46 lbs/cu ft

Stock no.:

83980



## 31-3-10 Hi-Maintenance Fertilizer

### Directions for use:

For use on all turf areas, including fairways, greens and tees. Particularly effective in low nitrogen program applications where lower application rates are desired, as the small particle size improves distribution and reduces the chance of speckling or mottling without sacrificing spreadability.

May be used anytime during the growing season. HALF RATE applications are effective in low nitrogen programs.

### Turfgrass Areas Other Than Bentgrass Greens

Apply to dry foliage. If moist foliage applications are necessary, the turf should be watered immediately to remove the particles from the foliage.

For cool season grasses, apply at the NORMAL RATE. For warm season grasses, apply at the NORMAL or DOUBLE RATE. Use the HALF RATE in low nitrogen programs. When temperatures exceed 85°F, turf should be watered in immediately following application.

### Putting Green Turf

Apply to moist or dry foliage at the NORMAL RATE or the HALF RATE and water in immediately with a minimum of 0.20 inches of water. EXCEPTION: If temperatures are 85°F or above, apply only at the HALF RATE and water as outlined above.

### Storage and use

Store in a clean, dry place.

Reseal opened bag by folding top down and securing.

Use only clean, dry spreaders. Do not leave unused product in spreaders.

ProTurf Division The O.M. Scott & Sons Company Marysville, Ohio 43041

### SUGGESTED SPREADER SETTINGS

To provide proper distribution calibrate your spreader before application

63  $^{7}$ /s lbs feeds 22,000 ft<sup>2</sup> ( $^{1}$ /2 acre) with 0.9 lb N/1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> at the NORMAL RATE 63  $^{7}$ /s lbs feeds 44,000 ft<sup>2</sup> (1 acre) with 0.45 lb N/1,000 ft<sup>2</sup> at the HALF RATE 63  $^{7}$ /s lbs feeds 11,000 ft<sup>2</sup> ( $^{1}$ /4 acre) with 1.8 lbs N/1,000 ft  $^{2}$  at the DOUBLE RATE

### SPREADER SETTINGS

SPREADER	GROUND SPEED	WIDTH OF COVERAGE	HALF RATE	NORMAL RATE	DOUBLE RATE
Scotts Drop Scotts Rotaries R-7,R-7X*	3 mph	overlap wheels	4	5 1/4	6 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
PT-10*,PT-11*	3 mph	12 feet	D	G	K
R-8 (cone 8)	3 mph	11 feet	J	L	N 1/2
Lely Model (see below)	4.5 mph	30 feet	4 IV	5 IV	6 ½ IV
Vicon	4.5 mph	30 feet	16	23	36

<sup>\*</sup> Use discharge hole cover #13030 (already attached to the PT-10 and PT-11 models). For the R-7X model use the adjustable pattern slide 1/4 closed.

Lely models WTR, WFR, HR and 1250. PTO at 450 rpm

Metric coverage: 28.97 kg feeds  $2044\text{m}^2$  at the NORMAL RATE, and  $4088\text{m}^2$  at the HALF RATE, and  $1022\text{m}^2$  at the DOUBLE RATE

# Attachment 6 Sample GLEAMS Output File

## G L E A M S NONPOINT SOURCE POLLUTION MODEL (NUTRIENTS) VERSION 3.0 MAY 1, 1999 TIFTON GA

Belleayre Resort, ridge golf course hole #18 with perennial turf cover Vly silt loam hydrological soil group C, 1996 climate, 5app., w/P 4lbN

SURFACE RESIDUE 0.00 (KG/HA)
RAINFALL NITROGEN 0.34 PPM
IRRIGATION PHOSPHORUS 0.04 PPM
OUTPER CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

	TROGEN TOTAL N	ITROG	EN (pe	erce	ent)								
1	0.35	2	0.35	3	0.21	4	0.21	5	0.21	6	0.21	7	0.21
1	NITRATE 0.53	(KG/ 2	HA) 2.11	3	5.99	4	5.99	5	5.99	6	5.99	7	5.99
1	NITRATE 3.50	(MG/ 2	'KG) 3.50	3	3.00	4	3.00	5	3.00	6	3.00	7	3.00
1	AMMONIA 0.30	(KG/ 2	'HA) 1.21	3	3.99	4	3.99	5	3.99	6	3.99	7	3.99
	AMMONIA 2.00					4	2.00	5	2.00	6	2.00	7	2.00
1	ORGANIC 0.00	NITF 2	ROGEN 0.00	(KG, 3	/HA) 0.00	4	0.00	5	0.00	6	0.00	7	0.00
1	POTENTIA 49.00	AL MI 2 1	NERAL	IZAI 3	BLE NITE	00 4	GEN (KG/I 49.00	HA) 5	49.00	6	49.00	7	49.00
	SOIL NI' 477.06					4	4132.92	5	4136.98	6	4138.85	7	4139.72
Pl	HOSPHORU	J	IODIIG										
1		2	0.19	(pe. 3	0.18	4	0.18	5	0.18	6	0.18	7	0.18
1	LABILE 2.27	PHOSE 2	PHORUS 9.06	(K)	G/HA) 27.96	4	27.96	5	27.96	6	27.96	7	27.96
1	LABILE 15.00	PHOSI 2	PHORUS 15.00	(M 3	G/KG) 14.00	4	14.00	5	14.00	6	14.00	7	14.00
1	ORGANIC 0.00	РНОS 2	SPHORU 0.00	S (	KG/HA) 0.00	4	0.00	5	0.00	6	0.00	7	0.00

1	MINERALIZA 66.45 2	ABLE ORGANI 265.79 3				6	613.92	7	613.92
1	ACTIVE MIN 43.24 2	NERAL PHOSP 173.02 3	•		5 598.32	6	598.41	7	598.45
1	STABLE MIN 172.96 2	NERAL PHOSP 692.07 3			5 2393.26	6	2393.64	7	2393.81
	KTRACTION C								
	OSORPTION C 3.00 2	COEFFICIENT 3.00 3			5 3.00	6	3.00	7	3.00
A:	DSORPTION C	COEFFICIENT		PHORUS	. 150 00	_	150.00	_	450.00

ADSORPTION COEFFICIENT FOR PHOSPHORUS
1 150.00 2 150.00 3 150.00 4 150.00 5 150.00 6 150.00 7 150.00

CLAY CONTENT, PERCENT
1 20.00 2 20.00 3 20.00 4 20.00 5 20.00 6 20.00 7 20.00

PH
1 6.50 2 6.50 3 6.50 4 6.50 5 6.50 6 6.50 7 6.50

BASE SATURATION, PERCENT
1 70.00 2 70.00 3 70.00 4 70.00 5 70.00 6 70.00 7 70.00

CALCIUM CARBONATE, PERCENT
1 0.00 2 0.00 3 0.00 4 0.00 5 0.00 6 0.00 7 0.00

## UPDATEABLE PLANT NUTRIENT INPUTS

POT. YIELD 4480. KG/HA; DRY MATTER:YIELD 1.35
COEFFICIENTS OF N-CONTENT: C1 1.50000 C2 -0.23000
DATE OF HARVEST 1997365
CROP

DATE 1996139	NO3 KG/HA 0.00	NH4 KG/HA 22.00	PHOS		FERTILIZATION EPTH CM 0.00
DÄTE 1996169	NO3 KG/HA 0.00	NH4 KG/HA 48.80	IN PHOS KG/HA 19.52	METH. DI	FERTILIZATION EPTH CM 0.00
			II	NORGANIC	FERTILIZATION

DATE NO3 NH4 PHOS METH. DEPTH

KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA APPL. CM

1996196 0.00 48.80 19.52 0 0.00

#### INORGANIC FERTILIZATION

DATE NO3 NH4 PHOS METH. DEPTH
KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA APPL. CM
1996227 0.00 48.80 19.52 0 0.00

INORGANIC FERTILIZATION

DATE NO3 NH4 PHOS METH. DEPTH
KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA APPL. CM
1996261 0.00 22.00 4.40 0 0.00

### MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR JAN 1996

0 STORMS PRODUCED 0.00 CM. OF RAINFALL 0 STORMS PRODUCED 0.00 CM. OF RUNOFF 0 STORMS PRODUCED 0.00 CM. OF PERCOLATION 0 STORMS PRODUCED 0.00 T/HA OF SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND	TRANSFORMATIONS
	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.00	0.00
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE	0.00	0.00
MINERALIZATION	0.03	0.00
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.00	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	
AMMONIA VOLATIZE	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

### STORM INPUTS

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996052 7.51	3.52	2.31	0.00	0.00	1.18	-7.4	0.28	0.00	0.00	1.50

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 52 SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS

	RUNOFF MASS	0.27 KG/HA	0.02 KG/HA		
	CONC	1.19 MG/L	$0.09~{ m MG/L}$		•
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	0.01 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$		
	AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL	0.12 KG/HA	0 00 1/0 /117		
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION	0.03 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	FIXATION UPTAKE	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 RG/IIA		
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA			
	VOLITIEITION	0.00 1(0) 1111			
STORM IN	PUTS				*
DATE		. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC	EVAP
T EVAP					
C) ()	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
CM)	0 16 1 25 0 00 0 00	1 61 2 0	0 21 0 00	0 00	0 01
1996053 .05	2.16 1.35 0.00 0.00	1.61 3.9	0.31 0.00	0.00	0.01
	SOURCE NI	TROGEN PI	HOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF MASS	0.07 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.54 MG/L			
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA			•
	CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$			
	RAINFALL	0.07 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA	0 00 770 /***		
	UPTAKE '	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA			
**	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA			
CMODM TY	DIIMC				
STORM IN DATE	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC	EVAP
T EVAP	12114 ROM, LENC. EROS	. D.K. IDME	5,10 110 110 II		
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
CM)	()	(-)	, , ,/	,,	, ,
,	4				

. •

	PLANT NUTRIENT SUM SOURCE	NITE	ROGEN	PHOSPHOR	US		
	RUNOFF N	 Mass	0.07 KG/H <i>F</i>	۰		er.	
		CONC	0.48 MG/L				
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) N		0.00 KG/HA		O KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) N		0.00 KG/HA				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CONC	0.00 MG/L		0 MG/L		
	AMMONIA N	1ASS	0.00 KG/HA		•		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	NITRATE N	1ASS	0.00 KG/HA	Ā			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	RAINFALL		0.07 KG/HA	<del>J</del>			
	IRRIGATION N	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.0	0 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	0.0	0 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	Ą			
	UPTAKE		0.00 KG/HA	0.0	0 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA	Ą			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	A			
				*.			
STORM IN							
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC.	. EROS.	E.R. TEN	MP SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM	) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996055	1.92 1.27 0.00	0.00	1.61 3.	.8 0.33	0.00	0.00	0.01
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUN SOURCE		R STORM OF ROGEN	1996 DAY PHOSPHOR			
		MASS CONC	0.06 KG/HA 0.45 MG/L		1 KG/HA 9 MG/L		

SOURCE			NITROGEN	I	PHOSPHORUS			
				/	0.04	/		
RUNOFF		MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA		
		CONC	0.45	MG/L	0.09	MG/L		
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
P	AINOMMA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA				
		CONC	0.00	MG/L				
7	NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA				
		CONC	0.00	MG/L				
RAINFALL			0.07	KG/HA				
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
MINERALIZ	ZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA				
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
DENITRIFI	CATION		0.00	KG/HA				
VOLATIZAT	CION		0.00	KG/HA				

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC 2	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996056	1.47	0.89	0.18	0.00	1.69	3.1	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.01
0.06										

	PLANT NUT	RIENT S		OR STOR		996 DAY HOSPHORU			
	RUNOFF		MASS	0.04	KG/HA	0.01	- KG/HA		
			CONC	0.42	MG/L	0.09	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.26	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA		
			CONC		MG/L	0.32	MG/L		
	А	MMONIA	MASS	0.01	KG/HA				
			CONC	0.28	MG/L				
	N	ITRATE	MASS	0.25	KG/HA				
			CONC	13.81	MG/L				
	RAINFALL			0.05	KG/HA				
	IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZ	ATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA				
	UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFI	CATION		0.00	KG/HA				
	VOLATIZAT	'ION		0.00	KG/HA				
STORM IN	PUTS								
DATE	RAIN RU	IN. PER	C. EROS	S. E.	R. TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP									
	(CM) (CM	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)									
1996057	0.59 0.2	23 0.3	8 0.00	4.5	3 1.3	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.01
0.06									

PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY	FOR STO	RM OF	1996 DAY	57
SOURCE	]	NITROGEN		PHOSPHORUS	3
					-
RUNOFF	MASS	0.01	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
·	CONC	0.41	MG/L	0.09	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.54	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA
	CONC	14.13	MG/L	0.32	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.01	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.28	MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.53	KG/HA	<u>.</u>	
	CONC	13.86	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.02	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		

UPTAKE	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA
VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA

	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA			
,					
STORM IN					
DATE	RAIN RUN. PERC. E	ROS. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP					
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/	AA) (C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)					
1996058	0.50 0.17 0.41 0	.00 3.28 1.1	0.33 0.00	0.00	0.01
0.05			se <sup>2</sup>		
		, mon amony on 16	) O C D D V		
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY				
	SOURCE		HOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF MASS	0.01 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC				
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS		0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS		0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC				
	AMMONIA MASS		0.52 110/1		
	CONC				
	NITRATE MASS				
	CONC				
	RAINFALL	0.02 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA			
	UPTAKE	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA			
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA			
STORM IN					
DATE	RAIN RUN. PERC. E	ROS. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP					
	(CM) $(CM)$ $(CM)$ $(T/I)$	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)				0.00	
	2.13 1.46 0.46 0	.00 1.61 3.6	0.33 0.00	0.00	0.01
0.05					
	DI ANIM NITIMOTENIM CIIMMA D	V FOR CHORN OF 1	) ( ) DAY E (		
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMAR' SOURCE				
	SOURCE	NIIROGEN PI	HOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF MASS	0.06 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA		
	CONC		0.01 NG/NA 0.09 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	•	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS		0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA		
	CONC		0.32 MG/L		
	AMMONIA MASS				
	CONC				
	NITRATE MASS	0.64 KG/HA			
	=	·			

	CONC	13.94	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.07	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

PLANT NUT	RIENT S	UMMARY	FOR ST	ORM OF	1996 DA	Y	60
SOURCE		]	NITROGE	IN	PHOSPHO	RUS	5
				-			-
RUNOFF		MASS	0.0	00 KG/H	. O	00	KG/HA
		CONC	0.0	00 MG/L	0.	00	MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.0	00 KG/H	. O .	00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.5	55 KG/H	. O .	01	KG/HA
		CONC	14.2	25 MG/L	0.	32	MG/L
P	AINOMMA	MASS	0.0	)1 KG/H	F		
		CONC	0.2	28 MG/L			
1	NITRATE	MASS	0.5	4 KG/H	F		
		CONC	13.9	8 MG/L			
RAINFALL			0.0	00 KG/H	F		
IRRIGATIO	NC	MASS	0.0	00 KG/H	. O .	00	KG/HA
MINERALIZ	ZATION		0.0	00 KG/H	. O .	00	KG/HA
FIXATION			0.0	00 KG/H	$\mathcal{F}$		
UPTAKE			0.0	00 KG/H	. O .	00	KG/HA
DENITRIF	CATION		0.0	00 KG/H	A		
VOLATIZAT	rion		0.0	00 KG/H	P		

## MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR FEB 1996

8	STORMS	PRODUCED	14.44	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
8	STORMS	PRODUCED	9.12	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
5	STORMS	PRODUCED	1.81	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
8	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	T/HA	A OF	SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND	TRANSFORMATIONS
	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.58	0.08
SEDIMENT	0.01	0.00
UPTAKE	0.00	0.00
MINERALIZATION	0.00	0.00
LEACHED, TOTAL	2.57	0.06
NITRATE	2.52	
AMMONIA	0.05	

RAINFALL	0.49	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	
AMMONIA VOLATIZED	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

PLANT NUT	RIENT SU		FOR STON		1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	61
RUNOFF		MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.37	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA
		CONC	14.27	MG/L	0.32	MG/L
F	AINOMMA	MASS	0.01	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.28	MG/L		
N	IITRATE	MASS	0.36	KG/HA		
		CONC	14.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL			0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZ	CATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFI	CATION		0.00	KG/HA		•
VOLATIZAT	CION			KG/HA		
			2.00			

PLANT NUTRIENT S' SOURCE		FOR STOR		1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	62
RUNOFF	MASS CONC		KG/HA MG/L		KG/HA MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.21	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	14.28	MG/L	0.32	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.28	MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.20	KG/HA		
	CONC	14.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

	(TOTAL)	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.11 14.28 0.00 0.28	MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.32	KG/HA KG/HA
RAINFALL IRRIGATIO MINERALIZ FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFI VOLATIZAT	ATION CATION	MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA
PLANT NUT SOURCE	RIENT SU	JMMARY	FOR STOP		1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	5
	(TOTAL)  MMONIA  IITRATE  N EATION		0.00 0.00 0.05 14.27 0.00 0.28 0.05 14.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.32	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA
PLANT NUT	RIENT S	UMMAR'	FOR STO		1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	
		MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.02 14.27 0.00 0.28	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.32	KG/HA

RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		1

PLANT NUT	RIENT S	UMMARY	FOR STO	RM OF	1996	DAY	66 .	
SOURCE		l	NITROGEN	ITROGEN PHOSPHORUS			3	
RUNOFF		MASS	0.00	KG/HA	<del>J</del>	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.01	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	14.26	MG/L		0.32	MG/L	
P	AINOMMA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	A			
		CONC	0.28	MG/L				
1	NITRATE	MASS	0.01	KG/HA	Ą			
		CONC	13.98	${ m MG/L}$				
RAINFALL			0.00	KG/HA	A			
IRRIGATIO	NC	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZ	ZATION		0.00	KG/HA	Α	0.00	KG/HA	
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA	A			
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA	
DENITRIF	CATION		0.00	KG/HA	A			
VOLATIZAT	rion		0.00	KG/HA	A			

PLANT NUT	RIENT SU	JMMARY	FOR	STOR	RM OF	1996	DAY	67
SOURCE		1	NITRO	GEN		PHOSE	PHORUS	5
		-						-
RUNOFF		MASS	C	0.00	KG/HA	1	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	C	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	C	00.0	KG/HA	7	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	C	0.00	KG/HA	7	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	C	00.0	MG/L		0.00	MG/L
Al	AINOMM	MASS	, C	00.0	KG/HA	7		
		CONC	C	00.0	MG/L			
N.	ITRATE	MASS	C	00.0	KG/HA	7		
		CONC	C	00.0	MG/L			
RAINFALL			C	00.0	KG/HA	7		
IRRIGATION	N.	MASS	C	00.0	KG/HA	7	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZA	NOITA		C	0.00	KG/HA	4	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			C	0.00	KG/HA	4		
UPTAKE			C	0.00	KG/HF	A	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFIC	CATION		C	00.0	KG/HA	Ā		
VOLATIZAT	ION		(	00.0	KG/HA	Į.		

	SOURCE	N	IITROGEN	PI	HOSPHORUS	5		
		_				-		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC		MG/L		MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)				0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS		KG/HA				
		CONC	0.00	MG/L				
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA				
		CONC	0.00	${ m MG/L}$				
	RAINFALL			KG/HA				
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		KG/HA		
	FIXATION			KG/HA				
	UPTAKE		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA				
	VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA				
	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE				996 DAY HOSPHORU			
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC		MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA		0.00	KG/HA				
		CONC		MG/L				
	NITRATE			KG/HA				
		CONC		MG/L				
	RAINFALL			KG/HA				
	IRRIGATION	MASS			0.00			
	MINERALIZATION			KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	FIXATION			KG/HA		/		
	UPTAKE			KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION			KG/HA				
	VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA				
STORM IN	PUTS							
DATE		C. ERC	OS. E.	R. TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP				-				
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/H <i>P</i>	J)	(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)								
1996074	1.65 0.99 0.1	2 0.0	00 1.8	4 -6.0	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.09

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 74 NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS SOURCE -----\_\_\_\_\_

0.79

	RUNOFF MASS 0.04 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA
	CONC 0.38 MG/L 0.12 MG/L
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS 0.17 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
	CONC 14.28 MG/L 0.32 MG/L
	AMMONIA MASS 0.00 KG/HA
	CONC 0.28 MG/L
	NITRATE MASS 0.17 KG/HA
	CONC 14.00 MG/L
	RAINFALL 0.06 KG/HA
	IRRIGATION MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
	MINERALIZATION 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
	FIXATION 0.00 KG/HA
	UPTAKE 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
	DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA
	VOLATIZATION 0.00 KG/HA
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC
	(CM) $(CM)$ $(CM)$ $(T/HA)$ $(C)$ $(CM/CM)$ $(CM)$
(CM)	
1996075 0.10	2.79 2.07 0.31 0.00 1.11 6.1 0.33 0.00 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 75
	SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS
	RUNOFF MASS 0.08 KG/HA 0.02 KG/HA
	CONC 0.37 MG/L 0.12 MG/L
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS 0.44 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA
	CONC 14.32 MG/L 0.32 MG/L
	AMMONIA MASS 0.01 KG/HA

SOURCE			NITROGEN	PH	OSPHORUS
RUNOFF		MASS CONC		KG/HA MG/L	0.02 KG/HA 0.12 MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.44	KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA
		CONC	14.32	MG/L	0.32  MG/L
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.01	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.28	MG/L	
•	NITRATE	MASS	0.43	KG/HA	
		CONC	14.04	MG/L	
RAINFALL			0.09	KG/HA	
IRRIGATI	ON	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALI	ZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA	
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
DENITRIF	ICATION		0.00	KG/HA	
VOLATIZA	TION		0.00	KG/HA	

PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY FOR		6 DAY 76 SPHORUS
		JGEN PHO	
RUNOFF	MASS (	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
		0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA

LEACHING (TO	TAL) MA	SS	0.47	KG/HA	A	0.01	KG/HA
	CO	NC 1	4.35	MG/L		0.32	MG/L
AMMC	NIA MA	SS	0.01	KG/HA	7		
	CO	NC	0.28	MG/L			
NITE	RATE MA	SS	0.46	KG/HA	A		
	CO	NC 1	4.07	MG/L			
RAINFALL			0.00	KG/HA	A		
IRRIGATION	MA	SS	0.00	KG/HA	7	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATI	ON		0.00	KG/HA	4	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA	A		
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	4	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICAT	CION		0.00	KG/HA	4		
VOLATIZATION	I		0.00	KG/HA	A		
PLANT NUTRIE	INT SUMM	ARY FOR	STOF	RM OF	1996	DAY	77
COLIDAD		11T mm	~~===		D1100F	O D	•

	SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS							
	500KCL		MITROGEN	I HODI HOROD				
				_		<b>-</b> '		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	${ m MG/L}$	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTA	AL) MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTA	AL) MASS	0.35	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA		
		CONC	14.36	MG/L	0.32	MG/L		
AMMONIA		IA MASS	0.01	KG/HA				
		CONC	0.28	MG/L				
	NITRA	re mass	0.34	KG/HA				
		CONC	14.09	MG/L				
	RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA				
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION	1	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA				
	UPTAKE		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
DENITRIFICATION		NC	0.00	KG/HA				
	VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA				

STORM INPUTS

DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP

PT EVAP

(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM) (CM) (CM)

(CM)

1996078 0.87 0.39 0.23 0.00 2.50 -1.8 0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00

0.41

PLANT NUT	RIENT S		FOR S			DAY HORUS	78 S
		•				 	-
	1 ·						
RUNOFF		MASS	0.	01 K	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	0.	36 M	G/L	0.12	MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.	00 K	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.	34 K	G/HA	0.01	KG/HA
		CONC	14.	38 M	G/L	0.32	MG/L
. A	MMONIA	MASS	0.	01 K	G/HA		

,	CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.28 MG/L 0.33 KG/HA 14.11 MG/L 0.03 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PI EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996079 0.25	1.23 0.69 0.30 0.00	3.70 2.7 0.33 0.00	0.00 0.03
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY F SOURCE NI  RUNOFF MASS CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	TROGEN PHOSPHORUS   0.02 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA  0.36 MG/L 0.12 MG/L  0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN	DIITS		
DATE		. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996080 0.18	2.23 1.56 0.42 0.00	1.61 3.1 0.33 0.00	0.00 0.02
		OR STORM OF 1996 DAY 80 TROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.06 KG/HA 0.02 KG/HA	

	(TOTAL) (TOTAL) MMONIA	CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	0.60 14.45 0.01 0.27	KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA		KG/HA KG/HA
		CONC	14.17	•		
RAINFALL			0.08	KG/HA		
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZ	ROITA		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFI	CATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZAT	ION		0.00	KG/HA		

PLANT NUTRI	ENT SU		FOR STOP		1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	81	
						-	
RUNOFF		MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT (T	OTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING (T	OTAL)	MASS	0.55	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA	
		CONC	14.47	MG/L	0.32	MG/L	
AMM	ONIA	MASS	0.01	KG/HA			
		CONC	0.27	MG/L			
NIT	RATE	MASS	0.53	KG/HA			
		CONC	14.20	MG/L			
RAINFALL		*,	0.00	KG/HA			
IRRIGATION		MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZAT	ION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA			
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
DENITRIFICA	TION		0.00	KG/HA			
VOLATIZATIO	N		0.00	KG/HA			

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		NITROGEN		.996 DAY HOSPHORUS	5	
			-		-	
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.38	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA	
	CONC	14.48	MG/L	0.32	MG/L	
AMMONIA	MASS	0.01	KG/HA			
	CONC	0.27	MG/L			
NITRATE	MASS	0.37	KG/HA			
	CONC	14.20	MG/L			
RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA			
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	

FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA		i.
UPTAKE	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA		

PLANT NUTRIENT	SUMMARY				83	
SOURCE		NITROGEN		PHOSPHORU:	5	**
					-	
RUNOFF	MASS	0 00	KG/HA	0 00	KG/HA	
KONOFF	CONC		MG/L	4.6	MG/L	
CEDIMENT / MOMBI			•		,	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL			KG/HA		KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL	•		KG/HA		-,	
	CONC	14.47	MG/L	0.32	$\mathtt{MG/L}$	
AINOMMA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	Ļ		
	CONC	0.27	MG/L			
NITRATE	MASS	0.21	KG/HA	L	•	
	CONC	14.20	MG/L			
RAINFALL			KG/HA			
IRRIGATION	MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA	
MINERALIZATION	. 111100		KG/HA		KG/HA	
			•		MI (D/I	
FIXATION			KG/HA		/	
UPTAKE			KG/HA		KG/HA	
DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA	<b>L</b>		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	<b>L</b>		

PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY	FOR STO	RM OF 1	.996 DAY	84
SOURCE	1	NITROGEN	F	PHOSPHORUS	5
	-		-		-
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.11	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	14.46	MG/L	0.32	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.27	MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.11	KG/HA		
	CONC	14.19	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

		-	_						
SOURCE				NITRO	OGEN		PHOSPHORUS		
PL.	ANT	NUTRIENT	SUMMARY	FOR	STORM	OF	1996	DAY	85

DINIONE		0 00		0 00 (	
RUNOFF	MASS		KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.05	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	14.45	MG/L	0.32 MG/L	
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	, , ,	
	CONC		MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS		KG/HA		
	CONC	14.17	•		
RAINFALL	000		KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS		KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
MINERALIZATION	11100		KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
FIXATION			KG/HA	0.00 RG/ RA	
UPTAKE			KG/HA	0 00 1/0 /117	
			-	0.00 KG/HA	
DENITRIFICATION			KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

PLANT NUTRIENT S						86		
SOURCE	]	NITROGEN		PHOSPH	ORUS	3		
	•					-		
DUNOEE	MAGG	0 00	140 / 1117		0.0	140 /117		
RUNOFF	MASS		KG/HA			KG/HA		
	CONC		MG/L			MG/L		
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	4 0	.00	KG/HA		
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.02	KG/HA	<i>A</i> 0	.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	14.44	MG/L	0	.32	MG/L		
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	4				
	CONC	0.27	MG/L					
NITRATE	MASS	0.02	KG/HA	4				
	CONC	14.16	MG/L					
RAINFALL			KG/HA	A				
IRRIGATION	MASS		KG/HA		. 00	KG/HA		
MINERALIZATION			KG/HA			KG/HA		
FIXATION			KG/HA		• • •	110, 1111		
UPTAKE			KG/HA		00	KG/HA		
					.00	NG/ NA		
DENITRIFICATION			KG/HA					
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA					

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE	UMMARY 1	FOR STOF NITROGEN		.996 DAY 87 PHOSPHORUS	
	-		-		
RUNOFF.	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
 SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.01	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	14.43	MG/L	0.32 MG/L	
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.27	MG/L		,
NITRATE	MASS	0.01	KG/HA		
	CONC	14.15	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	

FIXATION		0.00			KG/HA
UPTAKE			KG/HA KG/HA		KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	N		KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		
					3.1
PLANT NUTRIENT					
SOURCE		NITROGEN		PHOSPHORUS	
				e.	
RUNOFF	MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA
355 T. (5) (5)	CONC		MG/L		
SEDIMENT (TOTA)			KG/HA		KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTA)			KG/HA		KG/HA
710/01/7	CONC		MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA			KG/HA		
1 T m	CONC		MG/L		
NITRATI			KG/HA		
> 7 T . I C . 7 T . T	CONC		MG/L		
RAINFALL	\		KG/HA	0 00	
IRRIGATION	MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA
MINERALIZATION			KG/HA		KG/HA
FIXATION			KG/HA		T.C. /
JPTAKE				0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	N		KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		
PLANT NUTRIENT					
SOURCE		FOR STOP	I	PHOSPHORUS	S
SOURCE			I		S
SOURCE 		NITROGEN	I	PHOSPHORUS	S
SOURCE 		NITROGEN	I KG/HA	PHOSPHORUS  0.00	S - KG/HA
SOURCE  RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00	S - KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE  RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTA)	MASS CONC L) MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L	0.00 0.00 0.00	S - KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE  RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTA)	MASS CONC L) MASS L) MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA
SOURCE  RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTA)	MASS CONC L) MASS L) MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA
SOURCE  RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTA) LEACHING (TOTA)	MASS CONC L) MASS L) MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL	MASS CONC L) MASS L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA	MASS CONC L) MASS L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRATE	MASS CONC L) MASS L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRAT) RAINFALL IRRIGATION	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRAT) RAINFALL IRRIGATION	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRAT) RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA
SOURCE  RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTA) LEACHING (TOTA) AMMONIA	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRATI RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL NITRATE RAINFALL IRRIGATION FIXATION UPTAKE	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRATE RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L
SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRATI RAINFALL ERRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION JETAKE DENITRIFICATION	MASS CONC L) MASS CONC A MASS CONC E MASS CONC MASS	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L

NITROGEN

PHOSPHORUS

SOURCE

\_\_\_\_\_

RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

STORM INPUTS

DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
	0.64	0.23	0.00	0.00	4.53	-3.4	0.32	0.20	0.20	0.17
1.56										

PLANT NUT	RIENT S	UMMARY	FOR	STO	RM OF	1996	DAY	91
SOURCE		1	NITRO	OGEN		PHOSE	PHORUS	5
		•						
RUNOFF		MASS	(	0.00	KG/HA	4	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	(	0.00	MG/L		0.04	MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	(	0.00	KG/HA	Ā	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	(	0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	(	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L
P	AINOMMA	MASS	(	0.00	KG/HA	Ā		
		CONC	(	0.00	MG/L			
1	NITRATE	MASS	(	0.00	KG/HA	4		
		CONC	(	0.00	MG/L			
RAINFALL			(	0.02	KG/HA	4		
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	(	0.00	KG/HA	7	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZ	ZATION		. (	0.00	KG/HA	4	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			(	0.00	KG/HA	4		
UPTAKE	V**		30	.87	KG/HA	A	4.17	KG/HA
DENITRIFI	CATION		. (	0.00	KG/HA	4		
VOLATIZAT	CION		(	0.00	KG/HA	A		

## MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR MAR 1996

## 6 STORMS PRODUCED 5.93 CM. OF RUNOFF 31 STORMS PRODUCED 3.41 CM. OF PERCOLATION 0.00 T/HA OF SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND NITROGEN	TRANSFORMATIONS PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.21	0.07
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE	30.87	4.17
MINERALIZATION	0.00	0.00
LEACHED, TOTAL	4.89	0.11
NITRATE	4.80	
AMMONIA	0.09	
RAINFALL	0.32	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	
AMMONIA VOLATIZEI	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

STORM IN	PUTS						*,			
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996092	2.65	1.84	0.00	0.00	1.00	5.8	0.32	0.25	0.25	0.02
0.21										

PLANT NUTRIENT SU	UMMARY FOR STO	RM OF 1996	DAY 92
SOURCE	NITROGEN	I PHOSE	HORUS
RUNOFF	MASS 0.00	KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA
	CONC 0.00	MG/L	0.04 MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS 0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS 0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC 0.00	MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS 0.00	KG/HA	
•	CONC 0.00	MG/L	
NITRATE	MASS 0.00	KG/HA	
	CONC 0.00	) MG/L	
RAINFALL	0.09	KG/HA	
IRRIGATION	MASS 0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALIZATION	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
FIXATION	0.00	) KG/HA	
UPTAKE	0.26	KG/HA	0.04 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	) KG/HA	
VOLATIZATION	0.00	) KG/HA	

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996093 0.22	2.04 1.33 0.00 0.00	1.61 2.7	0.32 0.27	0.27 0.02
		TROGEN PHO	96 DAY 93 DSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS		0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC		0.04 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS		0.00 KG/HA	
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	RAINFALL	0.07 KG/HA	0 00 770 /777	
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA	0 04 7/0 ///7	
	UPTAKE	0.26 KG/HA	0.04 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA		
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE	PUTS	S. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP				
	(CM) $(CM)$ $(CM)$ $(T/HA)$	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)				
1996098 2.33	0.27 0.02 0.00 0.00	0.00 -0.8	0.27 2.36	2.82 0.18

SOURCE		,	NITROGEN	E	PHOSPHORUS	3
				-		-
RUNOFF		MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.04	MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
. <b>P</b>	MMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		
N	ITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL			0.01	KG/HA		
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZ	CATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE			0.26	KG/HA	0.18	KG/HA

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 98

## DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION

SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS

LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS

AMMONIA MASS

NITRATE MASS

CONC

CONC

CONC

0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA

STORM I'N	otime.		
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. ERO	S. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRA	N PT TRAN AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996103 2.98	1.68 0.64 0.00 0.0	0 1.85 -2.4 0.23 0.1	0 3.61 0.00
		FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 103 ITROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS		
	CONC	0.34 MG/L 0.04 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	
	AMMONIA MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L	
	NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	NIIKAIE MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L	
	RAINFALL	0.06 KG/HA	
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA	•
	UPTAKE	0.00 KG/HA 0.04 KG/HA	4
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA	
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	
	VOLATIZATION	0,000 2.07 2.11	
STORM IN	IPUTS		
DATE PT EVAP		S. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRA	AN PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996104	2.64 1.45 0.00 0.0	0 1.61 4.7 0.26 0.3	0.27 0.02
0.23			
	SOURCE	FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 104 NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/H	Δ
	RUNOFF MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.03 MG/L	•
	CONC CEDIMENT (TOTAL) MACC	0.00 MG/H 0.00 MG/H	· Δ

0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA

0.00 MG/L

0.00 KG/HA

 $0.00~{
m MG/L}$ 

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 MG/L

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 MG/L

	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 1.29 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.17 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP (CM) 1996105 0.21	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. (CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) 2.92 1.75 0.00 0.00	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
	RUNOFF MASS CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC	ROGEN PH	0.01 KG/HA 0.03 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP  (CM) 1996107 0.84	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.  (CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)  1.52 0.60 0.00 0.00  PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT	(C) 1.97 0.3  R STORM OF 19 ROGEN PH 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	(CM/CM) (CM)  0.25 0.87  0.96 DAY 107  HOSPHORUS  0.00 KG/HA 0.03 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	(CM) (CM)

	CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.05 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN  (C) (CM/CM) (CM)	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM) 1996108 0.81		1.71 1.4 0.25 0.36	
		R STORM OF 1996 DAY 108  ROGEN PHOSPHORUS  0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM) 1996114 12.50	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) 0.38 0.00 0.00 0.00		(CM) (CM) 15.16 0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 114

NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS

SOURCE

	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
			0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	2		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL		0.01 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.04 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	·		
	UPTAKE			0.03 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA	,		
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
STORM IN						
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(014) (014) (014)	/ CD / TT 70 \	(0)	(CM (CM) (CM)	(0)()	(0)()
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)	1 27 0 00 0 0	0 00	0 00 10 0	0 0 0 1 5	2 22	0 00
	1.27 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 10.0	0.25 0.15	3.23	0.00
2.67						
	PLANT NUTRIENT S	IMMARY FO	R STORM OF 19	996 DAY 115		
	SOURCE			HOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL		0.04 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.03 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	•		
	UPTAKE		1.51 KG/HA	0.20 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	PUTS					
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP						

(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM) (CM)

1996116 0.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.1 0.24 0.50 2.45 0.00

(CM)

PT EVAP

2.02

(CM)

,	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMASOURCE		OF 1996 DAY	S	
		NC 0.00 M			e.
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MAS	SS 0.00 KG	G/HA 0.00 G/L 0.00		
	AMMONIA MA: COI NITRATE MA:	NC 0.00 M	G/L		
	COI RAINFALL	NC 0.00 M 0.01 K	G/L G/HA	VC /UP	
	IRRIGATION MANUMERALIZATION FIXATION	0.03 K	G/HA	KG/HA	
	UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.25 K 0.00 K 0.00 K		KG/HA	
STORM INE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC.	EROS. E.R.	TEMP SWC	AC TRAN PT T	RAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (	T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM)	(CM) (C	CM) (CM)
	0.56 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	8.4 0.24	0.12 6	.30 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMM. SOURCE		OF 1996 DAY PHOSPHORU	S	
			G/HA 0.00 G/L 0.00		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MA LEACHING (TOTAL) MA CO	SS 0.00 K SS 0.00 K NC 0.00 M	G/HA 0.00	KG/HA KG/HA MG/L	
	AMMONIA MA CO	SS 0.00 K NC 0.00 M	G/HA G/L		
	NITRATE MA CO RAINFALL	NC 0.00 M 0.02 K	G/L G/HA	KO (UD	

0.00 KG/HA

0.03 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.25 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.03 KG/HA

IRRIGATION

MINERALIZATION

DENITRIFICATION

VOLATIZATION

FIXATION

UPTAKE

MASS

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(011)	2.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.3	0.24	0.22	8.74	0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT SU SOURCE		R STORM OF 199 ROGEN PHO	06 DAY 121 OSPHORUS
RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
RAINFALL		0.07 KG/HA	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.03 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	
UPTAKE		0.25 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	

## MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR APR 1996

1	3	STORMS	PRODUCED	20.35	CM.	OF	RAINFALL	
	8	STORMS	PRODUCED	8.60	CM.	OF	RUNOFF	
	6	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION	
	7	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	т/н/	A OF	SEDIMENT	

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND	TRANSFORMATIONS
	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS
.**		
,	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.02	0.03
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE	5.10	0.93
MINERAĻIZATION	0.15	0.02
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.69	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	

AMMONIA	VOLATIZED	0.00	
NITRATE	FIXED	0.00	

1										
STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM) ·	(CM)
(CM)										
1996122	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.9	0.18	3.10	3.10	0.28
2.56							e.			
	PLANT	NUTRI	ENT SUM	MARY FOR	STORM	OF 19	996 DAY	122		

	SOURCE		ROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	3		
					-		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A .			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	RAINFALL		0.07 KG/H	A			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/H	A			
	UPTAKE		0.49 KG/H	A 0.07	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/H	A			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/H	A			
STORM INP	פידוזיי						
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TE	MP SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	TOTALLY TOTAL EDITOR	J. 11100.	L.K. IL		10 114114	T 1 11(711)	210 11 1711
LI DVAL	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C	) (CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
( ( ( ) ( )	(311) (311) (311)	( 1 / 1111 )	, 0	, (511) 511)	( 011)	(011)	(011)

9.58

0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE	UMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 12 NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS			
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/I	0.00 MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00 KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/I	0.00 MG/L	
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/I	ı	
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	

1996125 0.15 0.00 0.00 0.00 7.5 0.18 0.00

(CM)

7.90

	CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP  (CM) 1996126 2.69		(C) (CM/	7C AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP (CM) (CM) (CM) (CM) .8 0.06 3.26 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT MASS CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	ROGEN PHOSPH  0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	IORUS
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP  (CM) 1996127 2.81	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.  (CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)  0.41 0.00 0.00 0.00  PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FC SOURCE NIT RUNOFF MASS CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	(C) (CM, 0.00 9.2 0.3  R STORM OF 1996 I ROGEN PHOSPI 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	DAY 127 HORUS ,

				,		
,	AMMONIA	CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA		
GMODM TH	Duma					
STORM IN	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC	FROS	E R TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	MAIN NON. FENC	. EROD.	E.IV. IEH	DWC NC 11011V	II IIMN	AC DAM
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)				0.10	0 64	2 22
1996128 2.18	0.89 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 1.1	0.19 0.16	2.64	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUSOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC	ROGEN PH  0.00 KG/HA  0.00 MG/L  0.00 KG/HA			
STORM IN	PUTS					
DATE		C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM)	/m /117\	(0)	(CM/CM) (CM)	/CM\	/ CM/
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996130	0.10 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 7.4	0.18 0.35	6.57	0.00
5.42						

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 130 SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS

	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA	
STORM IN		r n memn	CLIC AC MDAN	
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS			
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)		(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996128 2.18	0.89 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 1.1	0.19 0.16	2.64 0.00
	RUNOFF CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN				
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS			PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996130 5.42	0.10 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 7.4	0.18 0.35	6.57 0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 130 SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS

ı	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT		DAY 132 PHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00  MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00  MG/L		
	NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	RAINFALL	0.09 KG/HA		
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION	0.02 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA		
	UPTAKE	0.24 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA		
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA		
STORM IN	PUTS			
DATE	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN PT	TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP			•	
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (C	M/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)				
1996133 2.83	2.67 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 8.3 0	.12 3.43	3.43 0.31

SOURCE			NITROGEN		PHOSPHORUS		
						•	
RUNOFF		MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA	
		CONC		MG/L	0.00		
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
P	AINOMMA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L			
N	NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L			
RAINFALL			0.09	KG/HA			
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZ	ZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA			
UPTAKE			0.24	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA	
DENITRIF	CATION		0.00	KG/HA			
VOLATIZAT	TION		0.00	KG/HA			

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 133

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										, ,
1996135	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.13	0.00	5.34	0.00
4.41										

PLANT NUTRIEN	I SUMMARY FO	OR STORM OF	1996 DAY	135
SOURCE	NIT	rogen	PHOSPHORUS	5
				-
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOT.	AL) MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOT.	AL) MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMON	IA MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRA	TE MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.05 KG/H	A	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATIO	N	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/H	A	
UPTAKE		0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATI	ON	0.00 KG/H	A	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/H	A	

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996137	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.8	0.13	0.54	6.67	0.00
5.50										

PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY FOR	STORM OF 1996	DAY 13/
SOURCE	NITR	OGEN PHOS	PHORUS
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
· ·	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
14	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	,
RAINFALL		0.04 KG/HA	,
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	
1			

UPTAKE	0.72	KG/HA	0.10	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	KG/HA		

VOLATIZATION 0.00 KG/HA

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996138	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.7	0.12	0.50	3.14	0.00
2.59										

RUNOFF MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L AMMONIA MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L NITRATE MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L RAINFALL 0.00 KG/HA IRRIGATION MASS 0.00 KG/HA MINERALIZATION 0.00 KG/HA UPTAKE 0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA VOLATIZATION 0.00 KG/HA	PLANT NUTRIENT SU SOURCE		OR STORM O	F 1996 DAY PHOSPHORU	
CONC   O.00 MG/L   O.00 MG/L					
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)         MASS         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           LEACHING (TOTAL)         MASS         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           CONC         0.00 MG/L         0.00 MG/L         0.00 MG/L           AMMONIA         MASS         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 MG/L           NITRATE         MASS         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           CONC         0.00 MG/L         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           IRRIGATION         MASS         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           MINERALIZATION         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           UPTAKE         0.24 KG/HA         0.03 KG/HA           DENITRIFICATION         0.00 KG/HA	RUNOFF		·		
LEACHING (TOTAL)         MASS         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           CONC         0.00 MG/L         0.00 MG/L           AMMONIA         MASS         0.00 KG/HA           CONC         0.00 MG/L           NITRATE         MASS         0.00 KG/HA           CONC         0.00 MG/L           RAINFALL         0.00 KG/HA           IRRIGATION         MASS         0.00 KG/HA           MINERALIZATION         0.00 KG/HA           FIXATION         0.00 KG/HA           UPTAKE         0.24 KG/HA           DENITRIFICATION         0.00 KG/HA		CONC	0.00 MG/	L 0.00	MG/L
CONC 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L  AMMONIA MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L  NITRATE MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L  RAINFALL 0.00 KG/HA IRRIGATION MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA MINERALIZATION 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA FIXATION 0.00 KG/HA UPTAKE 0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	$0.00~\mathrm{KG/s}$	HA 0.00	KG/HA
AMMONIA MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L NITRATE MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L RAINFALL 0.00 KG/HA IRRIGATION MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA MINERALIZATION 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA FIXATION 0.00 KG/HA UPTAKE 0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/	HA 0.00	KG/HA
CONC   O.00 MG/L   MASS   O.00 KG/HA   CONC   O.00 MG/L   CONC   O.00 MG/L   CONC   O.00 KG/HA   O.00 KG/HA		CONC	0.00 MG/	L 0.00	MG/L
NITRATE         MASS CONC         0.00 KG/HA         MG/L         MG/L         MG/L         MG/L         MG/L         MG/L         MG/L         MG/L         MG/HA	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/	HA	
CONC 0.00 MG/L  RAINFALL 0.00 KG/HA  IRRIGATION MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA  MINERALIZATION 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA  FIXATION 0.00 KG/HA  UPTAKE 0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA  DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA		CONC	0.00 MG/	L	
RAINFALL       0.00 KG/HA         IRRIGATION       MASS       0.00 KG/HA       0.00 KG/HA         MINERALIZATION       0.00 KG/HA       0.00 KG/HA         FIXATION       0.00 KG/HA       0.03 KG/HA         UPTAKE       0.24 KG/HA       0.03 KG/HA         DENITRIFICATION       0.00 KG/HA	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/	HA .	
IRRIGATION         MASS         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           MINERALIZATION         0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           FIXATION         0.00 KG/HA           UPTAKE         0.24 KG/HA         0.03 KG/HA           DENITRIFICATION         0.00 KG/HA		CONC	0.00 MG/	L	
MINERALIZATION 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA FIXATION 0.00 KG/HA UPTAKE 0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA	RAINFALL		0.00 KG/	HA	
FIXATION 0.00 KG/HA UPTAKE 0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/	HA 0.00	KG/HA
UPTAKE 0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA	MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/	HA 0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA	FIXATION		0.00 KG/	HA	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	UPTAKE		0.24 KG/	HA 0.03	KG/HA
VOLATIZATION 0.00 KG/HA	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/	HA	
V 0 22:11	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/	HA	

### FERTILIZER APPLICATION ON DAY 1996139

AMMONIA NITRATE PHOSPHORUS DEPTH METHOD (KG/HA) (KG/HA) (CM) 22.00 0.00 4.40 0.00 0

STORM INPUTS

DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP

(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM) (CM) (CM)

(CM)

1996140 0.38 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 13.1 0.13 0.04 8.00 0.00
6.60

PLANT NO	JTRIENT .	SUMMARY	FOR	STORM	OF	1996	DAY	140
SOURCE	Ŋ	IITRO	GEN		PHOSPHORUS			
		-						-
RUNOFF		MASS	C	0.00 K	G/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA

	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.01 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN				
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996141 3.97	1.27 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 22.2	0.14 0.15	4.82 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR SOURCE NITE OF SOURCE NITE OF SUMMARY FOR SUMARY FOR SUMMARY FOR SUMMARY FOR SUMMARY FOR SUMARY FOR SUMMARY FOR SUMMARY FOR SUMMARY FOR SUMMARY FOR	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)		(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996143 7.46	0.58 0.00 0.00 0.00			9.04 0.00

		R STORM OF 1996 DAY 143 ROGEN PHOSPHORUS	Ŷ
ı	RUNOFF MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
	NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
	RAINFALL	0.02 KG/HA	
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION	0.09 KG/HA 0.02 KG/HA	
	FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA	
	UPTAKE	0.24 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA	
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN	PUTS		
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)	( ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	( /
1996144	1.27 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 11.9 0.14 0.23	3.96 0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY FOR	R STORM OF	1996 DAY	144	
SOURCE	NITE	ROGEN	PHOSPHORUS		
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
AINOMMA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	<u>.</u>		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	1		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
RAINFALL		0.04 KG/HA			
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZATION		0.07 KG/HA	0.02	KG/HA	
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	7		
UPTAKE		0.24 KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA	
DENITRIFICATION		0.10 KG/HA	7		
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	Δ		

3.26

STORM INPUTS DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP PT EVAP

	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996145	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.4	0.12	0.50	4.21	0.00
3.48										

PLANT NUTRIENT SUSOURCE		R STORM ROGEN			
RUNOFF	MASS		· .		KG/HA
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	CONC MASS	0.00 M	G/L G/HA	0.00	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS CONC	0.00 K	·	0.00	KG/HA
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	MG/L
NITRATE	CONC MASS	0.00 M			
RAINFALL	CONC	0.00 M			
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA		KG/HA
MINERALIZATION FIXATION		0.05 K	•	0.01	KG/HA
UPTAKE				0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION		0.00 K			

# STORM INPUTS DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP PT EVAP (CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM) (CM) (CM) (CM) 1996148 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 10.4 0.12 0.05 11.54 0.00 9.51

PLANT NUT	RIENT S		FOR STOR	1996 DAY 148 PHOSPHORUS		
RUNOFF		MASS CONC		KG/HA MG/L	0.00	KG/HA MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	211	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
. <i>I</i>	AINOMMA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		
1	NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL	toy.		0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZ	ZATION		0.01	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA	7	
UPTAKE			0.24	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIF:	CATION		0.00	KG/HA	1	
VOLATIZA:	TION		0.00	KG/HA	7	

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP '										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996149	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.8	0.14	0.01	3.91	0.00
3.23										

	PLANT NUTRIENT SU SOURCE			1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS			
			0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 00.00	MG/L KG/HA		
	AMMONIA NITRATE	CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	A	MG/L		
	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS	0.04 KG/HZ 0.00 KG/HZ 0.01 KG/HZ 0.00 KG/HZ 0.71 KG/HZ 0.00 KG/HZ 0.00 KG/HZ	A 0.00 A 0.00 A 0.10	KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP (CM) 1996151	RAIN RUN. PERC	(T/HA)	E.R. TEN (C)	(CM/CM)		PT TRAN (CM) 7.12	AC EVAP (CM)

PLANT NUTRIENT SU	UMMARY FO	R STORM OF	1996 DAY	151		
SOURCE	NIT	ROGEN	PHOSPHORUS			
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A			
	CONC	0.00 MG/L				
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A			
	CONC	0.00 MG/L				
RAINFALL		0.04 KG/H	A			
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA		

MINERALIZATION	0.02 KG/HA 0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA	
UPTAKE	0.24 KG/HA 0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	0.10 KG/HA	
VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	

# MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR MAY 1996

20	STORMS	PRODUCED	18.36	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
Ω	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	T/H2	A OF	SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND	TRANSFORMATIONS
	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.00	0.00
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE	6.75	0.91
MINERALIZATION	0.36	0.07
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATĖ	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.62	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.23	
AMMONIA VOLATIZE	D 0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC P	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996153	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.6	0.13	0.50	7.65	0.00
6.31			J-5							

PLANT NUT	RIENT SU	JMMARY	FOR STO	RM OF	1996	DAY	153
SOURCE		1	NITROGEN		PHOSP	HORUS	3
	19						-
RUNOFF		MASS	0.00	KG/H <i>F</i>	A	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA
1		CONC	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L

,	AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 MG/L 0.04 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.23 KG/HA 0.09 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP			
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996156 10.45	1.07 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 13.2 0.13 0.50	12.67 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT CONC RUNOFF MASS CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	ROGEN         PHOSPHORUS               0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           0.00 MG/L         0.00 KG/HA           0.00 KG/HA         0.00 KG/HA           0.00 MG/L         0.00 MG/L	
STORM IN DATE		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T(117)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996157 3.71	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) 0.89 0.00 0.00 0.00	(C) (CM/CM) (CM) 0.00 15.8 0.14 0.42	(CM) (CM) 4.49 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT	R STORM OF 1996 DAY 157 ROGEN PHOSPHORUS	

\_\_\_\_\_

-----

	RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL)  LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL  IRRIGATION  MINERALIZATION  FIXATION  UPTAKE  DENITRIFICATION  VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE					D	7.0
PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PER					
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)			(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996160 11.17	5.97 0.08 0.0	0.00	3.88 15.9	0.15 0.35	13.55	0.00
STORM IN	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)  LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL  IRRIGATION  MINERALIZATION  FIXATION  UPTAKE  DENITRIFICATION  VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN PI	HOSPHORUS  0.00 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996161 3.99	0.38 0.00 0.0		0.00 19.2		4.84	0.16
	1					

	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE				996 DAY HOSPHORUS		i i	
						-		
ı	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 M	G/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 K			KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)				0.00			
	22110112110 (101112)	CONC			0.00			
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 K		0.00	1107 1		
	71111011111	CONC	0.00 M			•		
	NITRATE		0.00 M		×1.			
	MITMALE	CONC	0.00 M	•				
	RAINFALL	CONC	0.00 M					
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 K		0.00	WC /117		
	MINERALIZATION	MASS	0.00 K			KG/HA KG/HA		
	FIXATION				0.00	NG/ NA		
			0.00 K		0 00	140 /117		
	UPTAKE				0.09	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION							
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 K	J/HA				
STORM IN	PUTS							
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)								
1996163 8.00	1.78 0.00 0.0	0 0.00	0.00	19.2	0.13	0.00	9.70	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY HOSPHORU			

PLANT NUT	RIENT S	UMMARY	FOR	STOF	RM OF	1996	DAY	163	
SOURCE		l	NITRO	GEN		PHOSE	PHOSPHORUS		
		-							
RUNOFF		MASS	0	.00	KG/HA	Ā	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0	.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0	.00	KG/HA	Ā	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0	.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0	.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L	
I	AINOMMA	MASS	0	.00	KG/HA	Ā			
		CONC	0	.00	MG/L				
1	NITRATE	MASS	0	00.0	KG/HA	A			
		CONC	0	0.00	MG/L				
RAINFALL			0	0.06	KG/HA	A			
IRRIGATIO	NC	MASS	0	0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZ	ZATION		0	.11	KG/HA	A	0.02	KG/HA	
FIXATION			0	0.00	KG/HA	A			
UPTAKE			0	0.00	KG/HA	A	0.00	KG/HA	
DENITRIF	CATION		0	.05	KG/HA	A			
VOLATIZAT	NOI		0	00.0	KG/HA	A			

STORM INPUTS

DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP PT EVAP

	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										. ,
1996164	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.3	0.12	1.02	4.78	0.09
3.94										

	PLANT NUT	TRIENT S		FOR STOR		1996 PHOSE		164 S		
								<del>-</del>		
	RUNOFF		MASS		KG/HA			KG/HA		
			CONC	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	1	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	1	0.00	KG/HA		
			CONC	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L		
	I	AINOMMA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	7				
			CONC	0.00	MG/L					
	h	NITRATE	MASS		KG/HA					
	-		CONC		MG/L	-				
	RAINFALL		00110		KG/HA					
	IRRIGATIO	N	MASS		KG/HA		0 00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZ		MASS		KG/HA			KG/HA KG/HA		
		ZATION					0.00	NG/ NA		
	FIXATION				KG/HA		0 00	110 /117		
	UPTAKE				KG/HA		0.09	KG/HA		
	DENITRIF:				KG/HA					
	VOLATIZA	rion		0.00	KG/HA	7				
CHODM TY	Drima									
STORM IN									n	
DATE	RAIN R	JN. PER	C. ER	COS. E.	R. TEM	112 5	SWC .	AC TRAN	PT TRAI	N AC EVA
PT EVAP										

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(/	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.9	0.12	0.00	4.84	0.00

PLANT NUTE	RIENT S					165	
SOURCE		1	NITROGEN		PHOSPHORU:	o o	
		-					
RUNOFF		MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
	r**	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
. AN	AINOMN	MASS	0.00	KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L			
N	TRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L			
RAINFALL	1.5		0.01	KG/HA			
IRRIGATION	1	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZA	NOITA		0.03	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA			
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
DENITRIFIC	CATION		0.00	KG/HA			
VOLATIZAT	ION		0.00	KG/HA			
:							

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC F	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996166	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.7	0.12	0.06	4.64	0.00
3.83									**	

PLANT NUTF	RIENT S		OR STORM					
						-		
RUNOFF		MASS	0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 M	G/L	0.00	MG/L		
SEDIMENT (	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
LEACHING (	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	•	CONC	0.00 M	G/L	0.00	MG/L		
AM	MONIA	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA				
		CONC	0.00 M	G/L				
NI	TRATE	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA				
		CONC	0.00 M	G/L				
RAINFALL			0.00 K	G/HA				
IRRIGATION	1	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
MINERALIZ <i>A</i>	ATION		0.02 K			KG/HA		
FIXATION			0.00 K	G/HA				
UPTAKE			0.46 K	G/HA	0.06	KG/HA		
DENITRIFIC	CATION		0.00 K				* -	
VOLATIZATI	ON		0.00 K					
				-,				
NPUTS								
RAIN RUN	1. PER	C. EROS	E.R.	TEMP	SWC .	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM) (CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996167	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.9	0.13	0.04	4.67	0.00
3.85										

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		OR STORM OF FROGEN	F 1996 DAY PHOSPHORU	167 IS
				· <del>-</del> ,
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	4A 0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/I	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	4A 0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	4A 0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/I	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/F	łΑ	
	CONC	0.00 MG/I		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/E	łΑ	
	CONC	0.00 MG/I		
RAINFALL		0.03 KG/E	łΑ	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA

MINERALIZATION	0.07	KG/HA	0.02	KG/HA
FIXATION	0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE	0.23	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	KG/HA		
TOT A TT TA TT ON	0 00	VC /117		

		IZATIO			0.00 K					
			r r n m a	ת מייט די די	חחד דכאת	TON ON	ט גע ז	006160		
				LIZER A	PPLICAI			.990109		
		AMMON: (KG/H		TRATE (G/HA)	(KG/	HA)	DEPTH (CM)	METHOD		
		48.80	) (	0.00	19.5	2	0.00	0		
CHODM TN	Diima									
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996170 11.70	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.5	0.12	0.35	14.19	0.00
	PLANT SOURC	E	ENT SUN	MMARY FC NIT	R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY HOSPHORU			
	RUNOF	F		MASS CONC	0.00 K	G/HA IG/L	0.00	) KG/HA ) MG/L		
	SEDIM	ENT (T			0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	MG/L KG/HA		
				MASS	0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
			(	CONC	0.00 M	IG/L	0.00	MG/L		
		AMM		MASS	0.00 K					
				CONC	0.00 M					
		NIT		MASS	0.00 K					
	DATNE	י ד תי	(	CONC	0.00 M					
	RAINF	ALL	1	MASS	0.00 K		0 00	O KG/HA		
		ALIZAT		IADD	0.00 K			O KG/HA		
	FIXAT		1011		0.00 K		0.0	3 110, 1111		
	UPTAK				0.23 K		0.03	3 KG/HA		•
	DENIT	RIFICA	TION		0.00 K	G/HA				
	VOLAT	'IZATIO	N		0.00 K	G/HA				
	,									
STORM IN	יסווייכי		- B	-						
DATE PT EVAP			PERC	. EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996172 7.37	1.30	0.00:	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.7	0.13	0.04	8.94	0.00
									,	
									•	

PLANT	NUTRIENT	SUMMARY	FOR	STORM	OF	1996	DAY	172
SOURCE	Ξ	. 1	NITRO	OGEN		PHOS	PHORU	S

					ţ
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	1
		CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
•	LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	7,0,0,777	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	\$4.	
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA		
	14111411	CONC	0.00 MG/L		<i>•</i>
	RAINFALL		0.04 KG/HA		
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION		0.08 KG/HA	0.02 KG/HA	
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	0 00 00/117	
	UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION		0.23 KG/HA 0.09 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA	
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA		
			0.00 1.0, 1.11	•	
STORM IN					
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)	(CH) (CH) (CM)	(1/ NA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996173	0.03 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 16.1	0.12 0.51	4.61 0.00
3.80				•	
	PLANT NUTRIENT S	TIMMADY EO	D CHODM OF 1	006 534 172	
	SOURCE			HOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF	MASS		0.00 KG/HA	
	G=D-11/=1/= /=0==-1	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	U.UU KG/HA	
	LEACHING (IOTAL)	CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 MG/L	
	122,01,22	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	NITRATE		0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	RAINFALL		0.00 KG/HA		
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION		0.02 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA	
	FIXATION UPTAKE		0.00 KG/HA 0.46 KG/HA	0.06 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 NG/NA	
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA		
STORM IN					
DATE	RAIN RUN. PEF	RC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)	(OP) (OP) (OM)	(1/ NA)	(0)	(CH) CH) (CM)	(CM)
1996174	2.54 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 15.8	0.16 0.01	4.58 0.00
3 78					

3.78

	PLANT NO	UTRIENT S	UMMARY FO NIT	R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY HOSPHORU			
							-		
	RUNOFF		MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA		
			CONC	0.00 N	1G/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMEN'	r (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING	G (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
			CONC	0.00 N	1G/L	0.00	MG/L		
		AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA				
			CONC	0.00 N	1G/L				
		NITRATE	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA				
			CONC	0.00 N	1G/L				
	RAINFAL	L		0.09 F	KG/HA				
	IRRIGAT	ION	MASS	0.00 F		0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERAL	IZATION		0.13 F		0.03	KG/HA		
	FIXATIO	N		0.00 F	KG/HA				
	UPTAKE				KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA		
		FICATION		0.07 F	- •		,		
	VOLATIZA			0.00 F	- •				
	V 0 22:11 1 22:			0.00 1	(0) 1111				
STORM IN	PUTS								
DATE		RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E. R.	ТЕМР	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	14121	icolo. I Elic	o. <u>brob.</u>			5	110 110111		110 20111
11 13 7711	(CM) (C	CM) (CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)	(011)	011) (011)	(1/1111)		(0)	(011) 011)	(011)	(011)	(011)
1996177	0.28 0	.00 0.0	0 0.00	0.00	14 4	0.12	1.00	13.34	0.01
11.00	0.20		0.00	0.00	T. 1. 2	0.12	1.00	10.04	0.01
11.00									
		*							

PLANT NUTRIENT S			96 DAY 177 OSPHORUS
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00  MG/L	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
in the second	CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$	
RAINFALL		0.01 KG/HA	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.02 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	
UPTAKE		0.23 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996180 <sup>°</sup> 10.73	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.4	0.12	0.11	13.02	0.00
								* ±		
	PLANT	NUTRI	ENT SUMM	MARY FOR	STORM	OF 19	996 DAY	180		

PLANT NUTRIENT S	JMMARY FO	OR STORM OF 1	1996 DAY	180
SOURCE	NI	rogen i	PHOSPHORUS	3
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.03 KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.05 KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.68 KG/HA	0.09	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA		

STORM INPUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP DATE PT EVAP (CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM)(CM) (CM) (CM) 0.00 14.7 0.13 1996182 0.94 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.32 8.93 0.00 7.37

PLANT NUT	RIENT S		FOR STOR		1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	182 -
RUNOFF		MASS CONC		KG/HA MG/L	0.00	KG/HA MG/L
SEDIMENT LEACHING	(TOTAL) (TOTAL)	MASS MASS CONC	0.00	KG/HA KG/HA MG/L	0.00	KG/HA KG/HA MG/L
	AINOMMA	MASS CONC	0.00	KG/HA MG/L	•	110, 1
RAINFALL	NITRATE	MASS CONC	0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA		
IRRIGATION UPTAKE		MASS	0.00 0.05 0.00	KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA

## MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR JUN 1996

17	STORMS	PRODUCED	19.41	CM.	OF	RAINFALL	
1	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.08	CM.	OF	RUNOFF	
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION	1
1	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	T/HA	A OF	SEDIMENT	

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND	TRANSFORMATIONS
	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.01	0.00
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE	5.28	0.71
MINERALIZATION	0.71	0.15
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.66	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.53	
AMMONIA VOLATIZED	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										•
1996183	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.4	0.12	0.37	4.43	0.00
3.65										

PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY E	FOR STORM	1 OF 199	6 DAY	183
SOURCE.	N]	TROGEN	PHO	SPHORUS	3
					-
4					
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 K	(G/HA	0.00	KG/HA
1. g	CONC	0.00 M	1G/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 M	1G/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 M	1G/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 F	KG/HA		

,	RAINFALL	NC SS	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.02 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.45 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.06 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC.	EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP				••		
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (	T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996185 7.79	0.76 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 17.5	0.13 0.05	9.45	0,00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMM SOURCE			996 DAY 185 HOSPHORUS		
		SS NC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MA		0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 MG/L		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MA		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		NC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
		SS	0.00 KG/HA	•		
		NC	0.00 MG/L			
		SS NC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL	/IVC	0.00 Mg/H 0.03 KG/HA			
		SS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.07 KG/HA	0.02 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	0 02 140 /117		
	UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION		0.22 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA		
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC.	EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAI
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996186 3.62	1.07 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 14.1	0.14 0.30	4.39	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMN	IARY FO	OR STORM OF 1	996 DAY 186		
	SOURCE -	NIT	ROGEN P	HOSPHORUS		
		ASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		ONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MA	ASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		

	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.04 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.06 KG/HA	
STORM IN				
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996187 3.34	1.40 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 10.8	0.14 0.42	4.05 0.00
		ROGEN PH COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF T	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN	PUTS .	T D MEMO		
DATE PT EVAP		E.R. TEMP		
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996190 11.59		0.00 17.4	0.13 0.55	14.06 0.00
				ı

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 190 SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS

				•	•
					*
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
ı		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	AMMONIA	CONC MASS	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA	CONC	0.00 MG/L		e e
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	MILLIATID	CONC	0.00 MG/L	•	
	RAINFALL	,	0.04 KG/HA	of the second	
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION		0.06 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA	
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA		
	UPTAKE		0.22 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION		0.19 KG/HA		
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA		
STORM IN	PUTS				
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP					
	(CM) $(CM)$ $(CM)$	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) $(CM)$	(CM) $(CM)$
(CM)	0 20 0 00 0 0	0 00	0 00 10 4	0 10 0 50	4 05 0 00
1996191 4.00	0.28 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 19.4	0.12 0.50	4.85 0.00
4.00					
	PLANT NUTRIENT S				
	SOURCE	NIT	ROGEN P.	HOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
		CONC		0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
		CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$	
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	DATNEATT	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	RAINFALL IRRIGATION	MASS	0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.07 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.02 KG/HA	
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	0.02 NG/NA	
	UPTAKE		0.67 KG/HA	0.09 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 1.07 1111	
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA		
					·
STORM IN	ישוושק				
DATE		C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP				22 110 114111	
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)

	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		R STORM ROGEN		96 DAY OSPHORUS			
•						-		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG	G/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG	G/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA				
		CONC	0.00 MG	G/L				
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA				
		CONC	0.00 MG	G/L				
	RAINFALL		0.04 KG	G/HA				
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.06 KG	G/HA	0.01	KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG	G/HA				
	UPTAKE		0.22 KG	G/HA	0.03	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.10 KG	G/HA		•		
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG	G/HA				
STORM IN	PUTS							
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	4							
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)							-	
1996193 3.47	1.27 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00	12.8	0.14	0.50	4.21	0.00

PLANT NUTRIS	ENT S		FOR STO		1996 PHOSE			
RUNOFF		MASS	0.00	KG/HA	Ą	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TO	(LATC	MASS	0.00	KG/H	Ę	0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING (TO	(LATC	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	P.	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		0.00	MG/L	
AMMO	AINC	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	P.			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L				
NITI	RATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	£			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L				
RAINFALL			0.04	KG/HA	P			
IRRIGATION		MASS	0.00	KG/HA	F.	0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZAT	ION		0.06	KG/H	4	0.01	KG/HA	
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HZ	A.			
UPTAKE			0.22	KG/HZ	A	0.03	KG/HA	
DENITRIFICAT	TION		0.41	KG/HZ	A			
VOLATIZATIO	N		0.00	KG/HZ	P.			
1								
§								

(CM)

STORM IN	PUTS							1	
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP									
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)									, ,
1996194	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.7	0.14 0.50	4.39	0.00
3.62							* # # The state of		

						•		
	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		R STORM ROGEN		6 DAY SPHORUS			
						-		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG	G/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG	G/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG	G/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG					
		CONC	0.00 MG	G/L				
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG	•				
	1,11111	CONC	0.00 MG					
	RAINFALL	00110	0.04 KG					
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG		0 00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION	MASS	0.00 KG			KG/HA KG/HA		
					0.01	KG/ NA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG			/		
	UPTAKE		0.22 KG		0.03	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.48 KG					
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG	G/HA				
STORM IN	PUTS							
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP								
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)		(C) (	CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)		, , ,		` , , ,		, ,	, , ,	•
1996195	0.33 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00	16.9	0.12	0.50	4.59	0.00
3.79								

PLANT NUTRIENT S	JMMARY FOR	R STORM OF	1996 DAY	195	
SOURCE	NITF	ROGEN	PHOSPHORUS		
				-	
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
RAINFALL		0.01 KG/H	A		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA	
MINERALIZATION		0.07 KG/H	A 0.02	KG/HA	
FIXATION		0.00 KG/H	A		

UPTAKE	0.22	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	KG/HA		

DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION 0.00 KG/HA

STORM INPUTS

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC 2	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
·/	7.54	0.39	0.00	0.00	2.15	14.4	0.22	0.13	4.34	0.00

### FERTILIZER APPLICATION ON DAY 1996196

AMMONIA	NITRATE	PHOSPHORUS	DEPTH	METHOD
(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)	(CM)	
48.80	0.00	19.52	0.00	0

	SOURCE	<i>J</i>	NITROGEN		PHOSPHORUS		
				-		•	
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.04	KG/HA	0.04	KG/HA	
		CONC	1.02	MG/L	0.93	MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L	
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00	MG/L			
	RAINFALL		0.26	KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION		0.05	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA	
	FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA			
	UPTAKE		0.22	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION		0.36	KG/HA			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA			

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 196

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										

1996198 2.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 17.9 0.14 2.80 9.31 0.04 7.67

PLANT NUTRIENT SOURCE		FOR STOR		6 DAY 198 SPHORUS
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA

	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.04 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP (CM) 1996199 3.79	RAIN RUN. PER (CM) (CM) (CM) 0.10 0.00 0.0  PLANT NUTRIENT S	(T/HA) 0 0.00 UMMARY FO	(C) 0.00 17.5 R STORM OF 19	(CM/CM) (CM) 0.12 1.15 996 DAY 199	PT TRAN AC EVAP (CM) (CM) 4.60 0.02
	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL)  LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL  IRRIGATION  MINERALIZATION  FIXATION  UPTAKE  DENITRIFICATION  VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996202	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.6	0.13	0.00	13.74	0.00
11 33										

	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMAN		.996 DAY 202 PHOSPHORUS		
		NIIROGEN P			
		0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MAS:		0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS		0.00 KG/HA		
	CON		0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA MAS				
	CON	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE MASS				
	CON				
	RAINFALL	0.06 KG/HA			
			0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION	0.14 KG/HA			
	FIXATION UPTAKE	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA			
	DENITRIFICATION	0.05 KG/HA	0.00 RG/IIA		
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA			
STORM IN					
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC.				
(CM)	(CM) $(CM)$ $(CM)$ $(T$	/HA) (C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)	
(CM) 1996208 21.52	2.54 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 15.8	0.13	26.09 0.01	
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMA SOURCE		.996 DAY 208 PHOSPHORUS		
		S 0.00 KG/HA			
			0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MAS		0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MAS				
	CON AMMONIA MAS		0.00 MG/L	•	
	ALMONIA MAS	0.00 KG/HA			

STORM INPUTS

DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP PT EVAP

0.00 MG/L

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 MG/L

0.09 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.12 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.88 KG/HA

0.03 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.00 KG/HA

0.03 KG/HA

0.12 KG/HA

CONC

CONC

MASS

NITRATE MASS

RAINFALL

UPTAKE

IRRIGATION

MINERALIZATION

FIXATION

DENITRIFICATION

VOLATIZATION

(01)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (	CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996209 3.62	0.20 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 16.7	0.12 1.06	4.39 0.04
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY IN SOURCE NITE CONC CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS	TROGEN PHO	SPHORUS  0.00 KG/HA	
	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 MG/L 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 1.31 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.18 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP (CM) 1996210 3.31	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. ERO  (CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA  0.03 0.00 0.00 0.0	(C) (	SWC AC TRAN CM/CM) (CM) 0.12 0.00	PT TRAN AC EVAP  (CM) (CM)  4.01 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY SOURCE N		96 DAY 210 DSPHORUS	

	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS		
MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
CONC	0.00	MG/L		
MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
CONC	0.00	MG/L		
	0.00	KG/HA		
MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	0.01	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	0.00	KG/HA		
	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	0.00	KG/HA		
	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	MASS 0.00 CONC 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L MASS 0.00 KG/HA MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 CONC 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MASS 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 CONC 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 MG/L MASS 0.00 KG/HA CONC 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 0.00 KG/HA

STORM IN DATE PT EVAP		RC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996211 3.49	0.90 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 15.3	0.13 0.01	4.23	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE					
	RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	AMMONIA	CONC MASS	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 MG/L		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL	COINC	0.00 Mg/H 0.03 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION FIXATION		0.11 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.02 KG/HA		
	UPTAKE		0.22 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA			
	VOLHITEHITION		0.00 110, 111			
STORM IN	מוותכ					
DATE PT EVAP		RC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996212 3.45	0.28 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 15.0	0.12 0.35	4.18	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT S			996 DAY 212 HOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
e e	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	) MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 110, 12		
	N1 T M D 7 M D	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL		0.01 KG/HA			
	ĮRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		

MINERALIZATION	0.06 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA
FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA
UPTAKE	0.22 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA
VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA

STORM INPUTS

DIOMI IN	1015									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)							es*			
1996213	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.3	0.12	0.11	4.01	0.00
3.30										

PLANT NUTRIENT SU	JMMARY FOR	STORM OF	1996 DAY	213
SOURCE	NITR	.OGEN	PHOSPHORUS	5
				-
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AINOMMA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	Α `.	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	·	
RAINFALL		0.01 KG/H	A	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.05 KG/H	A 0.01	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/H	A	
UPTAKE		0.22 KG/H	A 0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION	•	0.00 KG/H	A	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/H	A	

# MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR JUL 1996

20	STORMS	PRODUCED	25.46	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
1	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.39	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
1	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	T/HA	A OF	SEDIMENT

MONTHLY	NUTRIENT	LOSSES	AND	TRANSFORMATIONS
		NITRO	OGEN	PHOSPHORUS
		(KG)	/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF		(	0.04	0.04
SEDIMENT	r	(	0.00	0.00

UPTAKE MINERALIZATION	6.85 1.25	0.93 0.28
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.87	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	2.49	
AMMONIA VOLATIZED	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

STORM INPUTS

STORM INPUTS

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996214 3.37	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.4	0.14	0.08	4.09	0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT ST SOURCE		R STORM OF ROGEN	1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	214 S
				_
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H		KG/HA
	CONC	0.00  MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.05 KG/H	A	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.05 KG/H	A 0.01	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/H	A	
UPTAKE		0.22 KG/H	A 0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.15 KG/H	A	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/H	A	

DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP PT EVAP  $(CM) \ (CM) \ (CM) \ (T/HA) \ (C) \ (CM/CM) \ (CM) \ (CM) \ (CM)$ 

1996215 0.51 0.00 0.00 0.00 16.4 0.13 0.55 4.25 0.00 3.51

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 215 SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS

	RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL)  LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL  IRRIGATION  MINERALIZATION  FIXATION  UPTAKE  DENITRIFICATION  VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L  0.00 KG/HA 0.02 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PE	RC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996220 17.77	1.27 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 17.8	0.12 0.20	21.55	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL LEACHING (TOTAL AMMONIA NITRATE RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC		HOSPHORUS		
STORM IN		RC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM	) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996223 10.57	1.52 0.00 0.	0.00	0.00 18.4	0.13 0.50	12.82	0.00

	PLANT NUTRIENT S			996 DAY 223 HOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
•	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS				
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	,		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL		0.05 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.12 KG/HA			
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	UPTAKE		1.08 KG/HA	0.15 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.13 KG/HA	,		
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
STORM IN	PUTS					
DATE		RC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP			2000	00 110 11411.		110 27111
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)	, ===/ (311/	(-,)	(0)	( / 0 / 0 /	(/	(321)
1996226	1.27 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 14.0	0.13 0.60	11.51	0.00
9.49	2.2. 3.00 0.0		2.23 11.0	0.00		0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT S		R STORM OF ROGEN	1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	226
DOORCE	14 T T	ROGEN	FIIODEIIONOL	,
				-
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	4	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	1	
•	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.04 KG/HA	<b>A</b>	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.06 KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	4	
UPTAKE		0.43 KG/HA	0.06	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.10 KG/HA	A	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	A	

FERTILIZER APPLICATION ON DAY 1996227

		AMMONI (KG/HA 48.80	) (KG	RATE (HA) 00	PHOSPHO (KG/I	HA)	DEPTH (CM) 0.00	METHOD 0		
STORM IND DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM) (	T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996228 6.57	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.4	0.13	0.50	7.97	0.00
	PLANT SOURC	E	NT SUMM		R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY IOSPHORU			
	RAINF. IRRIG. MINER. FIXAT UPTAK DENIT	ENT (TO ING (TO AMMO NITR ALL ATION ALIZATI	TAL) MA TAL) MA CC NIA MA CC ATE MA CC MA ON	SS NC	0.00 K0	G/L G/HA G/HA G/L G/HA G/L G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA	0.00	) KG/HA ) KG/HA ) MG/L ) KG/HA L KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996229 3.35	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.8	0.12	0.50	4.06	0.00
	PLANT SOURC	E	AMU SUMA		R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY HOSPHORU	JS		
	RUNOF	F		ASS	0.00 K			) KG/HA		
			TAL) MA		0.00 M 0.00 K 0.00 K	G/HA G/HA	0.00	O MG/L O KG/HA O KG/HA O MG/L	·	
		AMMC	NIA MA	ASS ONC	0.00 K	G/HA		., _		
		NITF	ATE MA	ASS DNC	0.00 K	G/HA				

	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.03 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA	
STORM IN	Prims			
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996230 3.20	0.51 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 15.8	0.13 0.05	3.88 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT		996 DAY 230 HOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	
	CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL	0.00 MG/L		
	IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION	0.06 KG/HA		
	FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.21 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996233 9.68	1.27 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 16.9	0.13 0.20	11.74 0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO		996 DAY 233 HOSPHORUS	
	DUNORE	0 00 1/0 /117	0 00 1/0 /117	1
	RUNOFF MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	,			

				•	•	
	AMMONIA	CONC MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	;	
1	NITRATE	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION	MASS	0.04 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.04 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA		
	UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION		0.21 KG/HA 0.12 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	IPUTS RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EV
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	((
1996237 12.89	2.39 0.00 0.0	0 0.00	0.00 18.0	0.13 0.50	15.64	0.
	PLANT NUTRIENT S					
	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE			996 DAY 237 HOSPHORUS		
		NIT 	ROGEN PI	HOSPHORUS  0.00 KG/HA	And Annual Control of the Control of	
	SOURCE	MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN PH COUNTY OF THE PART OF THE PA	HOSPHORUS		
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN PH 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA		
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC	ROGEN PH	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL) AMMONIA	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN PH COUNTY OF THE PH 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		
	RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN PH COUNTY OF THE PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN PHOME PROGEN PHOME	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L		
STORM IN	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN PH COUNTY OF THE PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK PARK	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA		AC E
	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN PH	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L  0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L  0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		AC E

PLANT	NUTRIENT	SUMMARY	FOR	STORM	OF	1996	DAY	240
SOURCE		NITROGEN				PHOSPHORUS		
	_							

	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$			
	RAINFALL		0.04 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
	MINERALIZATION		0.06 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	UPTAKE		0.64 KG/HA	0.09 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.08 KG/HA			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
STORM IN						
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(m (rem )				
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996241	0.08 0.00 0.0	0.00	0 00 17 8	0.12 0.50	3.74	0 00
3.09	0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 17.0	0.12 0.50	3.74	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT S					
	SOURCE			HOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC		0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
	, ,	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA		0.00 KG/HA	0,000 110, 11		
			0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			•
	RAINFALL		0.00 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.03 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	UPTAKE		0.42 KG/HA	0.06 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA	, -		
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	*					

DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP

1996243 1.27 0.00 0.00 0.00 15.8 0.13 0.03 7.12 0.00

(CM)

(CM)

(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM)

STORM INPUTS

PT EVAP

(CM)

5.87

PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY	FOR STOP	RM OF	1996 DAY	243
SOURCE	N	ITROGEN	]	PHOSPHORUS	3
	-				-
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	.e*	
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.04	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.04	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.21	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.09	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

# MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR AUG 1996

13	STORMS	PRODUCED	14.16	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	T/HA	A OI	SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND	TRANSFORMATIONS
	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.00	0.00
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE *	5.55	0.75
MINERALIZATION	0.81	0.19
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.48	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	1.00	
AMMONIA VOLATIZE	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996247	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.0	0.12	0.50	13.95	0.00

PLANT NUT SOURCE	RIENT S		FOR STOR		1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	
RUNOFF		MASS CONC		KG/HA MG/L		KG/HA MG/L
SEDIMENT LEACHING	(TOTAL) (TOTAL)	MASS MASS CONC	0.00	KG/HA KG/HA MG/L	0.00	KG/HA KG/HA
	MMONIA	MASS CONC	0.00	KG/HA MG/L		MG/L
N RAINFALL	ITRATE	MASS CONC	0.00	KG/HA MG/L KG/HA		
IRRIGATIO MINERALIZ FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFI VOLATIZAT	ATION CATION	MASS	0.00 0.05 0.00 0.42 0.10	KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA	0.00 0.01 0.06	KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA
				,		

STORM INPUTS
DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP

(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM) (CM) (CM)

(CM)
1996249 0.08 0.00 0.00 0.00 17.0 0.12 0.50 6.95 0.00
5.73

PLANT NUTRIENT S				1996 DAY 249 PHOSPHORUS	
RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.00 KG		.00 KG/HA	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS MASS CONC	0.00 KG, 0.00 KG, 0.00 MG,	/HA 0 /HA 0 /L 0	.00 KG/HA .00 KG/HA .00 MG/L	
AMMONIA NITRATE	MASS CONC MASS	0.00 KG, 0.00 MG, 0.00 KG	/L		
RAINFALL	CONC	0.00 MG 0.00 KG	/L /HA		
IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION ÜPTAKE	MASS	0.02 KG	/HA 0 /HA	.00 KG/HA .00 KG/HA .08 KG/HA	

DENITRIFICATION 0.00 KG/HA VOLATIZATION 0.00 KG/HA

STORM INI		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996251 5.83	0.64 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 18.9 0.12 0.03	7.07 0.00
		R STORM OF 1996 DAY 251 ROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS	E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
FI EVAF	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996252 2.76	0.51 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 16.7 0.13 0.25	3.35 0.00
		DR STORM OF 1996 DAY 252 PROGEN PHOSPHORUS	

SOURCE	011111111	NITROGEN	I	PHOSPHORUS	3
			-		-
RUNOFF	MASS		KG/HA		KG/HA
	CONC	0.00	$\mathtt{MG/L}$	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		

	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.02 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.07 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.42 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		
STORM IN	PIITS			
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
	0.25 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 16.7	0.12 0.20	3.32 0.00
		D 070D1 07 1	206 5711 052	
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT		196 DAY 253 HOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS		0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC		0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC NITRATE MASS	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
	RAINFALL	0.01 KG/HA		
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION FIXATION	0.06 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA	
	UPTAKE	0.21 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA		
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA		
				,
STORM IN				
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)		(CM/CM) (CM)	
1996255 5.41	1.27 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 16.8	0.13 0.10	6.56 0.00
J.41				
			996 DAY 255 HOSPHORUS	
				ı
			0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS			
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS			

,	AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.04 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	/CM\ /CM\ /CM\ /T /IIT\	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996258 7.33	0.46 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 13.2	0.12 0.50	8.89 0.00
		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	
STORM IN DATE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996261 6.76	0.51 0.00 0.00 0.00			8.20 0.00

FERTILIZER APPLICATION ON DAY 1996261
AMMONIA NITRATE PHOSPHORUS DEPTH METHOD

(KG/HA) (KG/HA) (KG/HA) (CM) 22.00 0.00 4.40 0.00 0

	PLANT NUTRIENT SU SOURCE		R STORM OF ROGEN	1996 DAY PHOSPHORU			
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	Ą			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	F.			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	RAINFALL		0.02 KG/H	A.			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.04 KG/H	0.01	KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/H	F			
	UPTAKE		0.41 KG/HZ	0.06	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/H	P.			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/H	P.			
STORM IN	PUTS						
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TE	MP SWC .	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP							
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)							
1996262	2.03 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 8	.9 0.15	0.20	2.53	0.00
2.08							

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE			996 DAY 262 HOSPHORUS
RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
<i></i> *	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
· NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$	
RAINFALL		0.07 KG/HA	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.05 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	
UPTAKE		0.62 KG/HA	0.08 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.20 KG/HA	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	

			•
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996263	0.08 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 9.2 0.12 0.81	2.52 0.06
		· ·	
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR	R STORM OF 1996 DAY 263	
	SOURCE NITE	ROGEN PHOSPHORUS ·	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L	
	AMMONIA MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
	NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
	RAINFALL	0.00 KG/HA	
	IRRIGATION MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	MINERALIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA	
	UPTAKE	0.21 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA	
	DENITRIFICATION	0.00 KG/HA	
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	1) - (1) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
OMODM TO	IDIJIM O		
STORM IN		D D DEMD ONG TO BOTH	ריייים אי זוגרוש שם
DATE	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/TIT)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
		0.00 16.2 0.12 0.00	11.65 0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE			6 DAY 267 SPHORUS	
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$	0.00 MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L	
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.05 KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA	
MINERALIZATION		0.07 KG/HA	0.02 KG/HA	
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA		

•		E RIFICAT IZATION			0.00 K 0.15 K 0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	) KG/HA		
STORM IND DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	I AC EVAP
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996268 2.02	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.0	0.12	0.53	2.45	0.00
	PLANT SOURC	Ε	ENT SUM		R STORM ROGEN	PH	996 DAY HOSPHORU	JS		
	RUNOF	F		IASS CONC	0.00 K	G/HA	0.00	) KG/HA		
	SEDIM LEACH	ING (TO	OTAL) M	IASS IASS CONC	0.00 K 0.00 K 0.00 M 0.00 K	G/HA G/HA G/L G/HA	0.00	) KG/HA ) KG/HA		
	RAINF	ALL	RATE M	CONC NASS CONC	0.00 M 0.00 K 0.00 M 0.00 K	G/HA G/L G/HA	0.00			
				IASS	0.00 K 0.02 K 0.00 K 0.82 K	G/HA G/HA	0.00	O KG/HA O KG/HA 1 KG/HA		
		RIFICAT IZATION			0.00 K					
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	N AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996269	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.6	0.13	0.01	2.46	0.00
	PLANT SOURC	E·	ENT SUN	MARY FO NIT	R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY HOSPHORI			
	RUNOF			MASS	0.00 K			O KG/HA O MG/L		
		ENT (TO	1 (JATC	CONC MASS MASS CONC	0.00 M 0.00 K 0.00 M	G/HA G/HA	0.0	O MG/L O KG/HA O KG/HA O MG/L	1 -	
	ı		AINC	MASS CONC	0.00 K	G/HA IG/L				
	į	NIT	RATE 1	MASS	0.00 K	G/HA				

,	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MAS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0 S 0 0 0 0	0.00 MG 0.02 KG 0.00 KG 0.08 KG 0.00 KG 0.21 KG 0.00 KG	HA HA HA HA HA	0.00 0.02 0.03	KG/HA KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T	/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996270 2.06	0.03 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	11.7	0.12	0.22	2.50	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMA SOURCE	RY FOR NITRO			96 DAY SPHORUS			
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MAS LEACHING (TOTAL) MAS CON AMMONIA MAS CON NITRATE MAS CON RAINFALL	C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.00 MG 0.00 KG	G/L G/HA G/L G/HA G/L G/HA G/L G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	MG/L KG/HA KG/HA MG/L KG/HA KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T	/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
1996273 6.35	2.49 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	13.7	0.13	0.01	7.70	0.00
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMA SOURCE		STORM DGEN		96 DAY OSPHORUS			
			0.00 KG	•		KG/HA		
	CON SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MAS		0.00 MG			MG/L KG/HA		

LEACHING (TOT.	AL) MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 K	G/HA
	CONC		MG/L	0.00 M	
AMMON	IA MASS		KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
NITRA'	TE MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.08	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 K	G/HA
MINERALIZATIO	N	0.05	KG/HA	0.01 K	G/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.21	KG/HA	0.03 K	G/HA
DENITRIFICATION	NC	0.12	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

## MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR SEP 1996

15	STORMS	PRODUCED	11.56	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	T/HA	O	SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND NITROGEN	TRANSFORMATIONS PHOSPHORUS
4	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.00	0.00
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE	5.18	0.70
MINERALIZATION	0.70	0.15
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.39	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.77	
AMMONIA VOLATIZE	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

STORM IN	PUTS .									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996275	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.4	0.13	0.96	5,08	0.05
4.19									•	

			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
	SOURCE	NITE	ROGEN PH	OSPHORUS	*	
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
,		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	AMMONIA	CONC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 MG/L		
	Armonta	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	J.		
	RAINFALL		0.04 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION FIXATION		0.03 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA		
	UPTAKE		0.61 KG/HA	0.08 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.09 KG/HA	0.00 1071111		
	VOLATIZATION					
G						
STORM IN: DATE PT EVAP		C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAF	נ
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)	
	0.08 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 15.3	0.12 0.50	5.05 0.00	)
4.16						
	PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY FOI	R STORM OF 19	96 DAY 277		
	SOURCE	NIT	ROGEN PH	OSPHORUS		
	RUNOEE	MA GG	0 00 160 /117	0 00 770 /777		
	RUNOFF	MASS CONC		0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)			0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)			0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA			
	177mm 7 mm	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L			
	RAINFALL	COLVC	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.01 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	UPTAKE		0.20 KG/HA	0.03 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			

STORM INPUTS
DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP

(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) (C) (CM/CM) (CM) (CM) (CM)

(CM)

	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		R STOR		96 DAY OSPHORUS	279		
						-		
•								
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA				
		CONC	0.00	MG/L				
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA				
		CONC	0.00	MG/L				
	RAINFALL		0.04	KG/HA				
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.02	KG/HA	0.01	KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA				
	UPTAKE		0.20	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.09	KG/HA				
	VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA				
STORM IN	PUTS							
DATE	RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R	. TEMP	SWC A	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP								
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)

9.01

0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE			1996 DAY 283 PHOSPHORUS
RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
e <sup>st</sup>	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
. NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
RAINFALL		0.06 KG/HA	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.04 KG/HA	0.01 KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	
UPTAKE		0.41 KG/HA	0.06 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.10 KG/HA	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	<u>.</u>

1996283 1.78 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 12.9 0.13 0.50

(CM)

7.43

STORM IN DATE	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EI	ROS. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/I	HA) (C) (C	M/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) ' 1996284 1.75	0.76 0.00 0.00 0	.00 0.00 11.7 0	.12 0.97	2.13 0.09
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMAR' SOURCE		DAY 284 PHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS CONC			
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC	*	0.00 KG/HA	
	AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA		
	CONC RAINFALL	0.00 MG/L 0.03 KG/HA		
	IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION	0.61 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.08 KG/HA	
	VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA	,	
STORM IN DATE		ROS. E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP

STORM IN	PUTS										
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC A	.C TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP	
PT EVAP											
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	
(CM)											
1996285	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.3	0.12	0.00	1.92	0.00	
1.58											

PLANT NUTRIENT S' SOURCE		OR STO		1996 DAY 28 PHOSPHORUS	35
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG	G/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00 MC	3/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG	G/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG	G/HA
	CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00 MG	G/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		•
NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.01	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG	G/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00	KG/HA	0.00 KG	G/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		

	UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(0)()	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996288 4.75	0.08 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 9.3 0.12 0.08	5.76 0.00
		DR STORM OF 1996 DAY 288 PROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS		
	CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL		
	IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION		
	FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.20 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS	. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996294 8.48	7.77 0.39 0.00 0.00	2.23 7.4 0.14 0.03	10.29 0.00
		OR STORM OF 1996 DAY 294 FROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS CONC	0.04 KG/HA 0.09 KG/HA 0.93 MG/L 2.19 MG/L	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L	r
	AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	

STORM IN	RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	CONC MASS	0.00 MG 0.26 KG 0.00 KG 0.00 KG 0.00 KG 0.61 KG 0.68 KG 0.00 KG	G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA		KG/HA KG/HA KG/HA		
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC	. EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
FI EVAF	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996295 1.27	1.65 0.00 0.00	0.00	4.43	5.3	0.19	1.54	1.54	0.14
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUN SOURCE		R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY IOSPHORU			
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) N LEACHING (TOTAL) N AMMONIA N NITRATE N RAINFALL	MASS CONC		G/L G/HA G/HA G/L G/HA G/L G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA G/HA	0.00	MG/L		
STORM IN		EDOG	п р	m PMD	aria			70 81778
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC	. EROS.	E.K.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996296 1.23	0.38 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	4.7	0.14	1.49	1.49	0.13
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUI SOURCE	NIT	R STORM ROGEN	PH	996 DAY HOSPHORU	JS		
		MASS CONC MASS	0.00 M	G/L	0.00	MG/L		

		0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.01 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.03 KG/HA	
STORM IN				
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
FI DVAF	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996298 2.60	0.91 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 7.1	0.14 0.27	3.15 0.00
		ROGEN PH	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN		E D MEND	CMC AC TDAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.			
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
1996302 5.37	0.08 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 9.6	0.13 0.36	6.51 0.00

PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FOR STORM OF 1996 DAY 302 SOURCE NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS

					}	
					,	
	RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		
,	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	$0.00~\mathrm{KG/H}$	0.00 KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
		00110	0.00 L10/ E	0.00 MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	A		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	$\mathcal{A}$		
		CONC				
	RAINFALL		0.00 KG/HA	<i>Y</i>		
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.02 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HF			
	UPTAKE			0.05 KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	VODITIENTION		0.00 10711			
STORM IN	PUTS					
	RAIN RUN. PER	C EROS	E R TEN	AP SWC AC TRAN	рт тран	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	Idiliv Rotv. I Lik	C. BROD.	H.IV. 111	ii bwe ne man	1 1 110111	TIC LIVIII
II DVAL	(CM) (CM) (CM)	/ጥ/ሀአነ	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(I/NA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)	0 00 0 00 0 0	0 00	0 00 7	0 0 14 0 02	1 47	0 00
	0.99 0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00 /.	.2 0.14 0.03	1.4/	0.00
1.21						
	DI AMEL NUED TENER C		D 0000M 00	1006 PRV 202		
	PLANT NUTRIENT S					
	SOURCE			1996 DAY 303 PHOSPHORUS		
	SOURCE	NIT	ROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	and a second sec	
	SOURCE	NIT 	ROGEN  0.00 KG/H	PHOSPHORUS A 0.00 KG/HA	en e	
	SOURCE  RUNOFF	NIT  MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	en e	
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA	and a second sec	
	SOURCE  RUNOFF	MASS CONC MASS MASS	ROGEN 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA	and the second s	
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC	ROGEN 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	and a second sec	
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L	and a second sec	
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL) AMMONIA	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L		
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL) AMMONIA	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA O.00 KG/HA O.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A		
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL) AMMONIA	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA O.00 KG/HA O.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A	and a second sec	
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL) AMMONIA NITRATE	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L	PHOSPHORUS	and a second sec	
	SOURCE RUNOFF SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL) AMMONIA NITRATE RAINFALL	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L	and a second sec	
	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA	The second secon	
	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA		
	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA		
	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HA	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA		
	RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA		
	RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HA	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA		
STORM IN	RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HA	PHOSPHORUS   A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA A 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 MG/L A 0.00 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.01 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA A 0.08 KG/HA		
STORM IN DATE	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
DATE	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION  PUTS RAIN RUN. PER	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS		
DATE	SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC MASS CONC	ROGEN  0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HF	PHOSPHORUS	PT TRAN (CM)	AC EVAP

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		FOR STORI ITROGEN		996 DAY HOSPHORUS	305 5
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 1	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 1	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 1	MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
	CONC	0.00 1	MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.00	KG/HA		
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.01	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.20	KG/HA	0.03	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00	KG/HA		

# MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR OCT 1996

14	STORMS	PRODUCED	17.27	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
2	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.39	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
2	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	T/H	A OF	F SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND NITROGEN	TRANSFORMATIONS PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.04	0.09
SEDIMENT	0.00	0.00
UPTAKE	5.05	0.68
MINERALIZATION	0.20	0.03
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.59	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	1.75	canal days name when name days with
AMMONIA VOLATIZED	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

STORM IN	PUTS							i	
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP									
,	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)									
1996311	0.20	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.2	0.13 0.02	0.00	0.00
4.94							*:		

						4.5	
	PLANT NUTRIENT SU	JMMARY	FOR STORM OF	1996 DAY	311		
	SOURCE	1	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS			
		-			-		
					/		
		MASS					
		CONC	0.58  MG/L		MG/L		
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)		·	0.00	KG/HA		
	LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H <i>F</i>	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L		
	AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	A			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	A.			
		CONC	0.00 MG/L				
	RAINFALL		0.01 KG/HA	A			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA		
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA		•		
	UPTAKE		0.40 KG/HA	0.05	KG/HA		
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA				
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA				
			0.00 1.0, 1	•			
STORM IN	JPUTS						
DATE		' ERO	OS. E.R. TEN	AP SWC 7	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP	Talli Itolii I Ilito	· LIK	, <u> </u>	5110 1	10 114114	11 114111	IIO DVIII
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA	A) (C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
						, , ,	, , ,

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM) (	T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996312 0.39	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.9	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.04

PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE		R STORM OF ROGEN	1996 DAY PHOSPHORUS	312
RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00 A	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00 A	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.00 KG/H	A	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA

		0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996313 0.36		4.43 12.5 0.13 0.00	
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT	R STORM OF 1996 DAY 313 ROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE	0.58 MG/L 2.13 MG/L	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.	E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)	(C) (CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996314 0.28	9.99 7.82 0.00 0.06	1.11 7.2 0.16 0.00	0.00 0.03
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO	R STORM OF 1996 DAY 314 ROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS	0.40 KG/HA 1.65 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.52 MG/L 2.11 MG/L 0.23 KG/HA 0.14 KG/HA	
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC AMMONIA MASS	0.00 MG/L 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	
	AMMONIA MASS CONC	0.00 MG/L	

,	NITRATE  RAINFALL  IRRIGATION  MINERALIZATION  FIXATION  UPTAKE  DENITRIFICATION  VOLATIZATION	MASS CONC MASS	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.34 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP	PUTS RAIN RUN. PER	C. EROS.	E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996322 0.93	0.49 0.09 0.0	0.00	4.83 -4.0	0.16 0.00	0.00 0.10
	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE RUNOFF  SEDIMENT (TOTAL) LEACHING (TOTAL)  AMMONIA  NITRATE  RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION	MASS CONC MASS	ROGEN PH  0.00 KG/HA 0.43 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA	0.02 KG/HA 2.02 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE		C. EROS.	0.00 KG/HA E.R. TEMP	SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
PT EVAP	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM) (CM)
(CM) 1996331 2.44	2.21 1.15 0.0	0 0.00	1.64 -2.0	0.17 0.00	0.00 0.27
	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE	NIT		996 DAY 331 HOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF	MASS CONC	0.06 KG/HA 0.56 MG/L	0.23 KG/HA 1.99 MG/L	

SEDIMENT	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING	(TOTAL)	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
		CONC	0.00	MG/L	0.00	MG/L
A	AINOMM	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		
N	ITRATE	MASS	0.00	KG/HA		
		CONC	0.00	MG/L		
RAINFALL			0.08	KG/HA		
IRRIGATIO	N	MASS	0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZ	ATION		0.02	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION			0.00	KG/HA		
UPTAKE			0.00	KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFI	CATION		0.00	KG/HA		
VOLATIZAT	'ION		0.00	KG/HA		

## MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR NOV 1996

\_\_\_\_\_\_

6	STORMS	PRODUCED	12.97	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
5	STORMS	PRODUCED	9.07	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
4	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.06	T/HA	A OF	SEDIMENT

MONTHLY NUTRIENT	LOSSES AND NITROGEN	TRANSFORMATIONS PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	0.47	1.90
SEDIMENT	0.23	0.14
UPTAKE	0.40	0.05
MINERALIZATION	0.02	0.00
LEACHED, TOTAL	0.00	0.00
NITRATE	0.00	
AMMONIA	0.00	
RAINFALL	0.44	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
DENITRIFICATION	0.00	
AMMONIA VOLATIZED	0.00	
NITRATE FIXED	0.00	

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC P	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996336	0.96	0.34	0.00	0.00	2.30	-4.8	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.04
0 33										

	PLANT NUTRIENT S SOURCE	NIT	ROGEN	1996 DAY 336 PHOSPHORUS	<b>\$</b>	
,	RUNOFF	MASS	0.02 KG/HA			
	CDDIMENIM (MOMAIN	CONC	0.52 MG/L			
	SEDIMENT (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA			
	LEACHING (TOTAL)		0.00 KG/HA			
	A MANACATT A	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	AMMONIA		0.00 KG/HA	4		
	NEEDER	CONC	0.00 MG/L			
	NITRATE		0.00 KG/HA			
	D 7 T 1 T 7 T	CONC	0.00 MG/L	<i>.</i> √		
	RAINFALL	MAGG	0.03 KG/HA			
	IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	· ·		
	MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	UPTAKE		0.00 KG/HA			
	DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA			
	VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	A		
STORM IN	פיוודכ					
DATE PT EVAP		C. EROS.	E.R. TEN	1P SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM) (CM) (CM)	(T/HA)	(C)	(CM/CM) (CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)		, , ,			, ,	` ,
	8.80 7.48 0.0	0 0.05	1.12 5.	.0 0.21 0.00	0.00	0.01
0.06						
				,		
	PLANT NUTRIENT S	UMMARY FO	R STORM OF	1996 DAY 337		
	SOURCE	NIT	ROGEN	PHOSPHORUS		
	RUNOFF	MASS	0 35 KG/HZ	A 1.46 KG/HA		
	1.01.011			1 96 MG/I.		

PLANT NUTRIENT S				
SOURCE	NITE	ROGEN	PHOSPHORU	S
				-
RUNOFF	MASS	0.35 KG/H	A 1.46	KG/HA
	CONC	0.47 MG/L	1.96	MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.21 KG/H	A 0.13	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/H	0.00	KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00	MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L		
RAINFALL		0.30 KG/H	A	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/H	A	
UPTAKE		0.00 KG/H	A 0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/H		
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/H		

STORM INPUTS

DATE RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS. E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN PT TRAN AC EVAP PT EVAP

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM) (	T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM) 1996353 0.66	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.43	4.4	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.07
0.00										
	PLANT SOURC		ENT SUMM		R STORM ROGEN		996 DAY HOSPHORU	353 JS 		
	RUNOF	F		.SS	0.00 K			) KG/HA		
			CC	NC	0.60 M	٦/٦	1.84	MG/L		

RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.60 MG/L	1.84 MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	$0.00~{ m MG/L}$	
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00  MG/L	
RAINFALL		0.07 KG/HA	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
MINERALIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA	
UPTAKE		0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		1.19 KG/HA	
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA	

STORM IN	PUTS									
DATE	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
PT EVAP										
	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
(CM)										
1996354	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.3	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.06
0.57										

RUNOFF	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
•	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	0.00 MG/L
AMMONIA	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
NITRATE	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	
	CONC	0.00 MG/L	
RAINFALL		0.02 KG/HA	
IRRIGATION	MASS	0.00 KG/HA	0.00 KG/HA
1			

,	MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.92 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	\$ 
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP  (CM) 1996359 0.85	RAIN RUN. PERC. EROS.  (CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA)		PT TRAN AC EVAP (CM) (CM) 0.00 0.09
	PLANT NUTRIENT SUMMARY FO SOURCE NIT	R STORM OF 1996 DAY 359 ROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS CONC NITRATE MASS CONC RAINFALL IRRIGATION MASS MINERALIZATION FIXATION UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.59 MG/L 1.83 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA	
STORM IN DATE PT EVAP		E.R. TEMP SWC AC TRAN	PT TRAN AC EVAP
(CM) 1996364 0.28	(CM) (CM) (CM) (T/HA) 0.62 0.22 0.00 0.00	(C) (CM/CM) (CM) 2.85 -3.5 0.26 0.00	
		R STORM OF 1996 DAY 364 ROGEN PHOSPHORUS	
	RUNOFF MASS CONC SEDIMENT (TOTAL) MASS LEACHING (TOTAL) MASS CONC AMMONIA MASS	0.01 KG/HA	

NITRATE RAINFALL IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION	CONC MASS CONC MASS	0.00 MG/L 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 MG/L 0.02 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA 0.00 KG/HA		KG/HA KG/HA
FIXATION		0.00 KG/HA		
UPTAKE		0.00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
DENITRIFICATION		0.00 KG/HA		
VOLATIZATION		0.00 KG/HA		

### STORM INPUTS

DATE PT EVAP	RAIN	RUN.	PERC.	EROS.	E.R.	TEMP	SWC	AC TRAN	PT TRAN	AC EVAP
(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(T/HA)		(C)	(CM/CM)	(CM)	(CM)	(CM)
()	2.14	1.42	0.00	0.00	1.61	1.9	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.03

PLANT NUTRIENT SU SOURCE	UMMARY FOR S NITROC		996 DAY HOSPHORUS	365 3
				-
RUNOFF		08 KG/HA 55 MG/L	0.26 1.81	KG/HA MG/L
SEDIMENT (TOTAL)	MASS 0.	00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA
LEACHING (TOTAL)		00 KG/HA 00 MG/L	0.00	KG/HA MG/L
AINOMMA		00 KG/HA 00 MG/L		
NITRATE	MASS 0.	00 KG/HA 00 MG/L		
RAINFALL	0.	07 KG/HA		
IRRIGATION MINERALIZATION FIXATION	0.	00 KG/HA 00 KG/HA 00 KG/HA		KG/HA KG/HA
UPTAKE DENITRIFICATION VOLATIZATION	0.	.00 KG/HA .00 KG/HA	0.00	KG/HA

## MONTHLY SUMMARY FOR DEC 1996

\_\_\_\_\_

9	STORMS	PRODUCED	17.01	CM.	OF	RAINFALL	
6	STORMS	PRODUCED	9.61	CM.	OF	RUNOFF	
0	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.00	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION	1
6	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.05	т/н/	A OI	SEDIMENT :	

SED P	_	0.28
P LEACHED		0.17
YEILD P	-	0.00
BALE P	-	0.00
BURN P		0.00
IRRIGATION P	+	0.00
FERT P	+	67.36
A.W. ORG P	+	0.00
A.W. P	+	0.00
SUM BEG POOLS	+	19599.04
SUM END POOLS	-	19661.89
PHOSPHORUS BALAN	1CE	+0.00

## G L E A M S NONPOINT SOURCE POLLUTION MODEL (NUTRIENTS)

## VERSION 3.0 MAY 1, 1999 TIFTON GA

Belleayre Resort, ridge golf course hole #18 with perennial turf cover Vly silt loam hydrological soil group C, 1996 climate, 5app., #P 4lbN

# STORM SUMMARY

141	STORMS	PRODUCED	180.39	CM.	OF	RAINFALL
37	STORMS	PRODUCED	43.20	CM.	OF	RUNOFF
42	STORMS	PRODUCED	5.22	CM.	OF	PERCOLATION
35	STORMS	PRODUCED	0.12	T/HA	OE	F SEDIMENT

### TOTAL NUTRIENT LOSSES AND TRANSFORMATIONS

	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS
	(KG/HA)	(KG/HA)
RUNOFF	1.85	4.06
SEDIMENT	0.46	0.28
UPTAKE	82.74	11.43
YIELD	0.00	0.00
MINERALIZATION	4.32	0.91
LEACHED, TOTAL	7.47	0.17
NITRATE	7.32	
AMMONIA	0.14	
RAINFALL	6.13	
IRRIGATION	0.00	0.00
FERTILIZATION	190.40	67.36
DENITRIFICATION	9.52	
AMMONIA VOLATIZED	0.00	
NITROGEN FIXATION	0.00	